

# Final report on research activities about marine litter in the study area

---

## REPORT

Version n. 1

**DELIVERABLE D.T1.2.5**

December/2019

---



## FINAL RESULTS OF THE RESEARCH ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED IN ITALY

Here we summarize the main results on the data collected during all the six surveys in Italy.

The field surveys were carried out in the following dates:

I survey	28/05/2018	TIME I
II survey	06/11/2018	TIME II
III survey	19/03/2019	TIME III
IV survey	22/05/2019	TIME IV
V survey	09/10/2019	TIME V
VI survey	28/11/2019	TIME VI

Overall, 14712 items were collected and a total amount of 529.81 kg of litter removed from beaches along the Italian coasts of the municipality of Lecce in the beaches of Torre Chianca, Frigole and San Cataldo. In detail, 122.51 kg of marine litter were collected at San Cataldo, 262.46 at Frigole and 144.84 at San Cataldo.

The natural wood estimated on the three beaches during surveys was about 5200 kg in total. In detail, about 1000 at Torre Chianca, about 2000 at Frigole kg and more than 2000 kg at San Cataldo.

The composition of marine litter according their specific material does not allow to separate statically transects monitored on the Municipality of Lecce since they showed a comparable composition both in space and time. These results suggest a strong identity of the dataset on the litter beached on the Italian transects monitored, both considering ITEMS ([FIGURE 1](#)) or WEIGHT ([FIGURE 2](#)). In other terms, the disposition of points in the plots indicates a homogenous composition of marine litter in the three Italian beaches with a light difference visible between Torre Chianca and San Cataldo, on the contrary Frigole shows a marked variability.

The 'artificial polymers' ([FIGURE 3](#), [FIGURE 4](#)) resulted the most abundant material both in terms of weight (83.06% in total on six surveys) and number of items (95.84%). Contribution of 'Rubber' was 4.07% (weight) and 0.91% (items); 'glass' was 3.54% (weight) and 1.58% (items); 'metals' 1.18% (weight) and 0.89% (items); 'worked wood' 7.16% (weight) and 0.38% (items); 'clothes' 0.79% (weight) and 0.11% (items), 'other' 0.12% (weight) and 0.07% (items).

The top 20 items with their description and code are reported in the [FIGURE 5](#). They belong all to the group of the 'artificial polymers' with the only exception of the code G125, the rubber balloons. The first 5 are: 'Plastic pieces 2.5 cm > < 50cm' with 4453 items, 'Plastic caps/lids from drinks' 1550 items, 'Cotton bud sticks' 1476 items; 'Polystyrene pieces 2.5 cm > < 50cm' 1039 items; 'Mussels nets' 983 items in total.

The top 20 most abundant categories in terms of weight, with their description and code, are reported in the [FIGURE 6](#). The heaviest categories recorded were: G49\_Rope (diameter more than 1cm), 203 kg; G79\_Plastic pieces 2.5 cm > < 50cm, 32,45 kg; G8\_Drink bottles >0.5l, 24.95 kg; G68\_Fiberglass/fragments, 22,77 kg; G172\_Other wood > 50 cm, 16.9 kg.

The highest abundances, both in terms of weight and number of items, were recorded in winter (FIGURE 7, FIGURE 8).

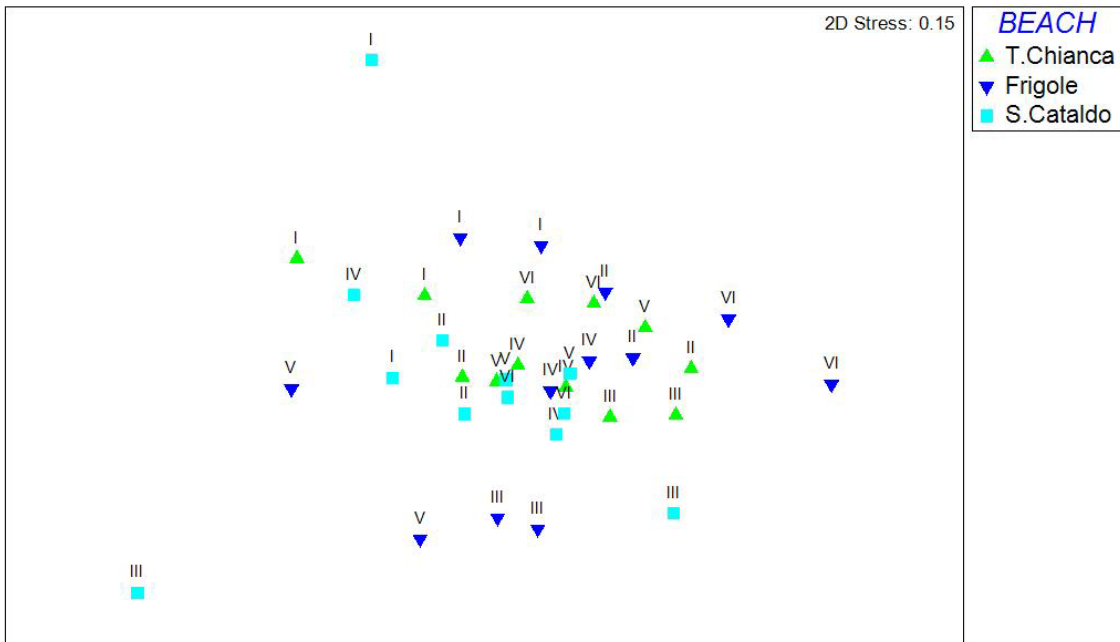


Figure 1 – Plot of nMDS performed on a Bray Curtis similarity matrix not transformed based on the number of ITEMS. I = time 1; II = time 2; III = time 3; IV= time 4; V = time 5; VI = time 6

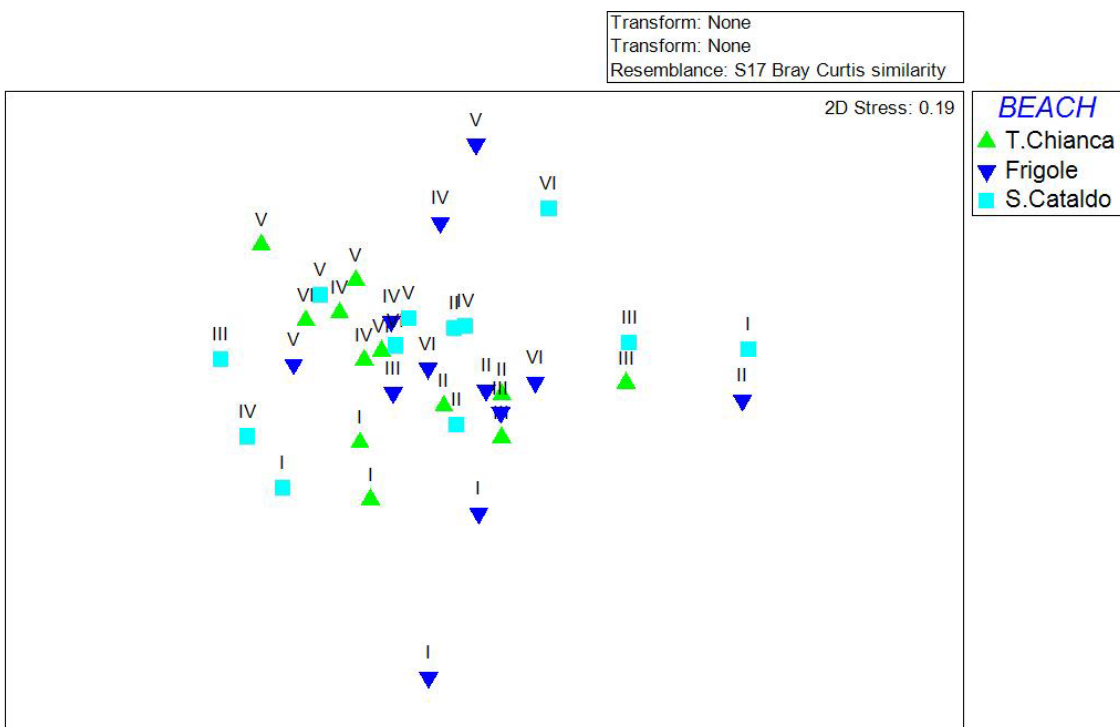


Figure 2 -- Plot of nMDS performed on a Bray Curtis similarity matrix not transformed based on the WEIGHT. I = time 1; II = time 2; III = time 3; IV= time 4; V = time 5; VI = time 6

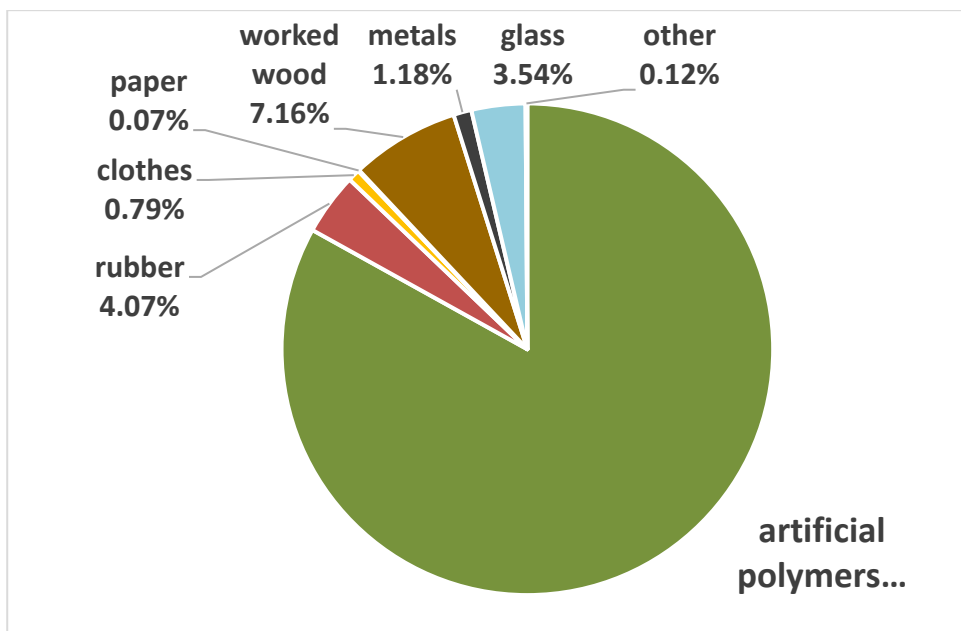


Figure 3 – Composition of marine litter removed in Italy in terms of WEIGHT during all the six surveys

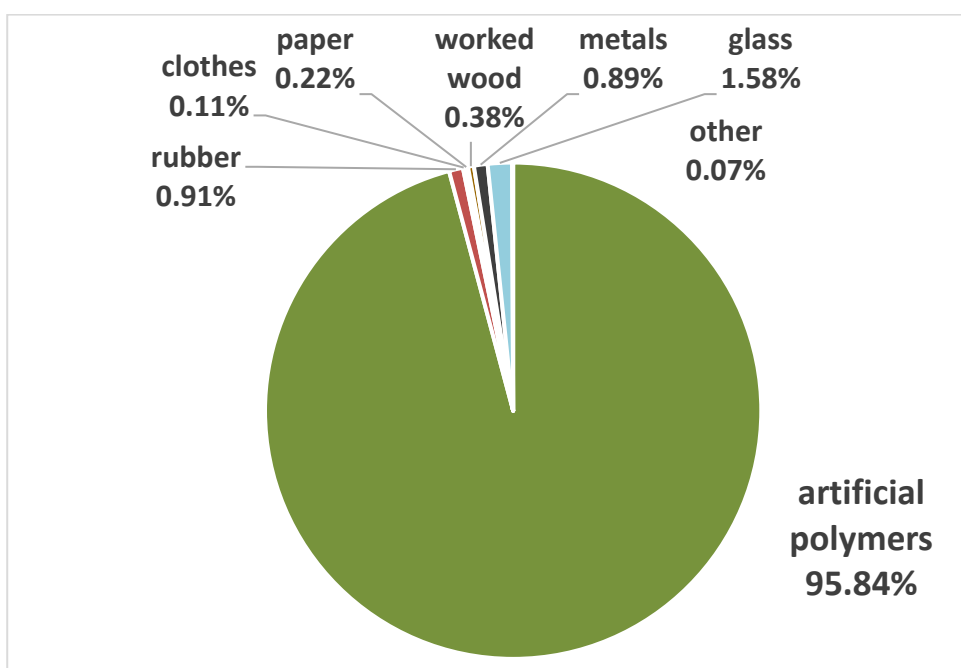


Figure 4 - Composition of marine litter removed in Italy in terms of number of ITEMS during all the six surveys

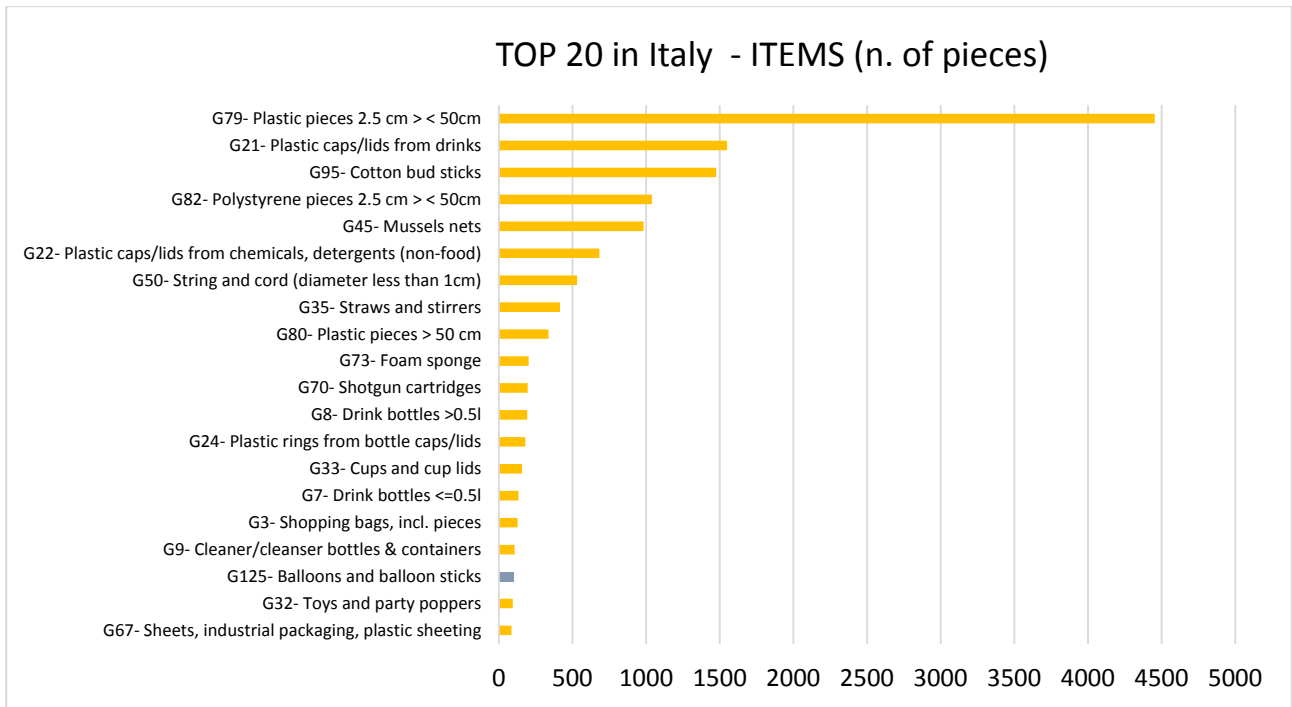


Figure 5 – Top 20 items collected during all the six surveys in Italy.

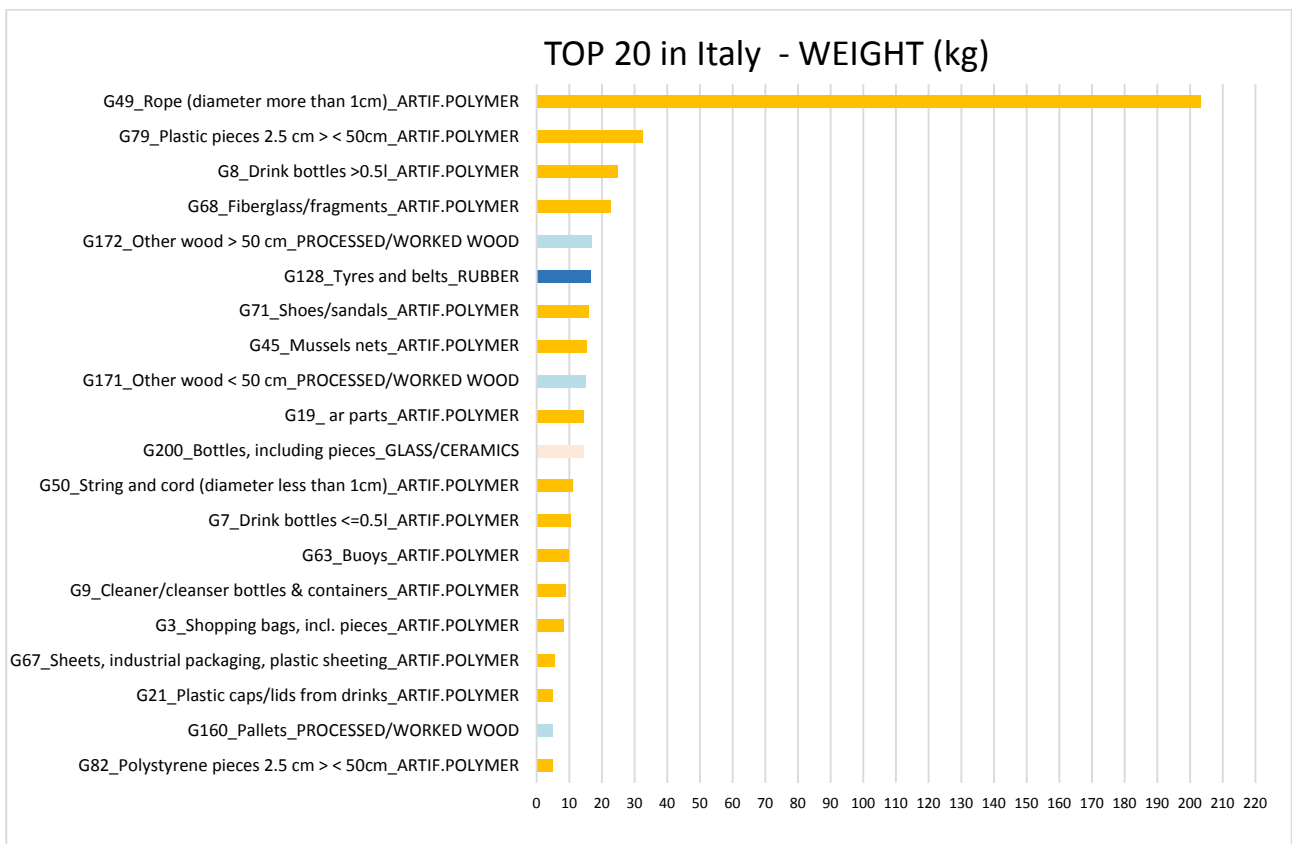


Figure 6 - Top 20 categories (in terms of weight) collected during all the six surveys in Italy.

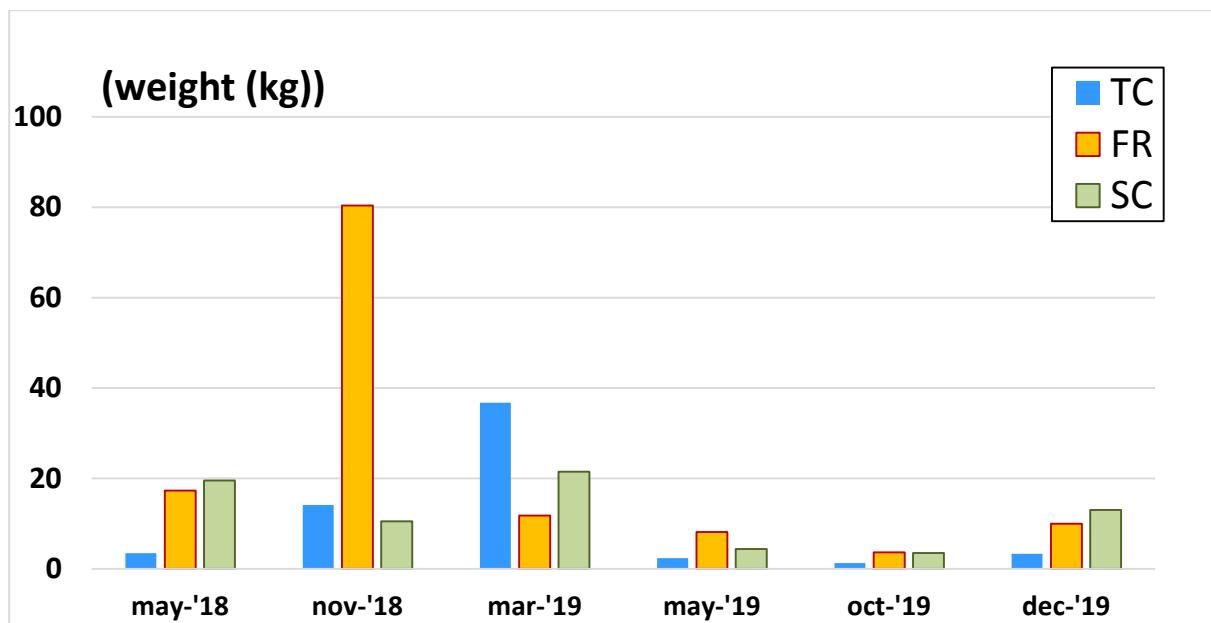


Figure 7 – Marine litter accumulation, in term of weight, measured during the six surveys in Italy. TC= Torre Chianca, FR= Frigole, SC= San Cataldo. Total accumulation: TC= 122.51 kg; FR = 262.45 kg; SC= 144.84 kg

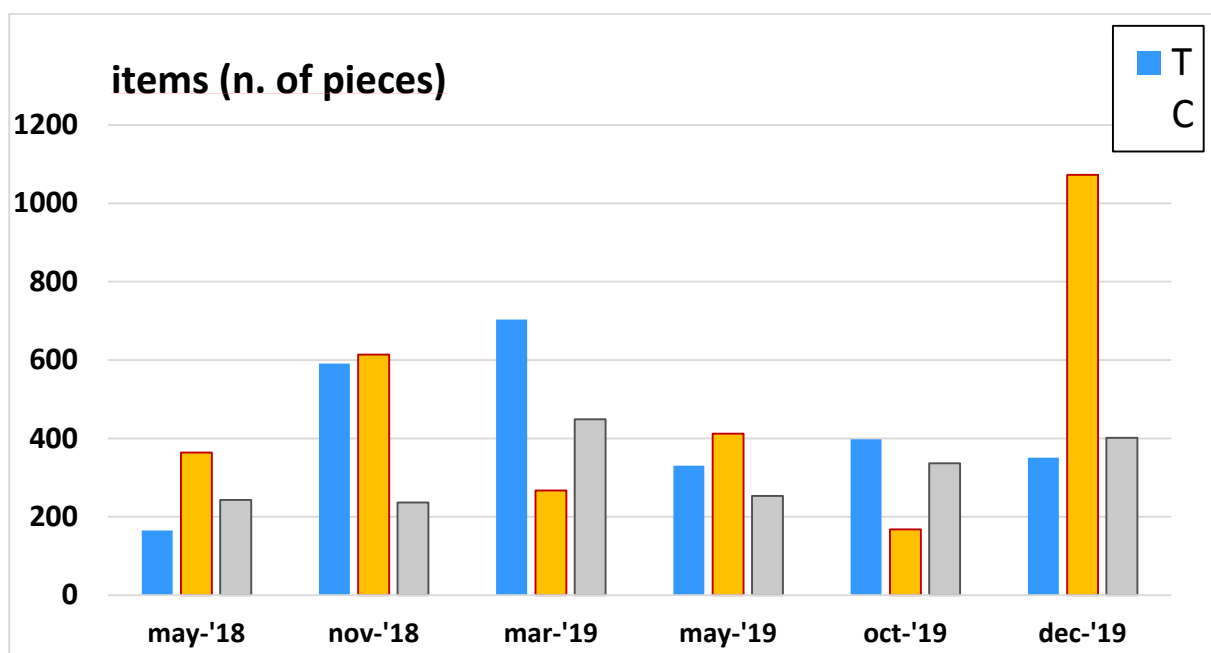


Figure 8 - Marine litter accumulation, in term of number of ITEMS, measured during the six surveys in Italy. TC= Torre Chianca, FR= Frigole, SC= San Cataldo. Total accumulation: TC= 5078 pcs; FR = 5795 pcs; SC= 3839 pcs



## Project Partners

N°	Participant name	Short name	Country
LP	National Interuniversity Consortium for Marine Sciences	CoNISMa	Italy
PP2	Municipality of Lecce	ML	Italy
PP3	National Coastal Agency	NCA	Albania
PP4	Polytechnic University of Tirana	F.GJ.M.	Albania
PP5	Public enterprise for coastal zone management of Montenegro	JMDCG	Montenegro
PP6	University of Montenegro	UNIME	Montenegro

This project is co-financed by the European Union under the instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance (IPA II)

This document has been produced with the financial assistance of the Interreg IPA CBC Italy-Albania-Montenegro Programme. The contents of this document are the sole responsibility of (Final beneficiary's name) and can under no circumstances be regarded as reflecting the position of the European Union and of the Interreg IPA CBC Italy-Albania-Montenegro Programme Authorities.