#### **Laurence Canal**

Head of Europe and International Department Pas-de-Calais County Council







# General presentation of Dover Strait action plan



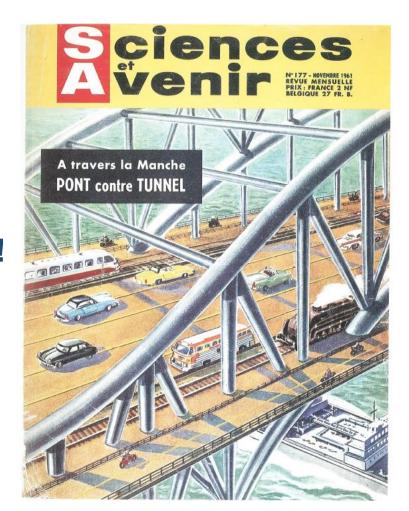


**Brexit?** 

Increase of cross-Channel traffic?

Future carbon tax?

Is the solution building a bridge?!







#### **Ambitions with PASSAGE**

- Engage stakeholders in a global long-term strategy at strait level
- Demonstrate low-carbon transition is an issue on both sides of the strait
- Anticipate future regulations



#### **Cross-border actions**

- Shared topics
- Opportunities for cross-border projects

#### French declination of the action plan

- > PASSAGE in coherence with local territorial strategies
- Create synergies between actions already implemented by different stakeholders
- Engage new actions, push forwards existing strategies

#### English declination of the action plan

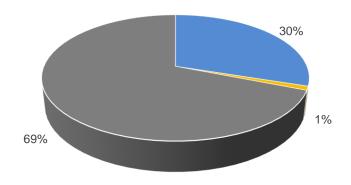




#### Results of PASSAGE carbon study

#### 31% of emissions directly « linked » to the strait

- 2% port activities
- 17% maritime traffic
- 12% land traffic linked to ports and tunnel



- Local maritime cruise
- Maritime cruise with ships calling at the strait's ports
- Transit maritime cruise





- > For the most part of these emissions, no direct possibility of action of stakeholders of the strait
- Responsibility to alert the relevant authorities



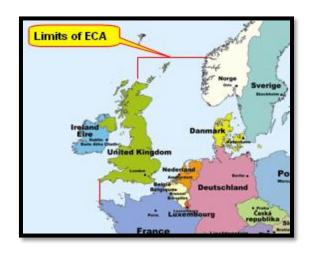


## Lobbying – maritime transport



#### **Annex IV of MARPOL convention**

Limit sulfur emissions to 0.1% in the area



#### No regulation of CO2 emissions from maritime transport

- Demonstrate the carbon impact for our territory (PASSAGE carbon study)
- Convince of the need for appropriate actions
  - New regulations (EU Commission, IMO)



### Lobbying – modal report





- Expected increase of 40% of cross-Channel trafic by 2030
- More than 3.3 million trucks already crossing the strait every year
- Road traffic = 1/3 of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in Kent



## Lobbying – modal report

European Union European Regional Development Fund

- Saturation of the road network
- Worries it will get worst after Brexit
- Demonstrate the carbon impact for our territory (PASSAGE carbon study)
- > Convince of the need for appropriate actions
  - Investments in relevant rail/fluvial infrastructures
     Example: Seine Nord Europe Canal





Thank you!





PÔLE D'EXCELLENCE RÉGIONAL

Energy transition brings new business opportunities







#### Who we are ?



#### **Association**, created in June 2011

More than **90 members** of companies, training centers and scientific research laboratories related to the energy sector and some communities

#### Funded by:

- the Regional Council Hauts-de-France,
- The Urban Community of Dunkerque,
- ADEME for targeted actions
- Membership

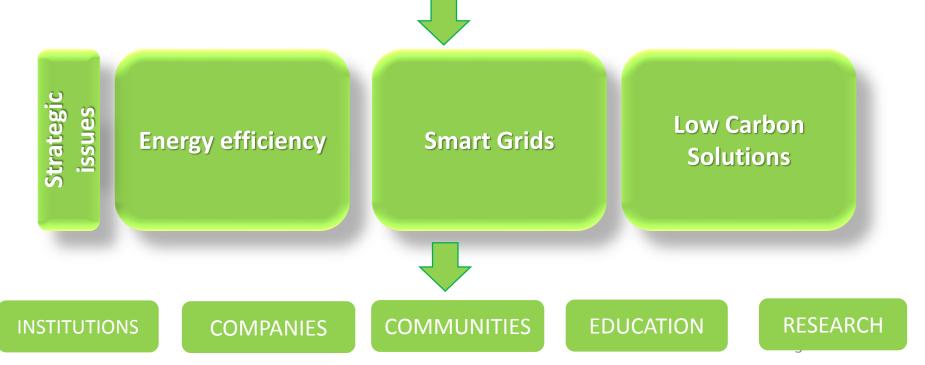
#### Our mission

Regional Energy Cluster Energie 2020





- Creating business opportunities based on energy transition
- Support the development of the energy sector thanks to innovation



#### regulation of the LNG market



#### Maritime segment

- 1 January 2015: Sulphide emissions (SOx) limited to 0.1% in the maritime area covering the Baltic Sea, North Sea and Channel (SECA) and 3.5% in the rest of international maritime area.
- 2020 : 3.5%  $\rightarrow$  0.5%.
- In the SECA zone, a reduction of at least 80% of nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions is required for engines installed since 2016.

#### **River segment**

- NRMM regulations strengthened since June 2016

#### **Road segment**

- Restricted circulation zones and Crit'Air vignettes according to the emission levels EURO VI, V, ...
- VECTO procedure: a computer simulation tool for CO2 emissions that requires the certification, declaration and control of CO2 emissions from new heavy-duty vehicles and ultimately allows the setting of binding limits for CO2 emissions

#### Hauts-de-France and LNG



#### A multimodal territory and an advantageous geographical situation

- Port infrastructures (Dunkerque, Calais, Lille, Boulogne ...)
- One of the biggest motorway axes in Europe (saturated and polluting)
- Multimodal logistics platforms in Arras and Dourges
- Major infrastructural projects (Canal Seine Nord)

## Strong European development, particularly in close regions

- LNG Blue Corridor project plans deployment of LNG routes
- Belgium and the United Kingdom are equipped and involved in the development of these infrastructures

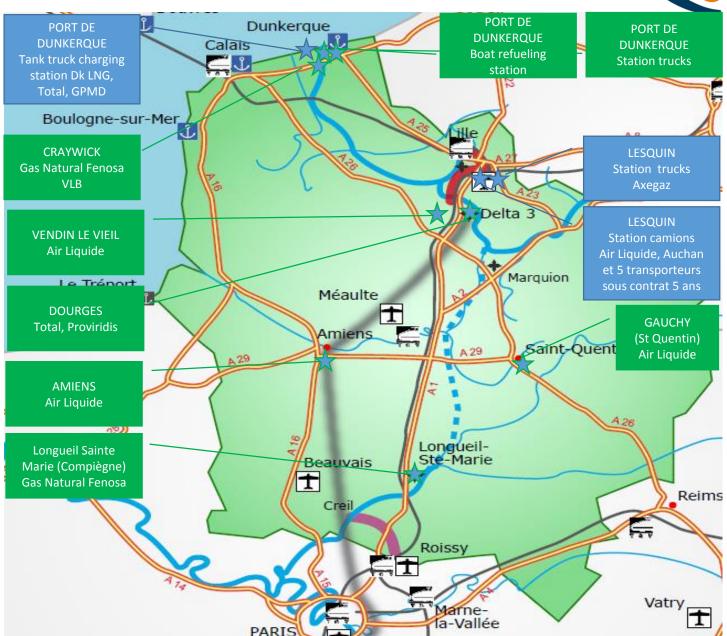


#### issues

- Convince of the interest and the potential of LNG fuel in the reduction of CO2 emissions, fine particles, NOx and SOx induced by the transport.
- Show the role of LNG as a factor of economic development (job creation, training ..)
- Create a new Blue Corridor route through the Hauts-de-France

#### LNG Projects in Hauts-de-France





#### Hauts-de-France and market signs



#### **Driving role of the main actors**

the CAP 2020 project provides for the creation of new terminals to accommodate the largest container ships and the development of associated logistics areas.

Expected increase in road traffic of 2000 trucks / day (2035)

Refueling project by Charles André of the Brittany Ferries ferry by tanker trucks leaving the GPMD

#### **Regional Master Plans**

STAT-Plan-Region contract: LNG subsidy for the GPMD

SRI SI: mention of LNG (in connection with Innocold and Dk LNG)

SRADDET: to be adopted by mid-2019

#### Manifesto for the development of CNG and bioNGV in Hauts-de-France

It aims to promote the benefits of bioGNV, promote the deployment of NGV stations, facilitate the development of NGV fleets, support the industrial sector around NGV and bioNGV.

#### The motorisation offer is intensifying:

IVECO notes that its French sales concern 1.5 more LNG pulls than GNC (for Europe, the ratio is 1 to 4)

**VOLVO Trucks launches its LNG range** 

## 2017 results of the regional LNG planergie

## Creation of the regional platform on March 1, 2017 Initial participants :

GPMD, Dunkerque LNG, Région, Auchan, CCI, Volvo Trucks, VLB group, GRTgaz, IVECO, FNTR, DAMEN, ADEME...

#### **Targets:**

- Bring together the actors of the Hauts de France's fuel LNG to create synergy
- Actions of the platform :
  - sensitize regional actors to the advantages of LNG,
  - Promote the potential of LNG for the attractiveness of the Region,
  - Integrate fuel LNG into regional Master Plans,
  - Bring new projects in Hauts-de-France
  - To be a regional relay to the national arbitrations (regulation and taxation).
  - Capture European and national funding for these projects

#### Working Group of GNL Platform



- 1- Dialogue with the carriers to define their needs.
- 2- Next Call CEF: to develop a response by federating a consortium operators-users
- 3- Establishment of a global regional Call for new alternative fuels (CNG, LNG, H2, electricity)
- 4- Financing issues: residual value, leasing, relations with banks, BPI...
- 5- Non-road LNG

#### How we can help







The energy breakfasts are an opportunity to gather public and private actors from a territory around an energy theme.

## FUTURE LOW CARBON INITIATIVES FOR THE PORT OF DOVER



The Port's background on sustainability

Challenges to reducing maritime emissions

Low carbon initiatives

#### **FACTS AND FIGURES**



- Port of Dover handles 12 million passengers
- 2.6 million freight vehicles
- 2.3m tourist vehicles
- £122 billion of UK/European trade
- Supports 22,000 jobs, many of which are in the local community.
- Second busiest cruise port in the UK
- Temperature controlled Cargo terminal
- Golden Anchor awarded Marina

#### SUSTAINABILITY OBJECTIVES

- Deliver a sustainable port operation
- Working towards a carbon neutral port
- Maintaining an ISO 14001:2015 Environmental Management System
- Resource and waste management
- Working together

#### **ACHIEVEMENTS**



Carbon foot printing since 2007

50% overall reduction







#### **ACHIEVEMENTS**





Heating efficiencies

Equipment and lighting changes

**Project inputs** 

Talking to everyone

#### **CHALLENGES AND SOLUTIONS**

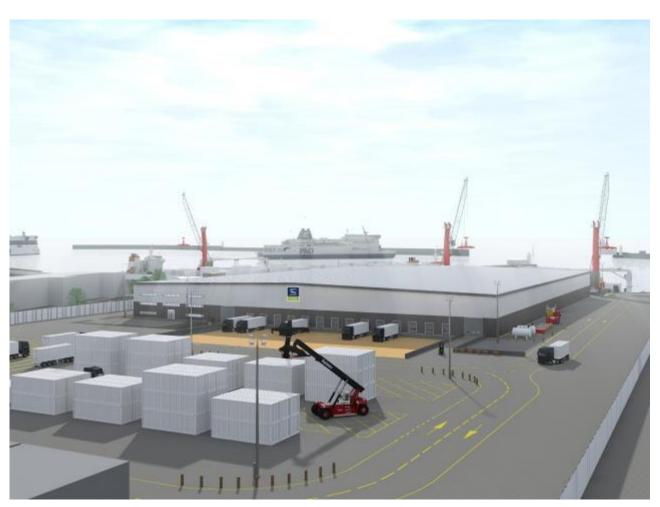


Low hanging fruit



Communication

## **LOW CARBON INITIATIVES**



Efficiency

Solar Power

#### **LOW CARBON INITIATIVES**



Improving logistics

#### Thank You

Liz.fagg@doverport.co.uk





## and its contribution to PASSAGE project action plan









19th century
Coal mining/
mass printing & railways



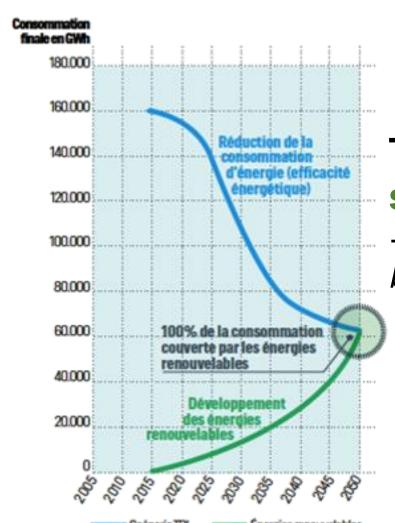
2nd industrial revolution 20th century Oil / mass media & phone



21st century
Renewable energy /
digital







## Dual goal of the Third industrial revolution

## To achieve a freecarbon society by 2050

+ 15% renewable energy production between 2014 and 2015

To encourage the creation of activities and jobs

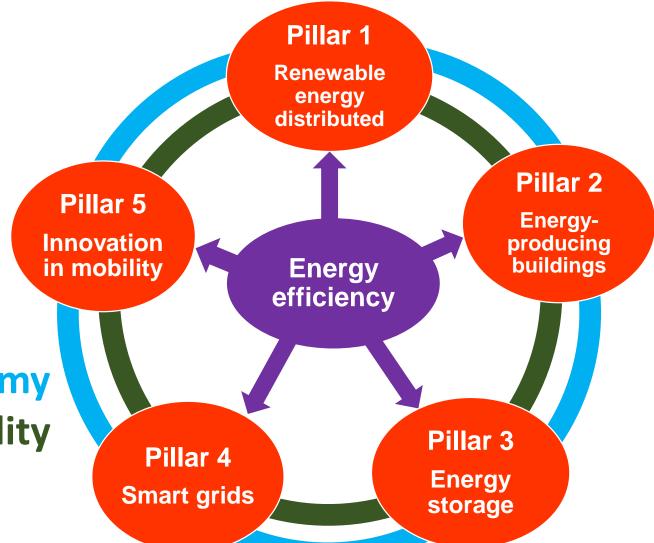
Estimated at 53 000 en 2020 and 237 000 in 2050







The pillars of the Third Industrial Revolution



Circular economy Economy of functionality





## A strong dynamic is set in motion

- with a large diversity of stakeholders: companies, local authorities, schools and universities, research centres and labs, citizens ...
- led by the Regional Chamber of Commerce and the Regional Council Hauts de France from which different departments are involved in, among them the TIR Mission







## 5 pluriannual orientations

jobs creation and competitiveness raising, territorial setting, citizens' appropriation, projects quality raising, european and international networking

## From last december, 10 structuring axis

concerning building retrofitting, hydrogen sector, companies' digitalization, circular and bio economy, sustainable and connected mobility, logistic...

## Many projects directly contributing to PASSAGE





Advocacy towards EC and EIB

Sharemob Interreg Europe Project Generation+ rev3
/
FABriques rev3

Territorial Volunteering Call

Interreg NWE with Pas de Calais Habitat







Thank you for your attention!

# An Environment Fit for the Future? VISIONING 2050 & BEYOND

# WHAT IT MEANS FOR KENT & DOVER STRAITS PASSAGE 6 MARCH 2018

Carolyn McKenzie
HEAD OF SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS AND
COMMUNITIES

## What is the Kent Environment Strategy?

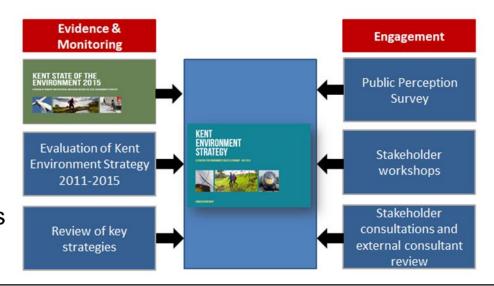


## Why work in partnership?

- Cross boundary issues
- Resources/expertise
- Funding
- Greater impact and better outcomes

## Setting the direction for the county

- Strategic Context and Framework
- High level priorities
- Partnership
- Significant opportunity or challenge



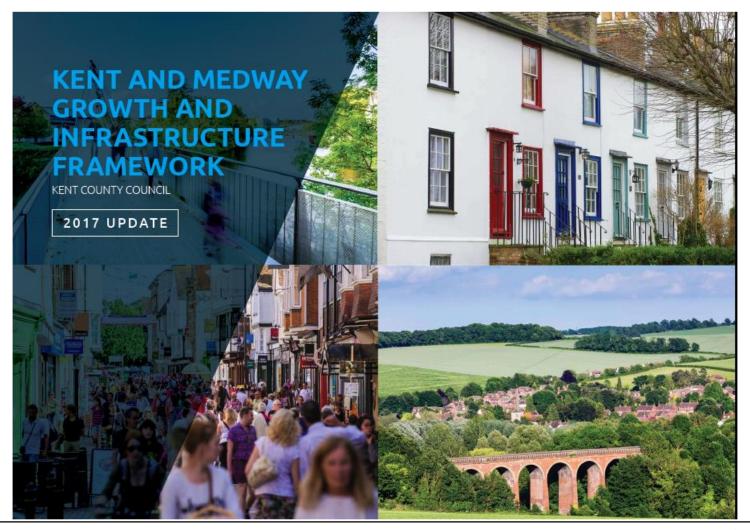








# Kent and Medway Growth and Infrastructure Framework





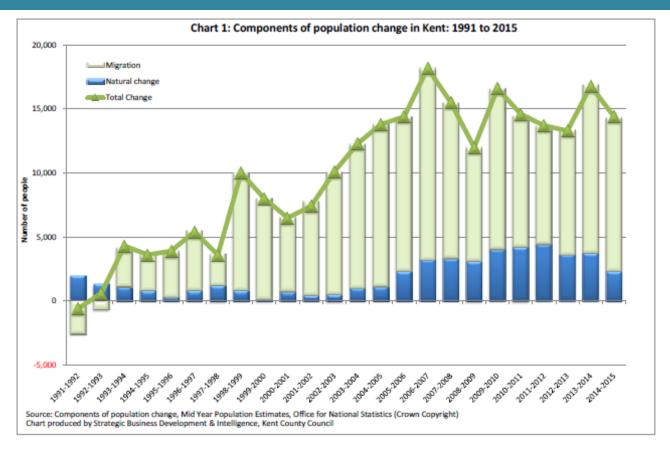






# SETTING THE SCENE

## With rising population growth...



293,000 new people (2011-2031) (17% growth)

\*based on 2015 GIF Figures

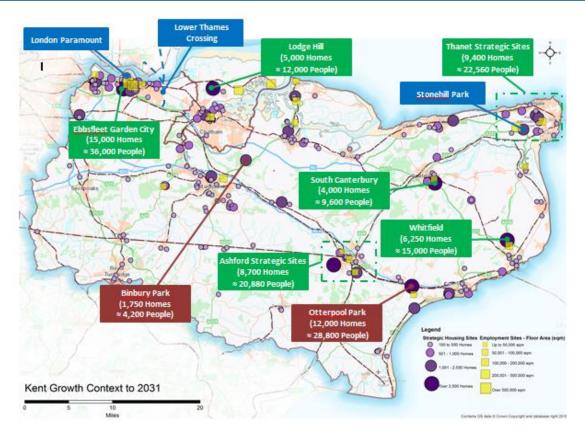








## ...comes significant housing demand



158,500 new homes (2011-2031) (21% growth)

\*based on 2015 GIF Figures









## The cost of growth



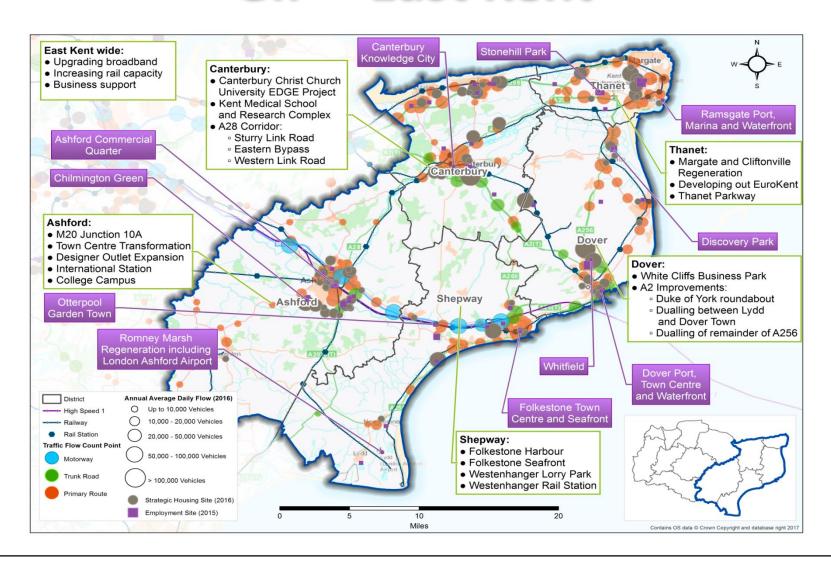








## **GIF – East Kent**











## GIF – East Kent



Housing Growth (2011 – 2031):

68,600



Population Growth (2011 – 2031):

146,700

The East Kent Growth Board has been produced through collective working the following key objectives for driving continued and sustainable growth across East Kent:

- Unlocking growth through infrastructure;
- Delivery of business space;
- Supporting skills and productivity within business;
- Place making and shaping.



Infrastructure Funding Gap:

£666,520,000



Total Infrastructure Requirement:

£2,011,993,000

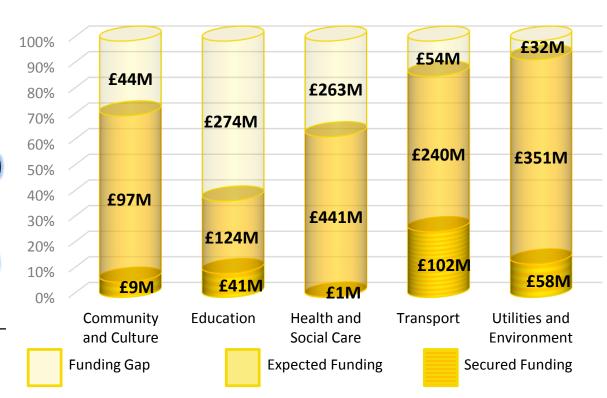


Total Funding

£1,345,473,000

**East Kent Service Sector** 

**Breakdown (Funding vs Gap)** 



### **CLIMATE CHANGE**

73% of public water supply is from groundwater and most areas at capacity

Health and

Wellbeing

### **ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION**

Mental health impacts are still being seen from the 2013/14 winter floods

10% of Kent and Medway residents in fuel poverty

53 severe weather events in last 6 years with direct costs of over £8.3m

Energy grid is constrained Barrier to development?

90% energy imported Energy security?

Increasing energy demand Gas 27%, Electricity 19%

40+ AQMAs No safe levels of PMs, NOX, Ozone

Poor air quality contributes to approximately 5% of deaths per year in UK

Declining bee population

2% of local wildlife sites lost

Ash Dieback

30% of local wildlife sites have been damaged

178,000+ new homes by 2031

**ENERGY & CARBON** 

**LAND USE CHANGE** 

Economy

Environment

4.2m lorries and 4.7m cars cross the Dover Straits each year

# **LOOKING TO 2050**

# 1984

1984 2017 2050



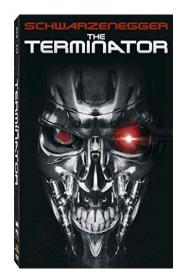








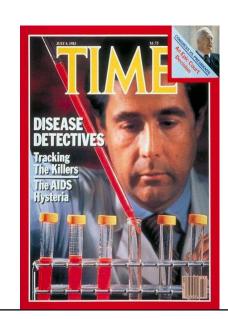


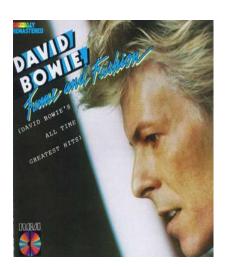




Born 1984

















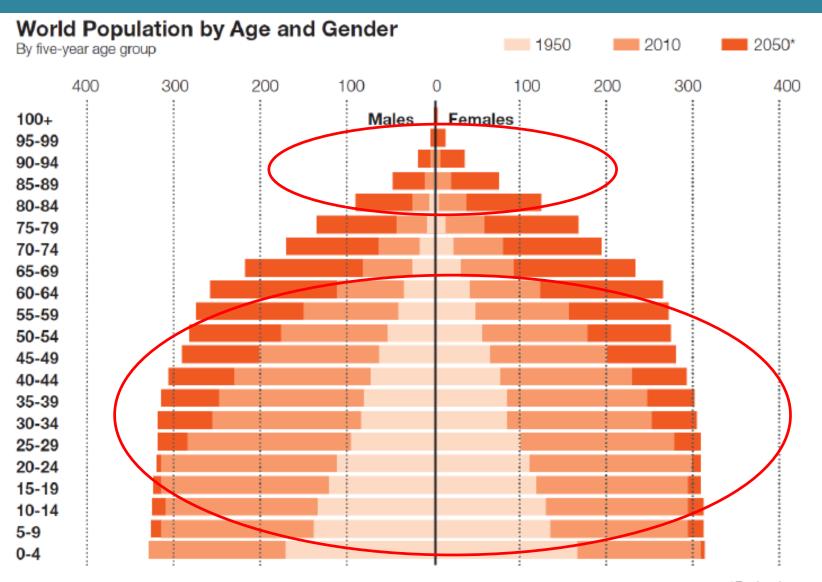






# LOOKING TO 2050 THE CERTAINTIES

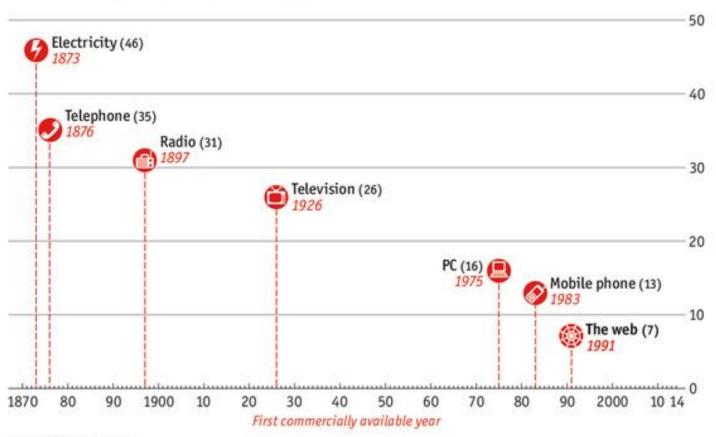
## Ageing population



## The increasing pace of technology

## **Technology adoption**

Years until used by one-quarter of American population



Source: Singularity.com Economist.com/graphicdetail



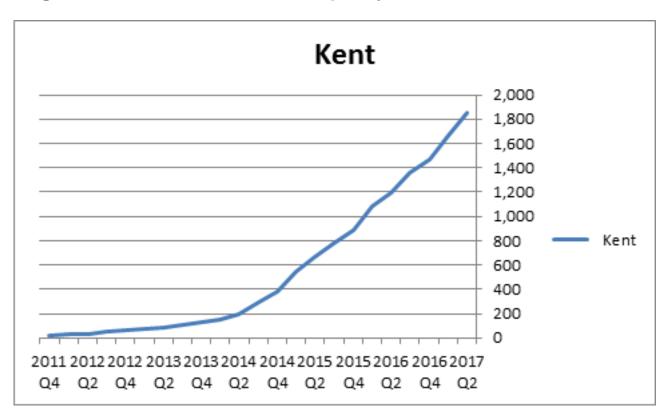






## **Electric Vehicles in Kent**

## Graph: Registrations of EV in Kent per year







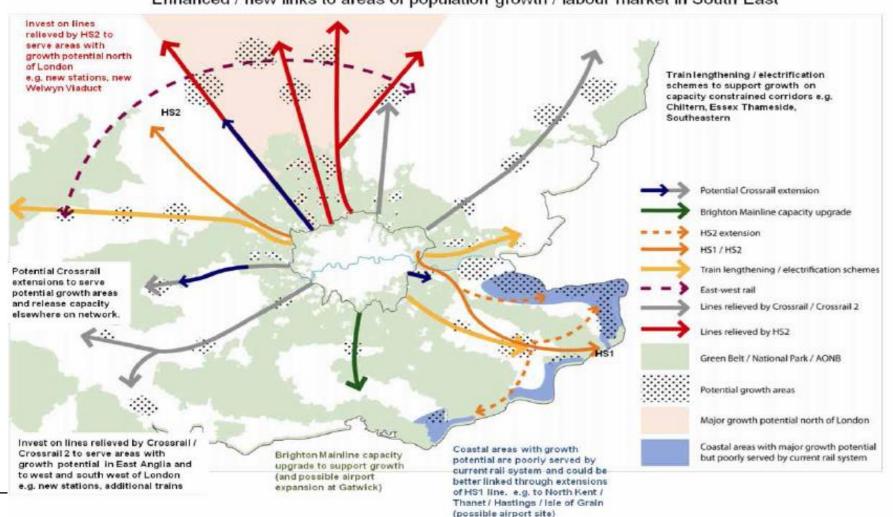




# Kent's relationship with London – dormitory or economy in our own right

### High Capacity Radial Links to Central London

Enhanced / new links to areas of population growth / labour market in South East





# LOOKING TO 2050 THE UNCERTAINTIES

## **CLIMATE RISKS**

## Six priority areas



MORE

**ACTION** 

NEEDED

RESEARCH

**PRIORITY** 

Flooding and coastal change risks to communities, businesses and infrastructure (Ch3, Ch4 Ch5, Ch6)

Risks to health, wellbeing and productivity from high temperatures (Ch5, Ch6)

Risk of shortages in the public water supply, and for agriculture, energy generation and industry (Ch3, Ch4, Ch5, Ch6)

Risks to natural capital, including terrestrial, coastal, marine and freshwater ecosystems, soils and biodiversity (Ch3)

Risks to domestic and international food production and trade (Ch3, Ch6, Ch7)

New and emerging pests and diseases, and invasive non-native species, affecting people, plants and animals (Ch3, Ch5, Ch7)

NOW -----> FUTURE

RISK MAGNITUDE:

LOW

HIGH



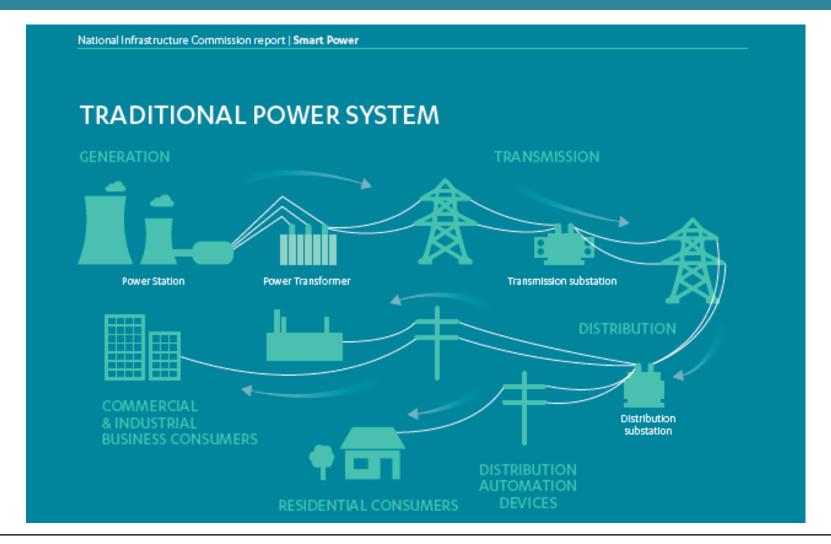






MEDIUM HI

# **Energy Systems and Security**



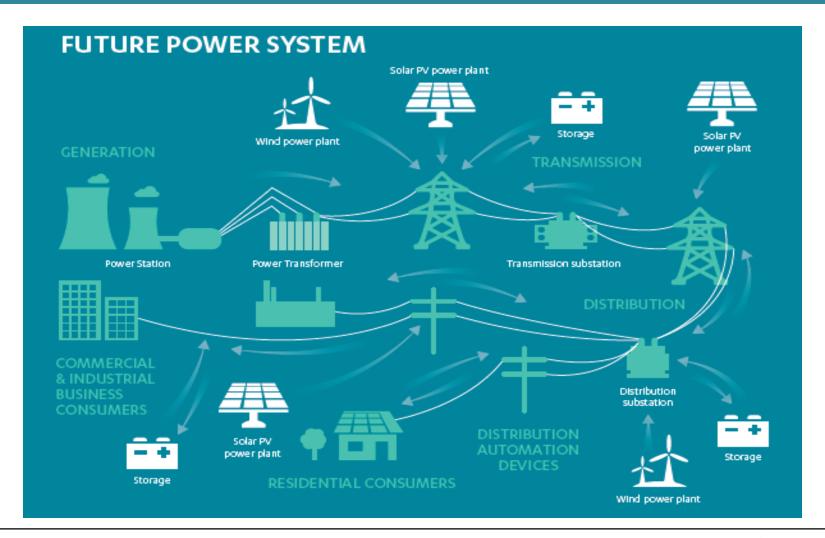








# **Energy Systems and Security**











# PREDICTING THE FUTURE – A SCENARIO BASED APPROACH

### Taking a holistic view of the future

public space building standards urban governance terrorism environmental policy transparency stakeholder engagement competitiveness

non-motorised transport heat stress air quality ecosystem services green infrastructure water management decarbonisation



identity
sharing economy
urban manufacturing
urban logistics
digital economy
city resilience
user centricitycircular
economy

digital lifestyles wellbeing public health entrepreneurship community cohesion ageing society

automation
internet of things
sensors and data
smart infrastructure
intelligent transport systems
system integration
autonomous vehicles
micro-generation
intelligent uildings
digital modelling

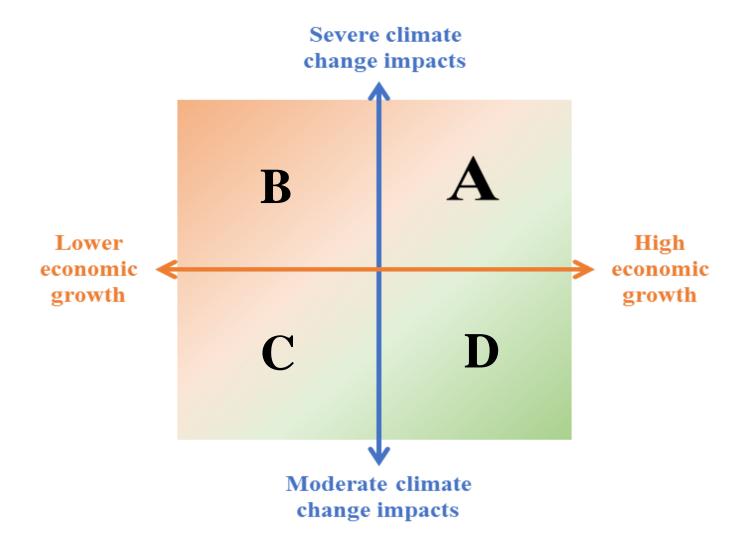




















## Four scenarios – highlights

#### **Hot House**

- Strong economic growth
- Severe climate challenge impacts

#### **Fertile Ground**

- Strong economic growth
- Moderate climate challenge impacts

#### **Withering Growth**

- Weaker economic growth
- Severe climate challenge impacts

#### Lying Fallow

- Lower economic growth
- Moderate climate challenge impacts

Social inequality reduced
Food more expensive(reliance on imports)
Al embraced – new high value jobs
Reduction in air pollution, due to move towards electric vehicles

Town centres revitalised, with shared autonomous transport
Shared autonomous vehicles embraced
New transport investment links
Leading in advanced precision agriculture

Competition for fewer jobs and long commutes
Off-site housing construction to save costs
Growth in domestic tourism
Emphasis on multi-functional infrastructure to economise

Making use of existing assets and infrastructure
Brexit led to barriers to streamlined movement
Rise in young professionals moving our of London for more
affordable property prices
Less focus on using advanced, precision techniques in agriculture









## **GIF 2050**

- ADAPTABLE to new technologies, a rise in electric vehicles, a growing and ageing population, climate risks, decarbonisation and a growing energy demand
- RESILIENT to changes in climate, economic uncertainty, population growth and increased financial pressure on services
- CONNECTED to growth in technology, Al and automation, broadband demand, changes in work patterns and employment









# WHAT DO WE NEED TO DO? KENT AND DOVER STRAITS.

# SMART POWER AT A GLANCE

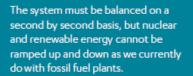
Around two-thirds of our existing power stations are expected to close down by 2030 as our coal, nuclear, and oldest gas fired power stations reach the end of their lives.

Our system must be modernised and decarbonised. To meet the UK's legally binding climate change goal – to cut CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 80% by 2050 – power stations must be largely decarbonised.

### Climate Change Target

= Cut CO<sub>2</sub> emmissions

by 80% by 2050





#### Interconnection

connecting our network to our European neighbours.



### Storage

Allowing users to take energy from the grid to be used when it is needed



The UK is uniquely placed to lead the world in a Smart Power Revolution. If we get this right we could save consumers up to



#### Flexible Demand

Allowing consumers to choose how and when they use power to cut costs and emissions without inconvenience.



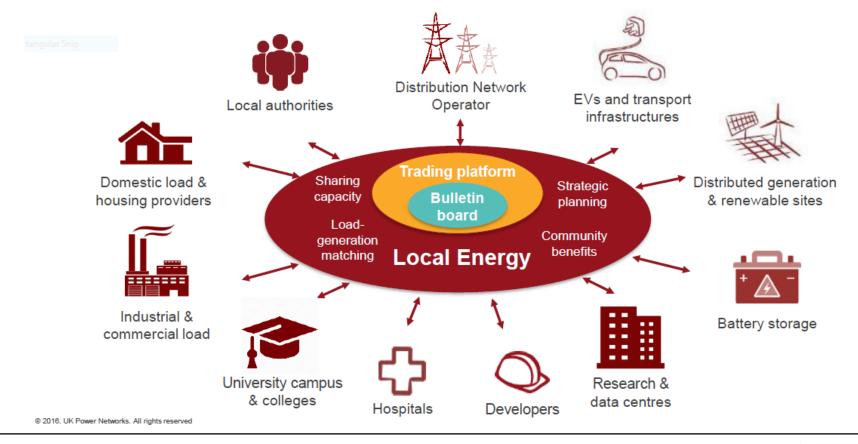
# THE SMART POWER REVOLUTION

'The UK is uniquely placed to lead the world in a Smart Power Revolution. Failing to take advantage would be an expensive mistake' National Infrastructure Commission

Local Government is a large energy user and land owner and could play a crucial role in bringing forward energy storage and flexible demand......

# An active player in an integrated network

## **Smart communities and smart cities**



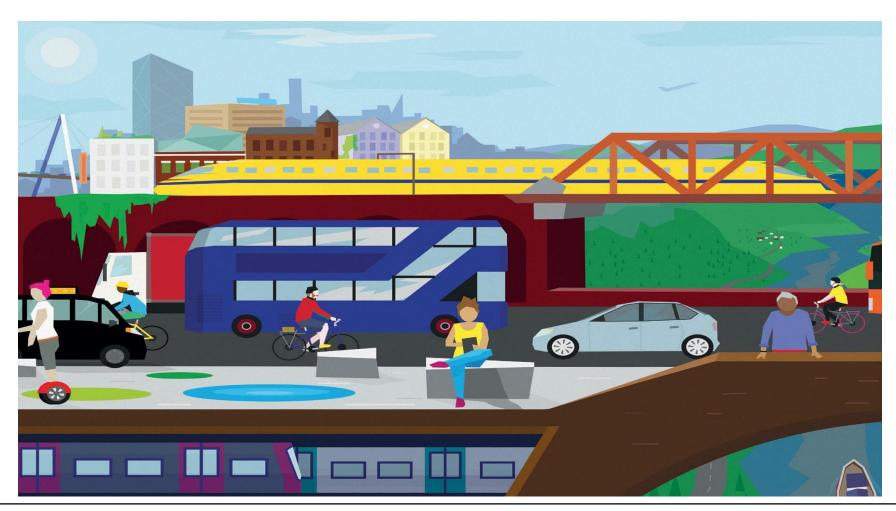








# **Seemless mobility**





















# **Embracing Technology**

Business models for autonomous vehicles















## advanced materials











## The Telegraph



## The end of potholes? UK scientists invent 'self-healing concrete'

Researchers at three British universities are developing a special concrete that uses bacteria to plug cracks and crevices



**ARUP** 









# **Smart Buildings and homes**













































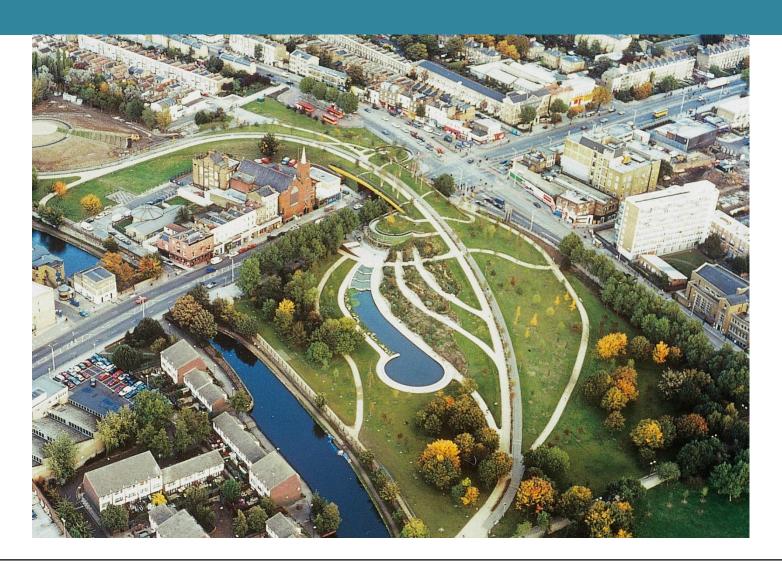








# Green infrastructure (natural capital)





















# Multi-Purpose Infrastructure Natural Capital











# PASSAGE - ADDING VALUE

PASSAGE THEME	PRIMARY OUTCOME	PASSAGE ADDED VALUE
ENVIRONMENT	PROTECT & ENHANCE  ACCESS TO THE COUNTRYSDE	LOW CARBON TOURISM CONNECTIVITY – ENCOURAGE MODAL SHIFT CONGESTION AIR QUALITY ACTIVE TRAVEL
TRANSPORT	CONNECTIVITY  ECONOMIC GROWTH	REDUCE CARBON IMPROVE AIR QUALITY ACTIVE TRAVEL
INNOVATION	FFFICIENCY	NFW LOW

**ECONOMIC** 

**GROWTH** 

**CARBON JOBS** 

**IMPROVE AIR** 

 $\triangle IIAIITV$ 

**REDUCE CARBON** 

## **Thank You**

## Contacts

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<a href="mailto:carolyn.mckenzie@kent.gov.uk/">carolyn.mckenzie@kent.gov.uk/</a> 07740 185287

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KES Programme Manager
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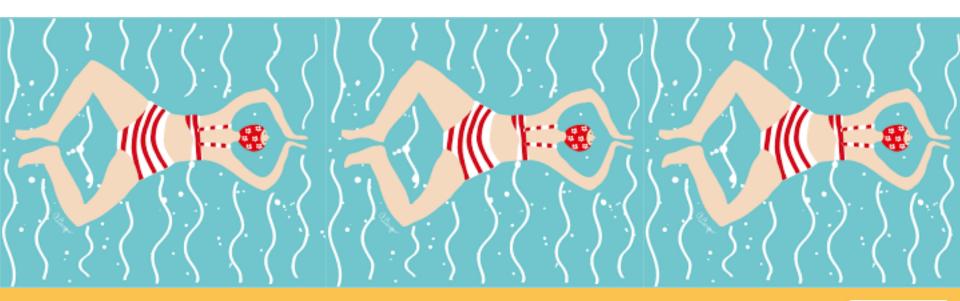






## Traverser la manche sans voiture

Crossing the Channel without a car





Chaque année plus de 32 millions de passagers traversent la Manche environ 80% sont britanniques

Over 32 million passengers cross the Channel each year Approximately 80% of them are British



## HAUTS-DE-FRANCE Nuitées en hébergement marchand

Overnight stays in commercial accommodation

UK1 311 400Vlaams642 500Nederlands382 000

Deutschland 275 300



#### Lits touristiques marchands et non marchands

Commercial and non commercial beds

La région Hauts-de-France 713 000

La Côte d'Opale 320 000 soit 45%

#### **Lits Touristiques marchands**

**Commercial beds** 

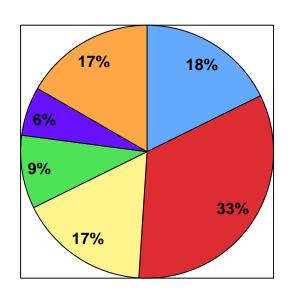
La région Hauts-de-France 258 800

La Côte d'Opale 100 670 soit 38%.

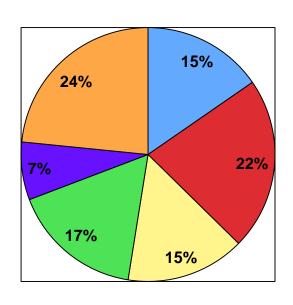


## Répartition km et émissions

#### Breakdown km and emissions







Km-voyageurs

Emissions de CO<sup>2</sup>





#### **NAUSICAA - LA CÔTE D'OPALE**

Le plus grand aquarium d'Europe Le 4eme au monde

The largest aquarium in Europe
4th on a global scale

1 million de visiteurs mai 2018- mai 2019





Grand Site de France Les Deux Caps, Blanc Nez et Gris Nez 2 millions de visiteurs





# La Manche à pied Walking across the Channel

DFDS from 40€ (telephone or email bookings only)
P+O Ferries from 58€

Eurostar 70€ - 400€

Eurolines – Paris – London 19€ Eurotunnel + Blabla car



#### La Manche à Vélo

The Channel on a bike

**Eurostar - Internet** 

Au billet passager s'ajoute le billet vélo (£30 aller-retour)

To the Passenger ticket, add the bicycle ticket (£30 return)

EuroDespatch@eurostar.com

https://youtu.be/u9455boIRC4



#### La Manche à Vélo - £40 par vélo

The Channel on a bike - £40 per bicycle

**P+O Ferries – DFDS** 

Montée à vélo Ride on ride off

**Eurotunnel** 

24 heures de préavis 24 hours notice

Réservation par téléphone Reservation by telphone

Selon disponibilité Subject to availability

Pick-up points



Qu'est-ce qui vous attend donc à l'arrivée ? So what can you expect on arrival ?

Des irritants - manquent : signalétique dédiée, pistes cyclables sans interruptions, stationnement vélo sécurisé.

Some 'irritations': dedicated signposting, uninterrupted cycle routes, secure parking.

#### **BUT!**

250 km véloroutes 82 km voies vertes 2 182 km de boucles cylotouristiques Plus de 85 itinéraires de randonnée

2 514 km of cycle routes Over 85 designated walking routes



#### Les Deux Caps and La Baie de Somme

Formations Offices du Tourisme et entreprises volontaires Trained Tourist Office staff buisnesses

- Composantes d'un séjour sans voiture Components of a car free break
- Les partenariats et réseau partners and networking
- Réseaux sociaux cibles Target social networks
- Partenariat avec les transports Building transport partnerships
- Sensibilisation des prestataires/partenaires Building awareness

5 produits « séjour sans voiture » Creation of 5 « car free holiday » packages

France Randonnée, Tourist Offices





Circuit des grands sites, Baie de Somme et Cap Gris Nez À pied ou à vélo- Itinérant - En liberté 2à 10 jours de randonnée

Une randonnée emblématique pour découvrir :

Le site des Deux Caps entre Boulonnais et Calaisis, remarquable par la diversité de ses paysages, la variété des milieux et des villages côtiers, il constitue la bande littorale du parc naturel régional des caps et

La Baie de Somme, absolu dépaysement d'un superbe espace maritime, désert humide et plat où la mer, se retirant, a laissé des lacs oblongs, des canaux vermeils où baignent les rayons horizontaux....(d'après

#### Exemple en 8 jours - 7 nuits et 6 jours de vélo

Jour 1 - Accueil à Calais en après midi

Jour 2 - De Calais à Boulogne-sur-Mer (env. 45 km)

Jour 3 - De Boulogne-sur-Mer à la Baie d'Authie (env. 55 km )

Jour 4 - De la Baie d'Authie à la Baie de Somme (env. 40 km )

Jour 5 - De la Baie de Somme en vallée de l'Authie (env. 50 km )

Jour 6 - De vallée de l'Authie au Parc naturel régional des Cap et Marais d'Opale (env. 55 km )

Jour 7 - Traversée du Parc naturel régional des Cap et Marais d'Opale jusqu'à Calais (env.50 km)

Jour 8 - Fin du séjour après le petit déjeuner

#### Prix: xxx € /p base 2 p min

- · Diners hors boisson, nuits, petits déjeuners
- · Logement en chambres double ou twin
- · Transport des bagages chaque jour
- · Dossier voyage avec points de repères et cartographie

Les deux Caps et Parc des Cap et Marais d'Opale,

au départ de Calais :

5 jours - 4 nuits et 4 jours de vélo : Prix : xxx € /p

6 jours - 5 nuits et 5 jours de vélo par St Omer :

Prix: xxx € /p base 2 p min

En Baie de Somme, au départ du Crotoy

5 jours / 4 nuits : 465 € / personne 4 jours/3 nuits: 349 € / personne

3 jours/ 2 nuits: 239 € / personne

Tout autre circuit adaptable en fonction de vos

#### **Autres circuits**

#### A pied

· La Cote d'Opale, organisation et durée sur mesure

#### À vélo

Les trois vallées (en projet) Monts de Flandre et Cote d'Opale (en projet)









## Les Académies du Tourisme Côte d'Opale

75 entreprises

75 businesses







Increasing sustainable access to the countryside in the Straits area



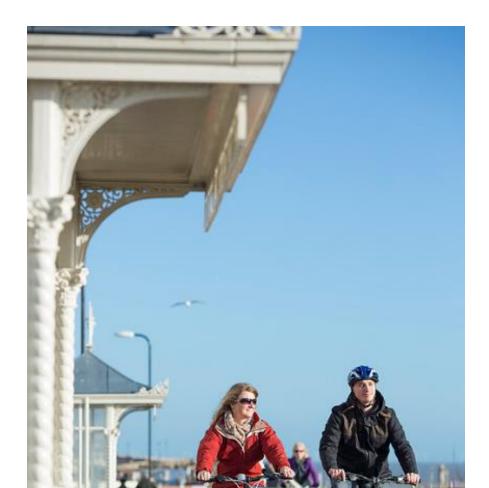


























Thank you!