

MariGreen

Update for the project
„Plug and Play Energypack for inland and shortsea
shipping“

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www.marigreen.eu





Technische Universiteit
Eindhoven
 University of Technology

Where innovation starts



TU/e: 11,000 BSc and MSc
 1,500 PhD
 2,000 faculty staff

Mech. Engng.: 1,500 BSc and MSc
 175 PhD
 100 faculty staff

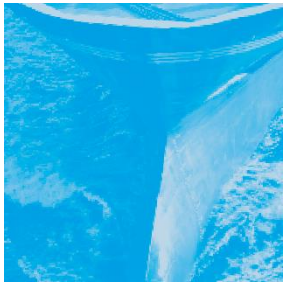


Maritime education for ~200 students



3 instruction vessels



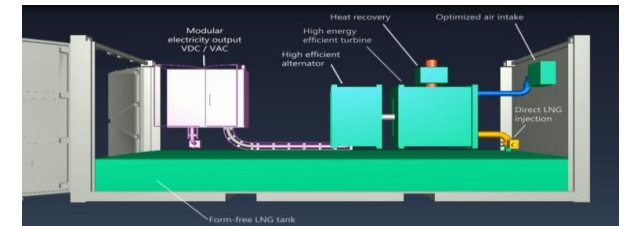
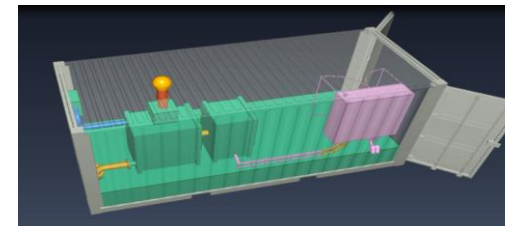
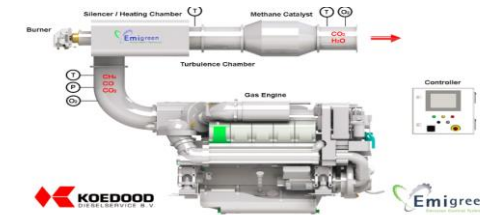


Plug&Play Energypack (Starting Point)

Goals

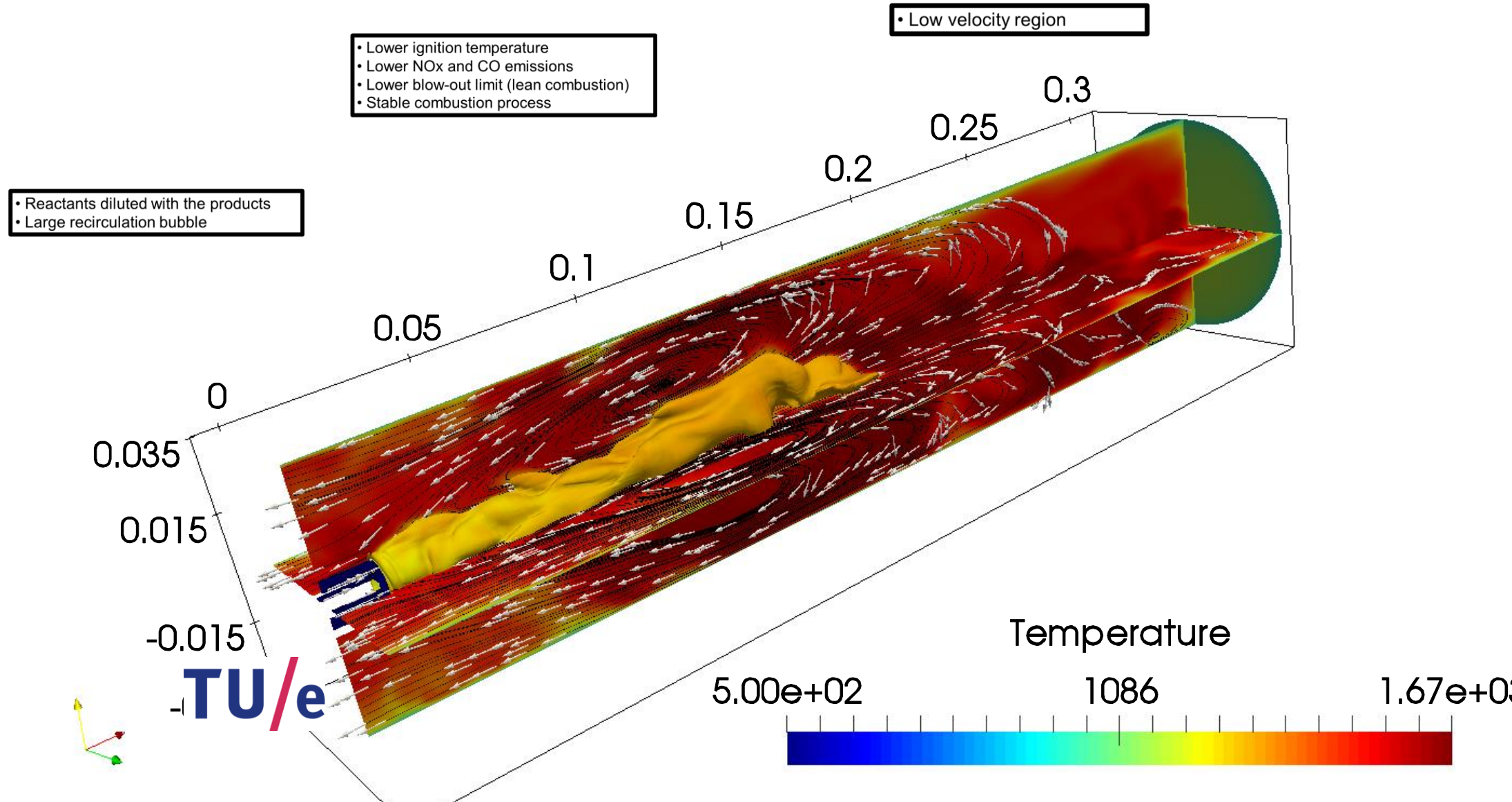
- Cost reduction for „small scale“ LNG-propulsion
- Improvement of emissions of LNG-propulsion
- Safe operation of LNG-propulsion through training
- 200-300 kW gas turbine
- Efficiency > 40%
- **Approach: advanced combustion modeling**

- Relevant gas turbines still in R&D phase, but highly promising
- Challenge: state-of-the-art, but proven technology
- **Solution: Innovative Hybrid Propulsion**



Modeling: Reverse Flow Combustor

Jeroen van Oijen, Bart Somers, Suleyman Karaca



Emissions

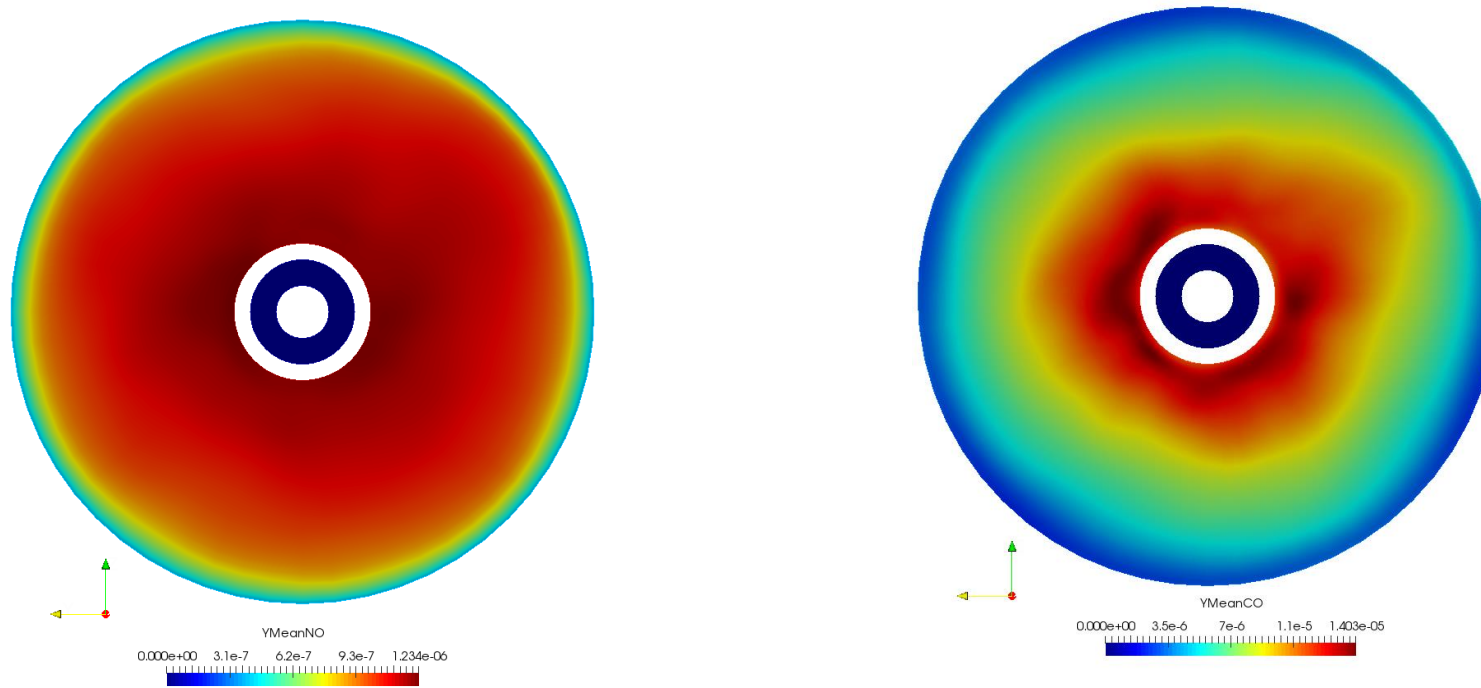


Figure : Mean NO and mean CO close to outflow

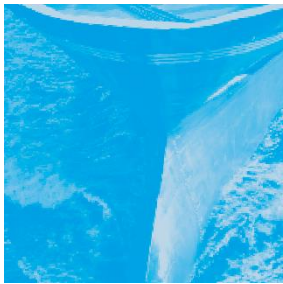
Calculated average NO and CO 2 ppm which matches well with experiments

Results

- methane/air combustion simulated with different conditions
- Flow field in good agreement with experiment
- Emissions are predicted accurately

Current: extend to hydrogen combustion

Challenge: NO_x

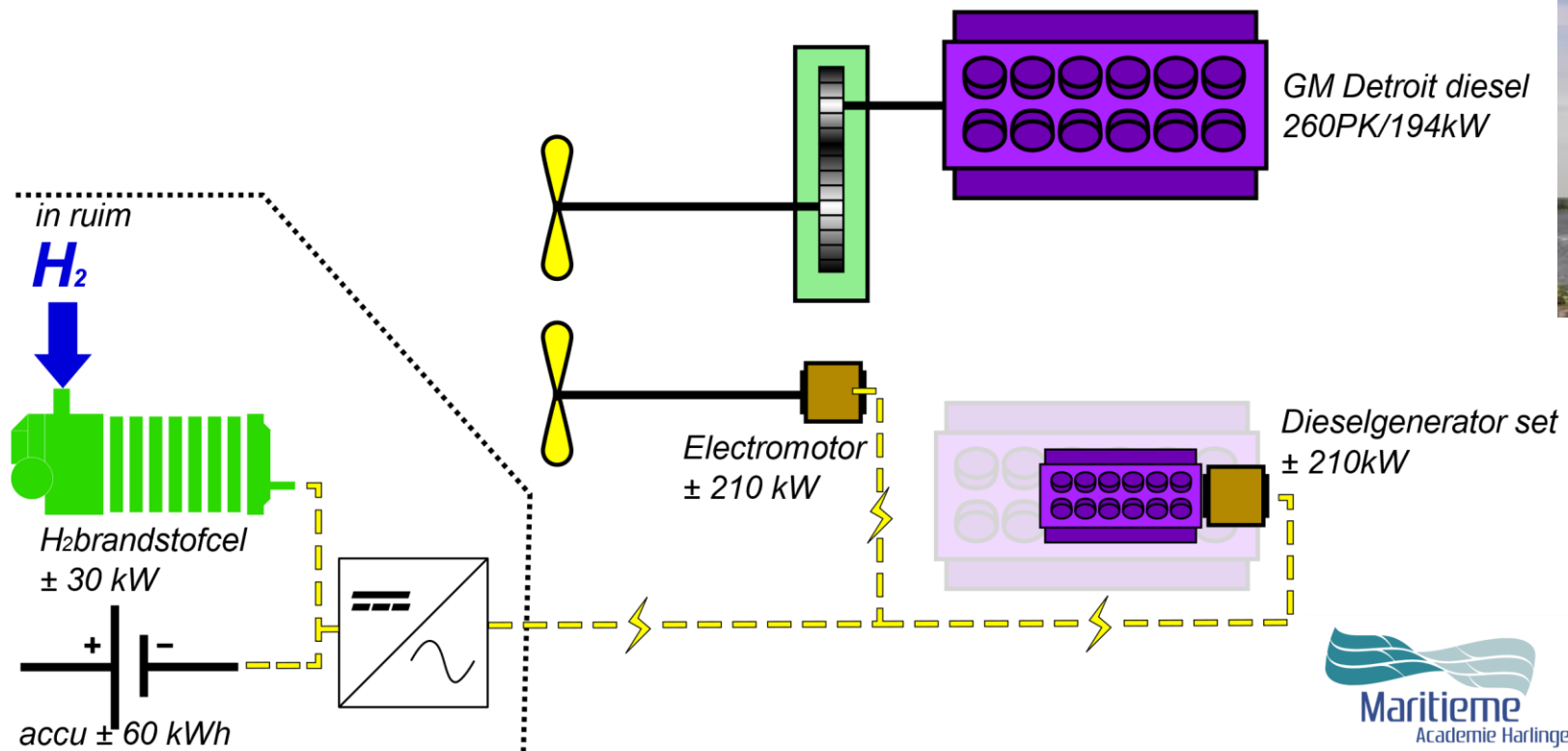


Hybrid Hydrogen Propulsion

EMELI

Toekomstige situatie

"Kempenaar"
55m x 7.2m 682T 1961



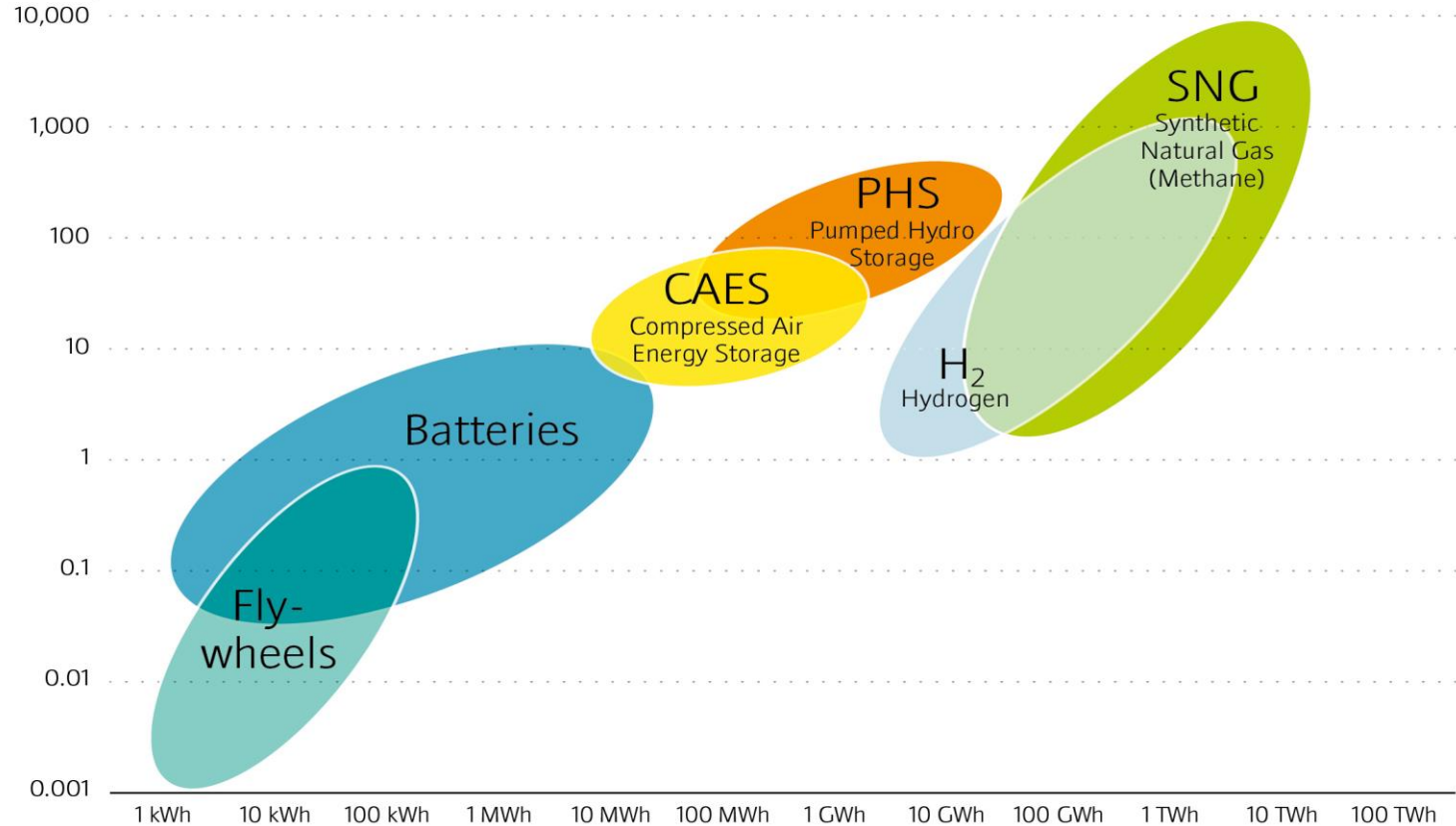
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Maritime Innovations in Green Technologies

Why hydrogen?

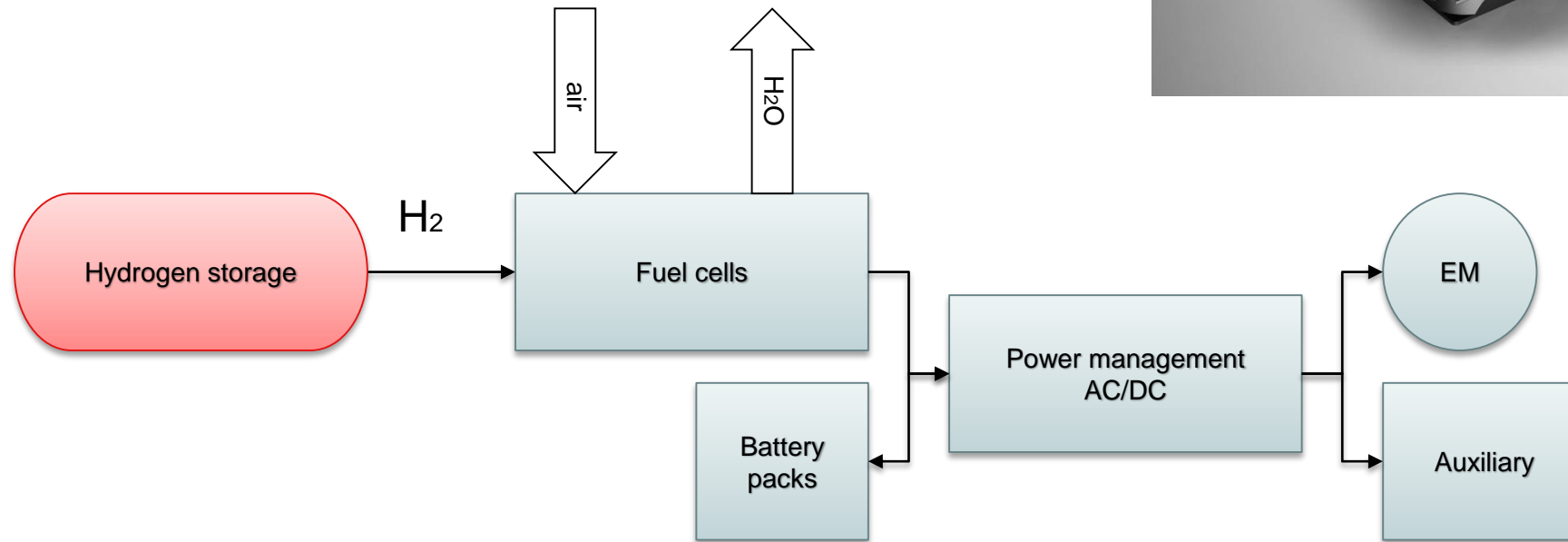
Overview storage capacity of different energy storage systems

Discharge time (hrs)



Renewables Global Futures Report Great debates towards 100 % renewable energy

Hydrogen configuration



Fuel cells characteristics

	LT-PEMFC	HT-PEMFC	SOFC
<i>Operating temperature (°C)</i>	40 - 80	150 - 180	500-1000
<i>Electrical efficiency (LHV)</i>	50-60	40-45	50-65
<i>Fuel purity required</i>	99.999% H ₂	CO<3%	Light hydrocarbons (S<20 ppm)
<i>Gravimetric power density (W/kg)</i>	250-1000	-	8.0-80
<i>Volumetric power density (W/l)</i>	300-1550	-	4.0-32
<i>Life time</i>	5 to 20k hours	10 to 60k hours	10 to 40k hours
<i>Start-up time</i>	<10 seconds	10 to 60 minutes	30 minutes to hours
<i>Load transients (0 to 100%)</i>	<5 seconds	2-5 minutes	<15 minutes
<i>Capital cost today (\$/kW)</i>	>1000	4000-4500	3500-15000
<i>Technology Readiness Level (TRL)</i>	8	7-8	5-7
<i>Cooling</i>	Water cooling	Water cooling	Air cooling
<i>Waste heat recovery</i>	-	-/+	++

van Biert, L., Godjevac, M., Visser, K., & Aravind, P. V. (2016). A review of fuel cell systems for maritime applications. *Journal of Power Sources*, 327(X), 345–364. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpowsour.2016.07.007>

Steps to completion

- Project changes implemented (LNG to Hydrogen)
- We are currently finalizing the FC tendering
- Construction phase will commence in October 2018
- MV Emeli will serve as a test bed for the new propulsion installation and will gather data after the completion of the refit in “every day service” as a training vessel



Hartelijk dank!
Dankeschön!
Thank you very much!

