

# **Europ**ean Good Practices in **Eco-creativity, na**tural fibres, short value chains

Renewable natural fibre resources – an important tool of the EU technology platform for textiles on the way into the bioeconomy and circular economy era

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5<sup>th</sup> RESET Seminar on "Eco-creativity, natural fibres, short value chains" Lodz. 17<sup>th</sup> October 2017





# Blends of Natural and Biosynthetic Fibres for Eco-efficient Yarns and Home Textiles



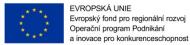
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# WE ARE LIVING IN A CHANGING WORLD

Rising population x limitation of fossil resources x at risk of scarcity of resources and water

Extensional growth of industrialization enter the era of **knowledge based economy** 

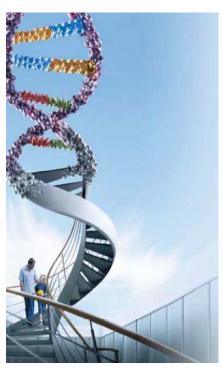
From the economy based on "make – use – go to waste" causing the scarcity of (fossil based) resources we tend towards **the circular economy** 

To stop pollutions we need to extend use of **cleaner productions**To foster the innovations we need to care about **sustainability of resources** 



# **BIOECONOMY**

# An integral tool of knowledge based circular economy includes two challenging instruments:



- 1. Tremendous development of industrial biotech as one of KET's
- 2. Integrated crop production subprogram

Both instantly support the progressive changes of **textile innovations** 





# **TEXTILE INNOVATIONS**

Textile – historically one of leading manufacturing sectors determining evolutionary trends of industrialization

- From extensional growth
- Consumption of huge volumes of energy and water
- Depletion of non-renewable resources
- Accompanied by high volumes of pollutants



**Biobased industry** – "learning by nature" – one of key partners

Competitive global market & expanding use of radically new bio-based materials and processing

#### Offer:

- resource efficient products = sustainability of resources
- shorter processes saving water, energy, less pollutants = efficiency

Influenced by strict envi legislation (REACH) and commitment of retailers (ZDHC) and NGO's (DETOX, MRSL-Greenpeace)





# **TEXTILE – RESOURCE SUSTAINABILITY**

70% of all textile fibres actually and most processing chemicals are fossil-based

#### Mainly used plant fibre - cotton

Due to the large consumption of water and pesticides

- not the sufficient envi friendliness
- long-distance supply chain less efficient for on-demand customised production
- potential risk of availability problems influenced by
  - changed climate of traditional Aral-Sea landscape
  - extensional markets of production countries
  - systematic support of local use ("Make it in India" etc.)

#### Natural fibres of local (EU) origin can play a key role in the TC resources sustainability

Joint – cluster strategy based on farmers – crop processing – industrial end users towards complex, waste-less utilization of crop and produced biomass support of rural economy

Cutting the existing strong dependence on imports and fossil based resources





# NATURAL RENEWABLE FIBRE RESOURCES

One of key elements of TC sustainable development

NF of EU origin: bast fibres - revitalization of flax, hemp

- waste less utilization of oilseed flax - fibres

novel qualities of regenerated cellulose fibres

resulting from massive (Scandic) program of

forest biomass utilization

(bio-based, ionic-liquids, potentially direct fibre

elementarization of wood cellulose)

Consequently – new bioprocessing encourage the circular economy concept

by recycling of cellulosic wastes-reduction of communal landfill volumes

**B2C consumers market:** fashion, function & comfort

rising customer demand to go greener

significant set up of bio-based materials in the daily life

**B2B technical market:** natural and emerging bio-based fibres incl.

nanofibrous structures as new end-products for

new markets

fibre reinforcement – in combination with bio-resins

- bio-composites - tool of modern industry,

step forward to the circular economy

related to the forestry biomass:

lignin – natural resin, potentially new way to efficient C-fibres

(alternative of synthetic PAC)



# **ETP TC - BioTEX**









In 2005 first long-term strategy of sustainable development became to be launch as the "European Technology Platform"

Biobased products selected by EC to be one of LMI (Lead Market Initiatives)

TC – one of first industrial branches using biobased materials (fibres) and processings (enzymes)

Close multidisciplinary cooperation – key to the fast and efficient innovation based on these facts

Biotex R&D roadmap - a joint research roadmap for the European industrial biotechnology and textile & clothing sectors (February 2009) – long term joint program of Euratex and Europa Bio

**Bioeconomy and industrial biotech** became to be one of **KET's** in Horizon 2020

TFE (Textile Flagship of Europe) – specific programs of ETP TC started activities:

TFE-1 Sustainability of resources

TFE-2 Sustainable efficient processing contain specific tools based on biotech, incl. NF



# **ETP FTC - SIRA**

#### "TOWARDS 4<sup>TH</sup> INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION OF TEXTILES AND CLOTHING"

In October 2016 an upgrade of the initial ETP document has been launched

In which: The Innovation Theme III - "Circular economy and resource efficiency"

Comprises 5 research priorities:

- 3.1. Novel flexible process technologies to save water, energy and chemicals
- 3.2. High-tech textile recycling for circular economy concepts
- 3.3. Sustainable substitutes for hazardous textile processing and chemicals biochem based textile processing
- 3.4. Bio-refinery concept using EU agricultural and forestry resources, waste or by-products for textile fibres and developing their processing and application aspects
- 3.5. Greater use of EU origin natural fibres and improving their processing and application aspects





### **ETP FTC - SIRA**

THEME III: "CIRCULAR ECONOMY AND RESOURCE EFFICIENCY"

#### FIBRE RESOURCES RELATED TASKS:

- **Res. Priority 3.4.: BIO-REFINERY CONCEPT** 
  - 3.4.1. Biorefinery routes and the generation of optimized building blocks incl. efficient synthesis of PET and PA monomers for biomass and generation of fibres with controlled features and end-of-life
  - 3.4.2. Processing of biobased polymers
- Res. Priority 3.5.: GREATER USE OF EU NATURAL FIBRES AND IMPROVING THEIR PROCESSING AND APPLICATION ASPECTS
  - 3.5.1. Development of weather independent methods of fiber degumming to improve uniformity of flax/hemp fibres extracted from fibrous plants
  - 3.5.2. Functionalization of linen/hemp fibres/textiles with use of inherent fibre properties

AND WASTE-LESS UTILIZATION OF OILSEED FLAX BY USE OF EXTRACTED FIBRES ESSENTIALS OF CORNET – BleNaBis EC Project (2016-2018)







#### Blends of Natural and Biosynthetic Fibres for Eco-efficient Yarns and Home Textiles

Replacement of synthetic (PA) fibres by renewable natural (flax) and biobased (Bio-PA) fibres in home textiles and carpets

Waste less utilization of oilseed-flax fibres – intensification of field retting process by enzymatic "bio-retting"

Intensification – extraction and elementarization of fibres from robust oilseed flax stalk elimination of seasonal climate changes on yield and quality

Bio-PA (PA 4.10; 6.10) use – processability, blending of renewable components - containing bio-based natural (castor oil based)1,10-decane-dioic acid (sebacic acid)

Design of constructions, dyeing















# **BleNaBis**

**Aim:** new biobased yarn for carpets and hometextiles



#### **Use of linseed straw**

(+) Low price
(-) Mechanical requirements
are not fulfilled



#### Use of biobased polyamide

- (-) High price
- (+) Mechanical requirements are fulfilled



#### Approach:

Combination of linseed straw and biopolyamide

#### **Processability**

Spinning - Weaving - Tufting - Finishing

**Eco-design** 













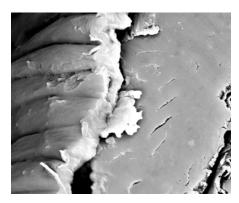


# **BleNaBis**

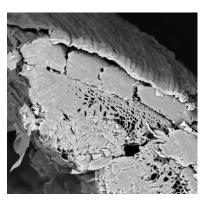
#### **Bio-retting:**

an enzymaticaly boosted field retting process special enzymes developed **TEXAZYM SER** series (*INOTEX*) effective application by spraying on the field

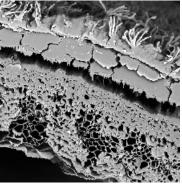
Simplified extraction of oilseed flax fibres, confirmed process ability by spinning and wet processing (bleaching, dyeing)



stalk OSF-pulled



OSF TEXAZYM SER 7 10 days



OSF TEXAZYM SER 7 16 days









# **BleNaBis**

#### Mechanical treatment - OFC device









HELPS
TO OPEN compact stucture of the stalk by mechanical power &
SEPARATION fibrous and wooden parts



Compatibility of natural oil-seed flax fibres with synthetic PA/PES and their replacement by bio-based PA (Bio PAX-DSM made by use of 70% renewable resources – ricinus oil - *Ricinus communis* – non food crop production land)

#### First steps by spinning

evaluation of wet process ability (bleaching of oilseed flax – Bio PA) dyeing optimization

#### Potential step forward into the

- resource sustainability
- circular economy



Guaranteed waste-less utilization of nutrient/technical plant (linseed fibre) and bio-based raw material with 0 food security impact

Co financed by:











Oil seed flax: BioPA 6.10 50:50 (Bio-retted) Vestamid Terra HS (Evonik)

#### Home textiles prototyping



twisted yarn



carpet

Waste-less utilization of oilseed flax fibre by single step bioretting
Proof of concept achieved (spinning, weaving, carpets)
Wet processability – bleaching, dyeing, special effects ready for scale-up



### **Dyeing - twisted yarn**



#### Polyester / oilseed flax



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# Dyeing (fabric) comparison PAD 66 and BioPA 6.10

Disperze dyes Acid dyes



PAD 610

**PAD 66** 



# Dyeing (fabric) comparison PAD 66 and BioPA 6.10



Metal komplex dyes

PAD 610



PAD 66







- Resource sustainability by renewable resources
- Biobased materials as a key to the circular economy
   + ecodesign

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Thank you!





