

How to measure and evaluate KPI's

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KPI types

 Outcome KPIs: lagging indicators are only able to give insight on historical performance,

 Driver KPIs: leading indicators that show organizational progress towards achieving goals.

KPI-s in general I

- Well defined and quantifiable
- Linked to the strategy
- Measuring and reporting only what matters
- Well communicated in organization
- All KPI targets must be linked

KPI-s in general II

There are thousands of KPIs to choose from. If you choose the wrong one, then you are measuring something that doesn't align with your

goals!



Key aspects measuring KPI-s



- Reliable information!
- Achievable target!
- Monitoring plan!
- Agreed definitions!

Target should be....!

- KPI-s should have short term and long term targets
- Target should be achievable!
- Targets should have impact

If target is not met....

 If target is not met then there should be action plan. There is no point of monitoring KPI-s when nothing happens when performance is not good enough.

Evaluating KPI-s

Target may not be reasonable during whole project period.

If organizational goals are changed then KPI-s must be changed also.

Post project evaluation.

After project period is good to make one more comprehensive evaluation. It can provide good input for next period

What KPI-s we are measuring

R&D investments

Productivity

Exports growth

3Y old enterprises who have >125000€ revenue

Number of enterprises who have 20+ employees

Revenue from new products and services

Number of exporting companies

New startups (supported companies)

Funding

Avarege employment costs

People employed

Taxes

Revenue

What KPI-s we are not measuring

- Value added of new start-ups
- Patents



Thank you!

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