

WATenERgy CYCLE

Urban water full cycle: from its source to its
end-users and back to the environment

WP5 Joint Pilot Actions

Joint Del. 5.5 Ex-Post Energy recovery evaluation



PP3 - Municipal Enterprise for Water Supply and
Sewerage of Kozani

PP4 - University of Thessaly-Special Account Funds for
Research-Department of Civil Engineering

PP2 - General Secretariat for Natural Environment and
Water

WP5: Joint Pilot Actions

- Responsible partners:
 - **PP3 - Municipal Enterprise for Water Supply and Sewerage of Kozani**
 - **PP4 - University of Thessaly-Special Account Funds for Research-Department of Civil Engineering**
 - **PP2 - General Secretariat for Natural Environment and Water**
- Partners involved: ALL
- Budget: 885,021.23 €

WP5: Joint Pilot Actions

WP5 includes Joint Pilot Actions

- Evaluation of the pilot case **prior** to the pilot actions. General presentation and description of the pilot case and the pilot action; identification of problems; water and energy audit (Water Balance and Pis); conclusion
- Evaluation of the pilot case **after** the pilot actions. Description of the pilot action implementation; water and energy audit after the implementation of the pilot action; discussion related to the new PIs values; problems encountered during the pilot action implementation; costs estimation; conclusions
- Summary report on the implementation of the pilot action (per partner).

WP5: Joint Pilot Actions

Beneficiary		Pilot action	Equipment	Water Use Efficiency	Energy Efficiency
LP	DEYA Larissas (Greece)	Purchase & Installation of Energy Recovery System (three IE3 High Energy Efficiency Motors 250 KW two Inverters, one Softstarter: & Installation Service) at the Central Pumping Station for Larisa Water Utility	three IE3 High Energy Efficiency Motors 250 KW two Inverters, one Softstarter: & Installation Service		√
PP3	DEYA Kozanis (Greece)	Purchase of Energy Recovery System (ENR) and Automated Meter Reading (AMR) (700 AMR, 2 mobile reading systems, software, 3 ENRs DN150 & 2 ENRs DN200, training) for Kozani Water Utility	700 AMR; 5 small hydroturbines	√ Apparent losses	√
PP5	UKKO (Albania)	Water leak detection car (equipped with facilities), Leak detection equipment flow analysis, aquaphone, analysis secorr 300. Water losses measurement database and decision support system. Korça City Zone Pressure no. 3 will represent the UKKO JSC study area that will be our pilot action area	Leak detection car with incorporated Water Leak detection Equipment	√ Real losses	
PP6	WBN (Cyprus)	Purchase of equipment for water pressure management (PRVs) and smart water meters SCADA, PILLAR, software including training of personnel. Monitor operating parameters (pressure, flow, quality parameters). Water Balance calculation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 700 AMR in DMA25 · PRV installation in DMA 15 · Electronic sensors for water quality monitoring · Electronic power generators 	√ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Apparent losses · Real losses 	√
PP7	BWA (Bulgaria)	Purchase of leak detection, monitoring and sewerage network inspection equipment. Training purposes	Water leak detection equipment to be used for training & educational purposes	√ Horizontal training	
PP8	Prilep (N. Macedonia)	Purchase of leak detection system and measuring equipment, GIS software for "Water supply and drainage". Water losses measurement database and decision support system	GIS software and leak detection system and measuring equipment	√ Real losses	

WP5: Joint Pilot Actions – Water or Energy Efficiency?

Water use efficiency

PP3-DEYAK

PP5-UKKO

PP6-WBN

PP7-BWA

PP8-JKP ViK Prilep

Energy efficiency

LP/PP1 - DEYAL

PP3 - DEYAK

PP6-WBN

LP/PP1 pilot action

- Larissa replaced **3 old type pumps with 3 new type (Inverter)**. The pumping station is located at the main facilities of the company and raises the manometric height of the water that comes from the drillings in the area of Giannouli-Falani.
- the pumping station consists of 9 pumps of which 5 are always working.
- With the installation of the 3 new types of pumps, **both** the old and the new pumps **work simultaneously**.
- It is **very easy to compare** the sizes of energy consumption and energy savings observed



LP/PP1 pilot action: results

No	Days in operation	Pump	Operation hours (h)	Mean Daily energy consumption (Kwh)	Energy cost (€/kWh)	Pumped volume of water (m3)	Mean Pump supply (m3/h)	Maximum Average Daily Benefit (€/days)	Current Average Daily Benefit (€/days)
13	49		857	3157	0,13	543467	11091	106,11 €	62,87 €
1	08/07/20	1	234	48128	206	149201	638	0,32	22,07%
2	08/07/20	5	244	49951	205	155894	639	0,32	
Olp pumps group			478	98079	205	305095	638	0,32	
3	08/07/20	7	248	40491	163	164687	664	0,25	
4	08/07/20	8	243	40062	165	156963	646	0,26	
5	08/07/20	9	244	40578	166	161863	663	0,25	
New pumps group			735	121131	165	483513	658	0,25	

LP/PP1 pilot action: results

- ✓ Energy cost per pump decreased by **22.07%**
- ✓ After 49 days in operation, these 3 new pumps saved **62,87 €/day**, or **22.947 €/year**

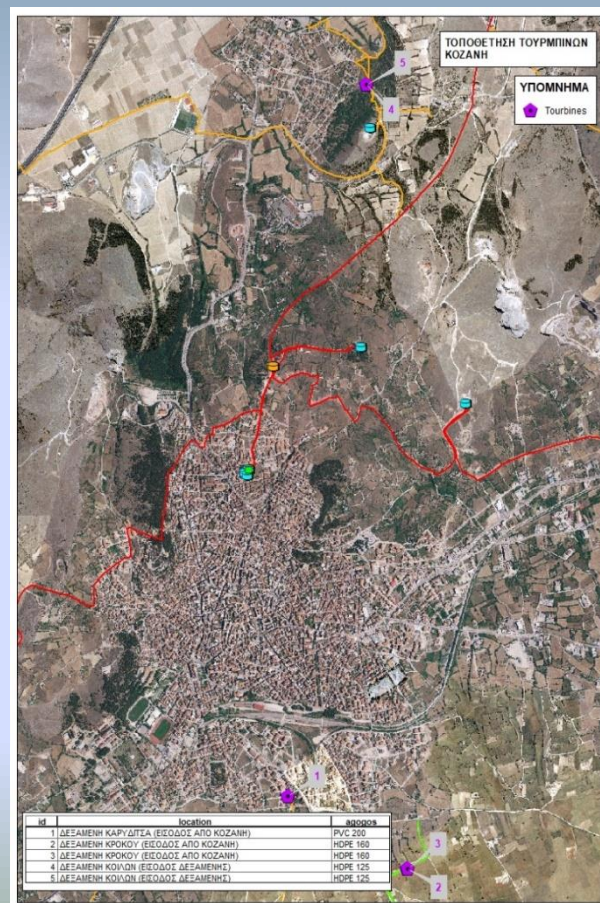
In case all pumps were of new type, the savings would have been equal to **106,11 €/day**, or **38.730 €/year**

- ✓ The replacement of old high-energy pumps with a new type of inverter pumps is a no risk implementation. Government policy should promote the replacement of old high-energy pumps and push for their replacement with a new type of inverter
- ✓ Cost of pumps installation: 129.000 € + VAT.
- ✓ The cost of equipment was 129.000€. At present value, the depreciation of the equipment takes place within $129.000 / 22.947 = 5.62$ years.

PP3 pilot action

- DEYAK have installed 5 small hydro-turbines at selected network locations to supply existing electronic equipment that requires power supply. The sites are at the entrance and exit of tanks that receive water from the Kozani water supply network, and then feed settlements around the city. The recording equipment in the tanks takes energy from the electricity network.

id	location	Pipe (diameter / material
1	Kariditsa water tank (inlet pipe from Kozani WDS)	PVC 200
2	Krokos water tank (inlet pipe from Kozani WDS)	HDPE 160
3	Krokos water tank (outlet pipe to Krokos WDS)	HDPE 160
4	Koila water tank (inlet pipe from Kozani WDS)	HDPE 125
5	Koila water tank (outlet pipe to Koila WDS)	HDPE 125



PP3 pilot action: results

✓ Results:

- The energy production according to technical specifications is 10W/20W (Vs flow)
 - In Koila installation the energy production is 18 W/h
 - After 1 year operation the energy recovered per hydrospin would be 157 kWh/year
 - The group of 5 devices regarding the pilot case would be 785 kWh/year
-
- ✓ The benefit in Kwh is approximately equal to 785. The cost per kwh is 0,10158€. So the total savings in € is **80€**.
 - ✓ The benefit gained from the installation of the pilot actions is indirectly related to the energy efficiency. The installation of power generators we **can** save energy spent for the replacement of batteries.
 - ✓ Cost of the pilot action: 18,800.00€
 - ✓ At present value, the depreciation of the equipment takes place within $18.800 / 80 =$ **235 years**.

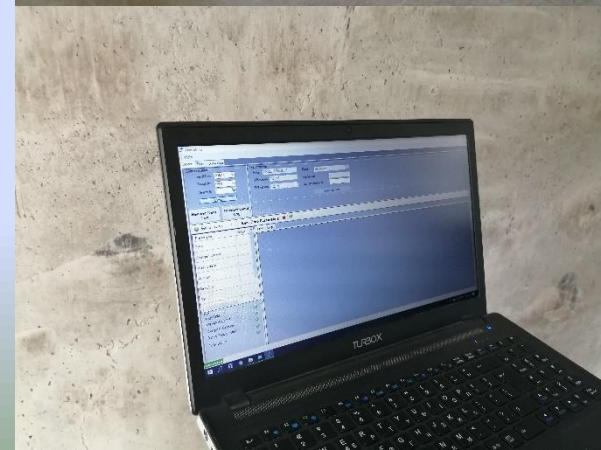
PP6 pilot action

- Since in some remote Areas it is difficult and expensive to have electric power for supplying energy to our ultrasonic water meters that are connected to our SCADA system, we wanted to try small inline generators.
- we chose 2 generators of OD 200mm, 2 generators of OD 150mm and 1 generator of OD 100mm. These sizes cover most of the pipe diameters used in the water network system of the Water Board of Nicosia. The water meters were powered by batteries that needed to be replaced every 21 to 30 days. This results to a cost of maintenance and travel for the replacement of the batteries as well as the time needed for the employee to go to that specific area and replace the batteries.

PP6 pilot action



DMA's 1C, 2A, 2B, 8A & 16A.



PP6 pilot action: results

Water Board of Nicosia Performance Indicators		
	Year 2015	Year 2016
Pumping energy cost (%)	0,76%	0,79%
Electrical energy cost (%)	1,08%	1,05%
Pumping Energy consumption (kWh/m3)	0,024	0,027
Total Energy consumption (kWh/m3)	0,031	0,034
Energy recovery (%)	0	0
Standarized energy consumption (kWh/m3/100m)	0,512	0,480

PP6 pilot action: results

Evaluation of effect of Regular Leak Detection Intervention (permanent deployment of acoustic noise loggers) and pressure management (control of pressure through a Pressure Reducing ValveS (no.2) – Po=40m, Pred.=27m) in controlling the level of water losses and the occurrence of leakage incidents. (Estimated Non-Revenue Water during the year 2019 : 14.7% or 153 m3/day).

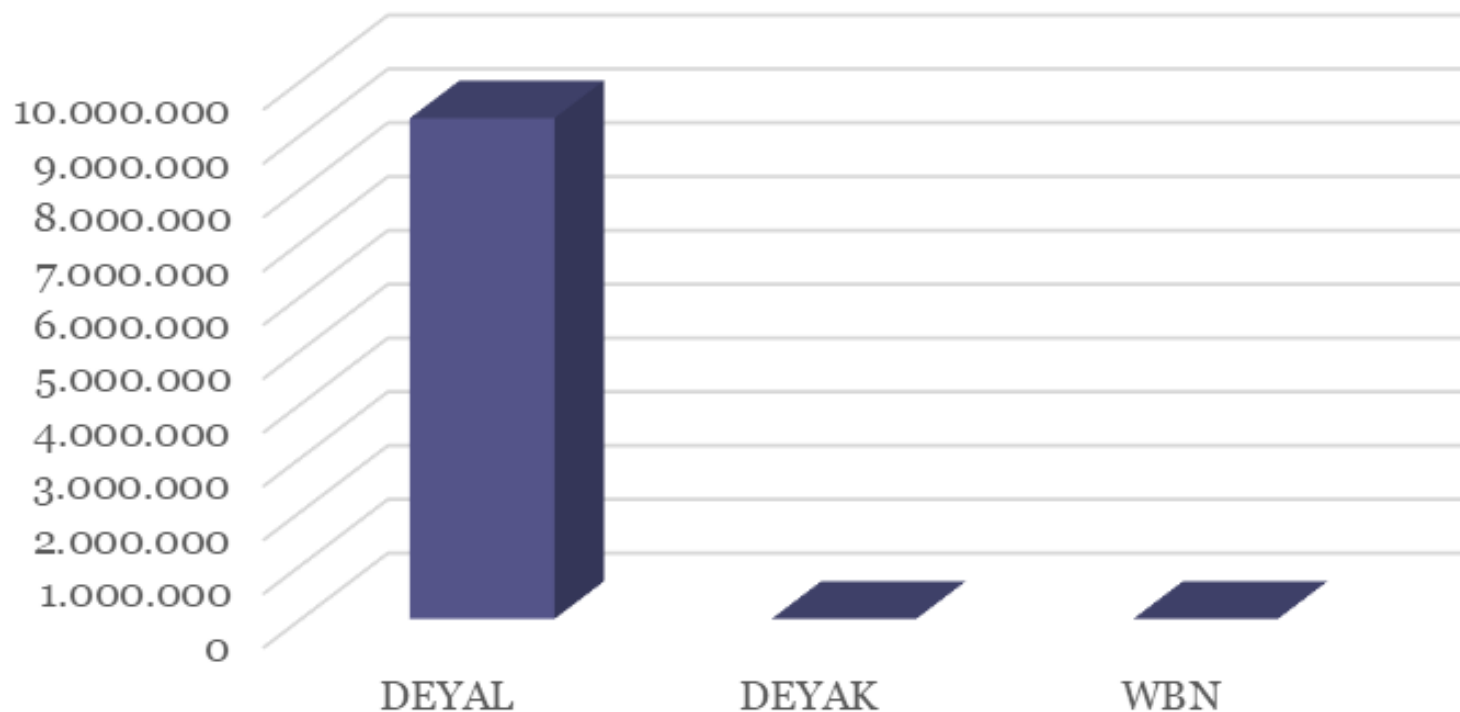
Estimation of the amount of water losses due to leakage through Minimum Night Flow analysis in DMA 20A, during November 2019							
Month	Minimum Night Flow, in m3/hr	Total Flow, in m3/hr	Estimation of the amount of water losses due to leakage, in m3/hr	Night to day pressure variation factor	Daily amount of water losses due to	Reduction in the amount of water losses, in m3/day	% REDUCTION
1/11/2019	13	700	7,8	21,9	170		
24/11/2019	23	900	16,3	21,9	360	190	112%
30/11/2019	8	545	3,9	21,9	90	-270	-75%
Water loss reduction	270	m3/day					
Unit Cost of Water	0,82	Euro/day					
Total Savings	221	Euro/day					
COST OF PRODUCTION IN DESALINATION PLANTS							
1.220 Desalinated water production Power Consumption (kWh				4,52 kWh/m3			
104 Desalinated water production Energy Cost (EURO/day)				0,08519 EURO/kWh			
Reduction in water losses due to the location of 3 unreported leakage incidents in supply connection (no.2) and distribution pipes (no.1) through the patrol of 130 Permalogs installed in the distribution network of Area 20, during November 2019.							

Ex-post – PIs (2019 base year)

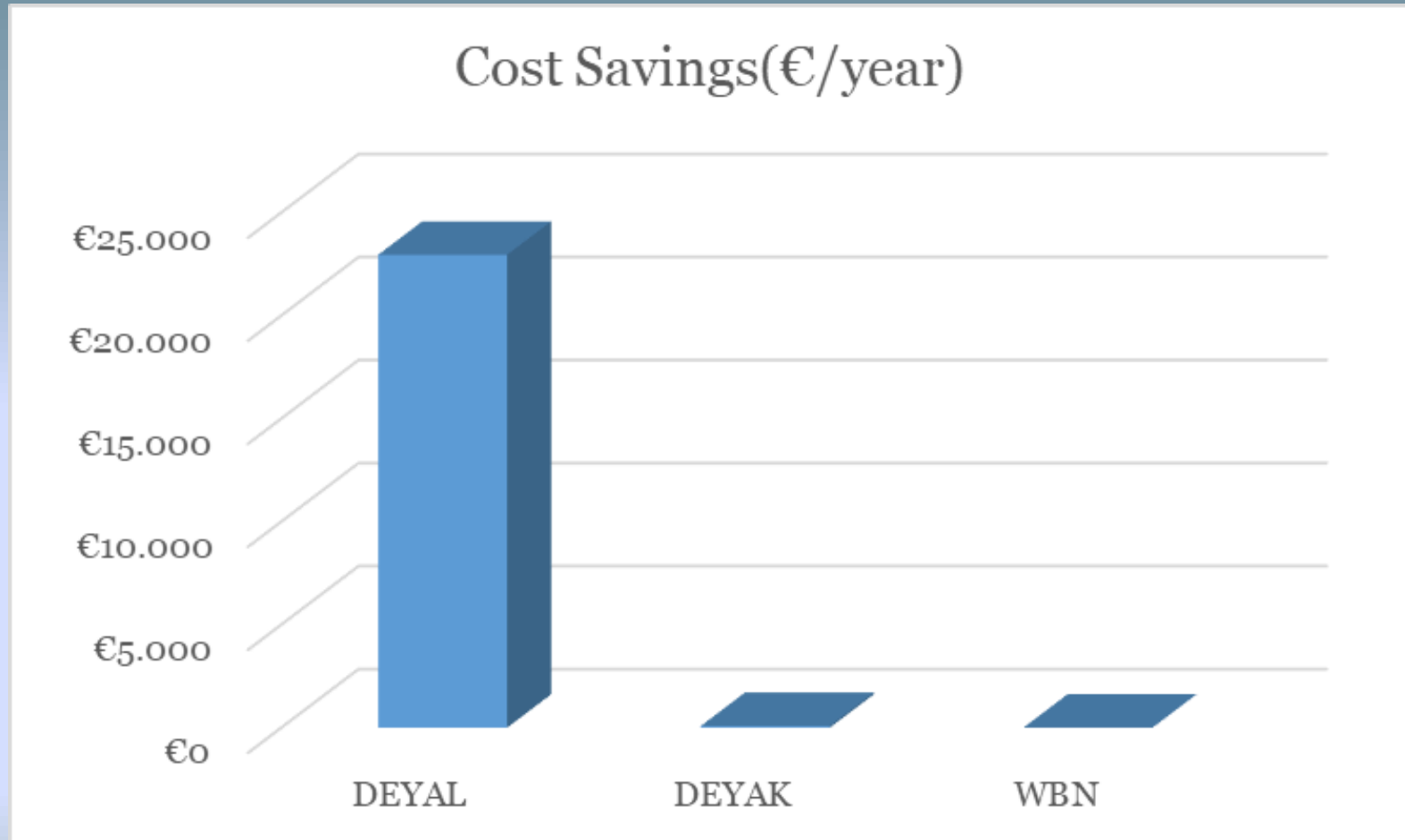
	Energy Production / Energy reduced (Kwh/year)	Cost Savings(€/year)	Cost of equipment (€)	Time of depreciation (years)
DEYAL	9.307.500	22.947€	129.000€	5,62
DEYAK	785	80€	18.800€	235,00
WBN	-	-	15.600€	-

Ex-post – PIs (2019 base year)

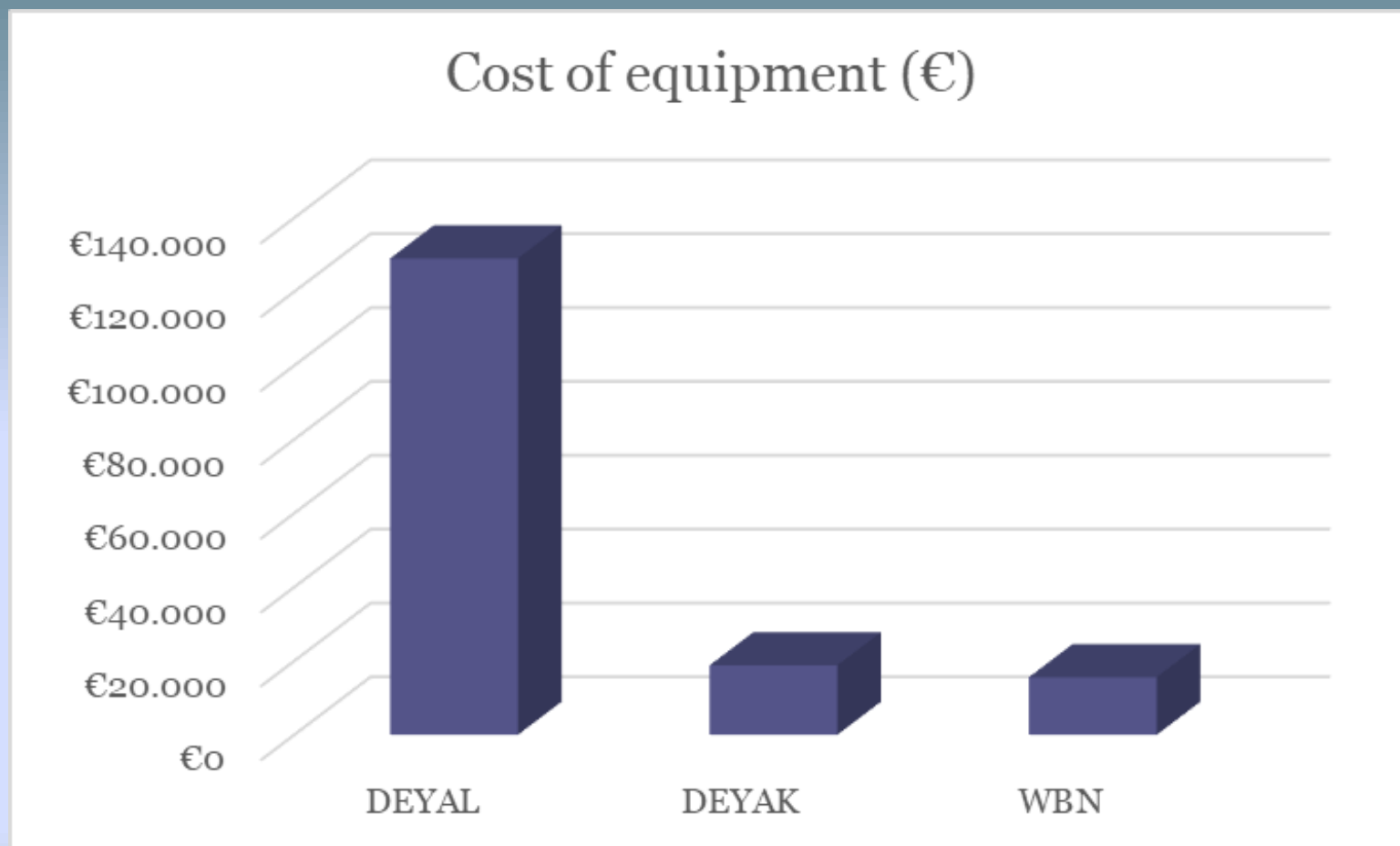
Energy Production / Energy reduced
(Kwh/year)



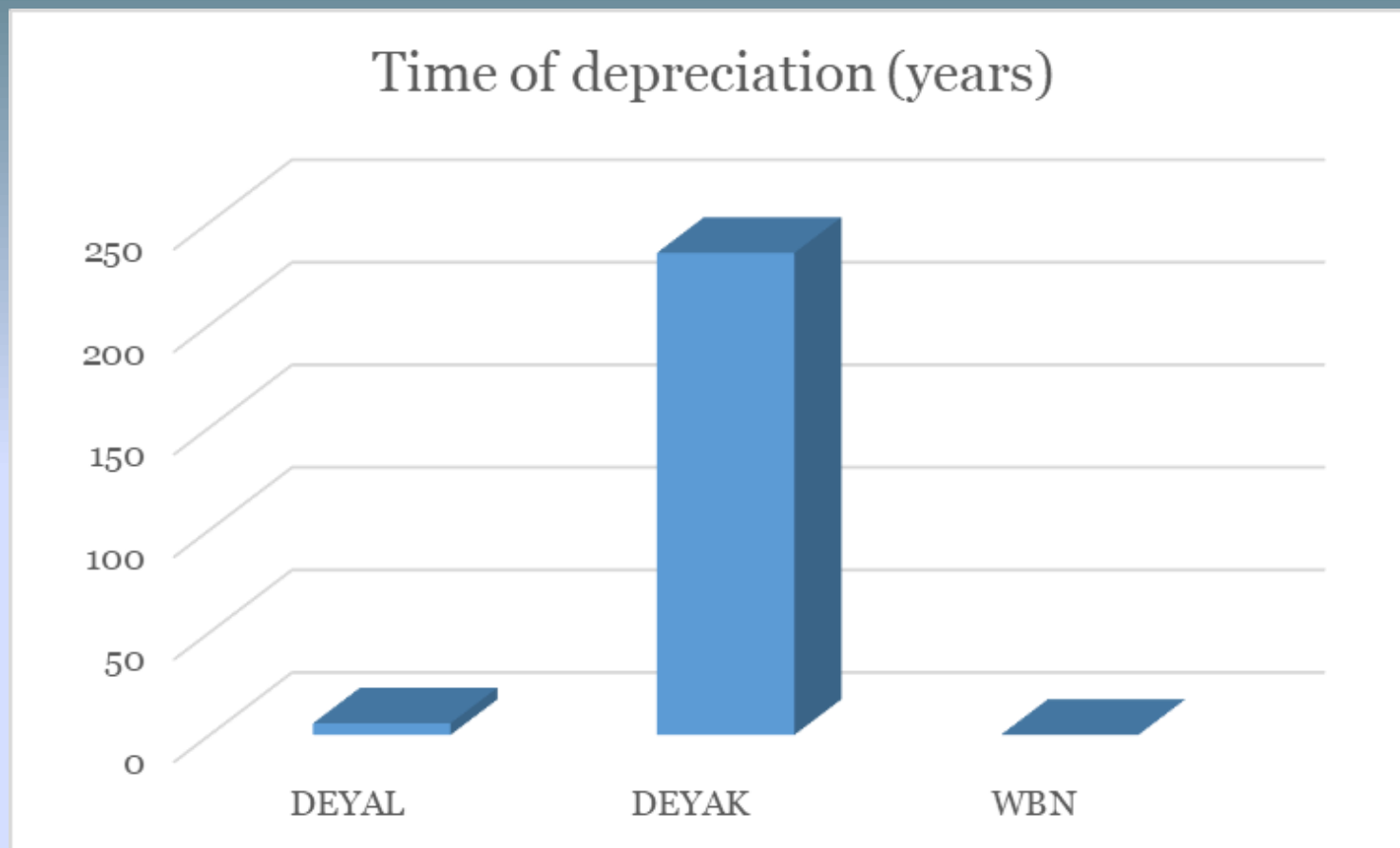
Ex-post – Pls (2019 base year)



Ex-post – cost of equipment



Ex-post – depreciation period



Ex-post – Conclusions

- In **DEYAL pilot case**, the results showed that the installation of this equipment is worthwhile and should take place in all pumping stations.
- In **DEYAK pilot case**, it turned out that the energy produced is very small, so the investment is not worthy. The application of these small devices will be useful only in case of remote flow meters, where there is no constant power supply and not enough sunshine to install small photovoltaics.
- In **WBN pilot case**, the results in energy production are the same as in Kozani. However, it turned out that their installation is advantageous only for the replacement of batteries, where there is no constant power supply.

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