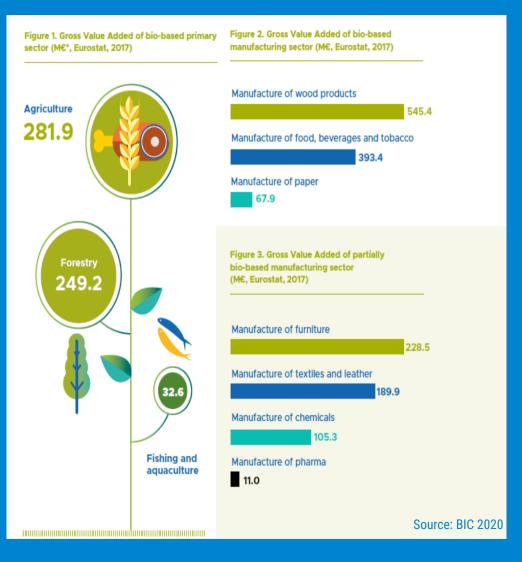


Developing bioeconomy in Estonia

International scientific conference
"Sustainable bioeconomy development 2020: from thinking globally to acting locally
25 June 2020

Argo Peepson
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Estonian Ministry of Rural Affairs

Bioeconomy in Estonia

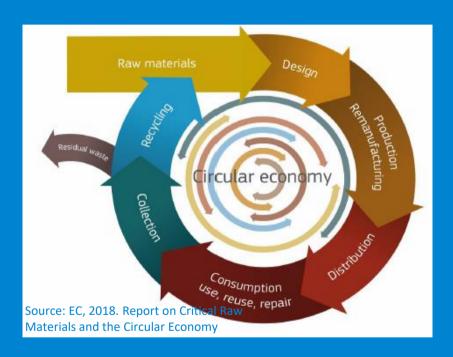


- ~ 7-8% of all Estonian companies
- ~ 12% of employees (2017)
- Value added created by bioeconomy companies: 11% (2016) -> wood processing, food and beverage branches 50-60% of the total value
- Share of bioeconomy enterprises in the total export volume ~17%

(Kers, 2019)

Challenges

- Biggest bottleneck is low added value
- The principles of the circular economy are not yet widespread
- Cross-sectoral cooperation and the agreement of strategic developments at national level



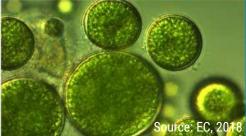
Areas of priority

- Development Plan of Agriculture and Fisheries 2030
 - The use of residues and by-products as a valuable resource
 - Aquaculture and marine farming also has great development potential
 - Setting up biorefineries suitable for primary producer
- Development Plan "Estonia 2035"
 - Making Estonia a recognized centre for the development of the bioeconomy in Europe
 - Support innovation cooperation between companies and R&D institutions
 - Technologies and innovation of marine resources









Actions taken and planned for bioeconomy development

- RDP 2014–2020 measures:
 - ❖ M4.1, M6.4, M16
- CAP Strategic Plan 2021–2027:
 - Investments for demonstration of valorisation of bioresources (biorefineries) – farmers and processors in agriculture, forestry
 - Innovation interventions for piloting (e.g. biomass processing technologies)
- Horizon, ERDF etc.



Examples

Estover

Biogas production from wastewater and whey collected from the dairy industry replacing the current use of oil shale



First-of-a-kind **wood fractionation** demo plant in Estonia using hardwood biomass



Planned biogas plant. Source: Estover



Sweetwoods demo plant in Estonia. Source: Sweetwoods



Thank you!

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