

Cluster On Anaerobic digestion environmental Services and nuTrients removAL

Closing the nutrient loop by harvesting beach wrack and applying digestate on farmland

> Jörgen Held **Baltic Energy Innovation Centre**

> > Baltic macroalgae conference 6-7 May 2021





















## The challenge



Eutrophication has both ecological and social consequences and is one of the major environmental problems in the Baltic Sea.

The COASTAL Biogas project is a reponse to this challenge.





















European Regional Development Fund

## **COASTAL** Biogas



**Interreg South Baltic** Programme:

Budget: 1,666,820 €

42 months (07/2018 – 12/2021) **Duration:** 

Participation: 6 partners from 5 countries

FNR – coordinator

Gdansk University of Technology

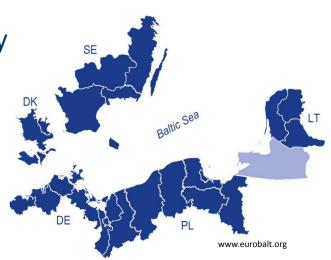
**Baltic Energy Innovation Centre** 

Lithuanian Energy Institute

Roskilde University

University of Rostock

+ 11 Associated partners















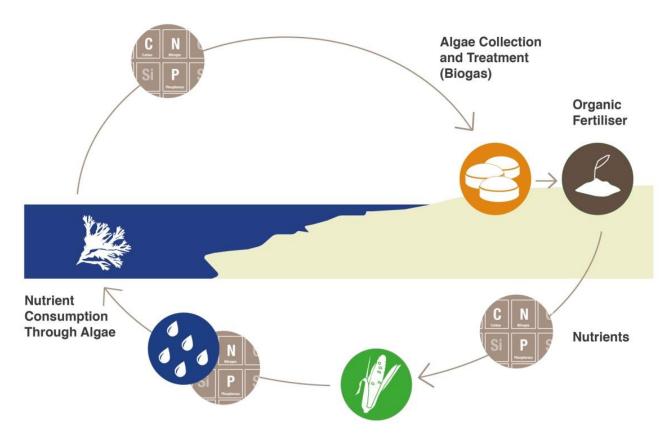




## What the project is about...



Provide solutions based on anaerobic digestion of cast seaweed to coastal regions to tackle eutrophication, contribute to the transition to a circular bio-economy and improve prosperity.



Angela Clinkscales, **UROS** 

> European Regional Development Fund



















#### Cast seaweed as substrate





Cast seaweed is co-digested in industrial scale at Solrød Biogas plant in Denmark.

1,522 tons of cast seaweed was processed in 2019. The total capacity of the biogas plant is 226,000 tons of substrate.











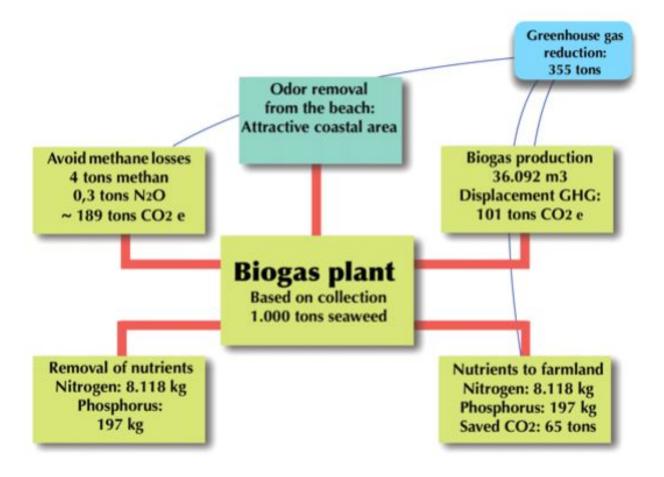






#### **Environmental benefits**





Source: Prof. Tyge Kjær, Roskilde University. Presented at 4<sup>th</sup> COASTAL Biogas conference.

















### Cast seaweed as substrate



The biogas yield depends on how fresh the cast seaweed is. The fresher, the better!

The sand content is challenging - increased wear on biogas equipment and sand accumulation in the digester.

Digestion of cast seaweed as single substrate is not feasible -> co-digestion

Contributes to a more stable process (trace elements, nutrients)

Increased biogas yield – synergies (seems to have a positive impact on the process conditions)

















#### Socio-economic benefits



Reduce eutrophication - close the nutrients cycle – circular bio-economy and organic farming – less need for synthetic fertilisers

Eliminate the inconveniences with rotten seaweed on the beaches (smell, flies, GHG emissions and release of toxic H<sub>2</sub>S) and improve water quality for the benefit of recreation, tourism and value of coastal residential properties























#### Socio-economic benefits



Create local value chains – regional development and new job opportunities

Cost efficient solution compared to direct reduction of fertiliser on farm land (nitrogen directive, water framework directive)



















Save the date

## Biogas and digestate from cast seaweed - anaerobic digestion

17.06.2021 | 10:00-15:30 CEST

Online - free of charge-limited to 100 participants

Registration and agenda: https://www.coastal-biogas.eu/events/conference-poland





















#### www.coastal-biogas.eu





#### Contact:

Baltic Energy Innovation Centre (BEIC)

Dr. Jörgen Held jorgen.held@beic.nu +46 725 199 425





















# Thank you!

