

GRASPINNO

Transnational model, strategies and decision support for innovative clusters and business networks towards green growth, focusing on green e-procurement in EE/RES for energy refurbishment of public buildings.

Deliverable: 3.2.1

Methodology for developing green electronic procurement criteria

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1 Introduction

1.1 Scope and objectives of the deliverable

This report represents the "methodology for developing green electronic procurement criteria" deliverable for the GRASPINNO project and describes part of the work undertaken in WP3 "Testing". The main objective was the development of a methodology to be used for the development of electronic green public procurement criteria, including the identification of a) general specifications and standards for green eProcurement and b) green criteria that products/services should have.

1.2 Structure of the deliverable

This deliverable is structured in 6 chapters:

Chapter 2, *"General standards and specifications of green eProcurement"* describes general standards and specifications for green eProcurement with particular emphasis on "green" criteria for products and services.

Chapter 3, *"Methodology for green eProcurement criteria"* presents the methodology to be used for the development of electronic green public procurement criteria, prior to the pilot tests to be executed by specific GRASPINNO partners, in order to help the public authorities in the definition of the green criteria of their pilot-tenders and support SMEs offer/provide end-users with green products that fulfill the required green criteria.

In **Chapter 4**, "Identified EU GPP criteria for public buildings refurbishment", there is a presentation of the identified EU "green" criteria for the main categories (Indoor lighting, Office Building Design/Construction/Management, Combined Heat and Power, Furniture, Toilets & Urinals, Wall Panels, Water-based heaters and Sanitary Tapware) related to buildings' refurbishment.

Chapter 5, "ASHRAE criteria", arrays some indicative "green" criteria related to buildings' refurbishment, as these criteria resulted from the study of specific ASHRAE standards.

Finally, in the Annex we have included the harmonized “green” criteria for buildings’ refurbishment, that are applicable in 5 countries (Greece, Slovenia, Cyprus, Italy, Bosnia-Herzegovina) participating in the GRASPINNO project.

2 General standards and specifications of green eProcurement

2.1 Brief description

Green Public Procurement (GPP) is defined in the Communication (COM (2008) 400) "Public procurement for a better environment" as "a process whereby public authorities seek to procure goods, services and works with a reduced environmental impact throughout their life cycle when compared to goods, services and works with the same primary function that would otherwise be procured.". GPP is a voluntary instrument, which means that Member States and public authorities can determine the extent to which they implement it.

Public authorities are major consumers in Europe: they spend approximately 1.8 trillion euro annually, representing around 14 % of the EU's gross domestic product. By using their purchasing power to choose goods and services with lower impacts on the environment, they can make an important contribution to sustainable consumption and production. Green purchasing is also about influencing the market. By promoting and using GPP, public authorities can provide industry with real incentives for developing green technologies and products. In some sectors, public purchasers command a significant share of the market (e.g. public transport and construction, health services and education) and so their decisions have considerable impact.

2.2 General standards and specifications

The existence of a procurement model which includes e-procurement that takes into account "green" extensions of products/services is an important factor that contributes positively to the efficient use of energy and money saving for the Public Sector. The procedures of such a model should cover all phases of the supply cycle and the stages of the transaction, from the call for tenders, the examination of the necessary conditions and terms, until the payment and management of the respective contracts. Such a model should be an integrated solution that automates, monitors and controls the processes of green procurement in the best possible way for the public bodies and the suppliers.

This common model should, also, follow the evolution stages of already existing public e-procurement systems. Specifically:

1. Existence of a website that provides general information and on-line forms for a tender.
2. Searchable databases and complete online forms.
3. Two-way communication with the respective suppliers and safe introduction of suppliers' confidential data.
4. Sharing of certified data with other services, with the condition that there is consent from the part of suppliers.

Additionally, the GRASPINNO tool, may adopt operational models and standards used by Public Authorities and organizations across Europe. Indicative examples are the following:

e-Tendering: through e-Tendering the creation and publication of the tender notice and the creation and circulation of the required documents are processed electronically. Usually, the process is coordinated through a central portal where all the necessary tender documents are available (e.g. notices, specifications, FAQs, etc.). Furthermore, through the portal the suppliers may submit their offers by using the standardized electronic forms (e-Access, e-Submission). Regarding the necessary information and administrative documents from the suppliers involved, these are available in the respective electronic registry of suppliers from which are recovered in order to be checked. Finally, through the portal it is possible the communication between the Public organization that manages/publishes the tender and the participating suppliers.

A typical e-Tendering model includes the following stages:

- *Online tender publication:* access to published tender notices through the portal, usually through databases accessible via Internet.
- *Electronic delivery of documents:* the participating suppliers can access the Portal and either "download" the tender documentation (eg notice, specifications, etc.), or receive them via email. In this way, a supplier may save time as he can quickly determine whether the declaration of a tender interests him or not.
- *Electronic submission of tenders (e-Submission):* the participating suppliers may submit their offers electronically. A requirement for the implementation

of this step is the existence of appropriate certification and transaction security applications (eg, electronic signatures, etc.).

Online auctions: electronic auctions are based on an electronic mechanism responsible for submitting financial offers for a tender. The auctions are not a full evaluation process but an important part of this. They are performed after a preliminary evaluation of offers has been conducted (open, restricted, negotiated tender), allowing them to be ranked by using an automatic evaluation method. Once the preliminary evaluation of the offers is held, the organization performing the tender sends an electronic invitation to the selected suppliers so that they may participate in the auction.

Electronic marketplaces: this standard acts as an e-market where suppliers present their profile and offered products/services, thus offering the possibility for public bodies to have an overview of the market. In conjunction with potential electronic catalogues, it is possible the creation of an online platform through which the public bodies may order products/services.

Electronic catalogues: Electronic catalogues have specific structure and rely on integrated electronic suppliers' and products' registries that are also based on standards for their structure. By using of electronic catalogues the following advantages are foreseen:

- A reduction of the time needed for data analysis is achieved and the errors are minimized, since no iterative checks regarding suppliers' data are required.
- The standard structure of the electronic catalogues allows finding suppliers through specialized searching queries in the electronic catalogues based on specific criteria (eSourcing).
- Facilitation of the process for selecting the winning supplier (eAwarding) since the data lists are directly comparable.
- Facilitation of the process for receiving electronic orders (eOrdering).

Furthermore, to the above standards additional functions can be implemented, so as to complete the functionality of a GPP model. Such indicative functions are the following:

Qualification systems: In public procurement, suppliers are required to prove that they meet specific financial and technical specifications, as well as their experience. In addition, they must submit various administrative documents for each tender (e.g. balance sheets, legal documents, Chamber certificates, bank statements, etc.). Qualification systems can reduce the bureaucratic procedures, since they support the automatic submission and control of procurement documents. The documents of each company are being checked once at a specified time from the institutional framework, and after their initial submission are available on-line for all public bodies.

e-Awarding: This function aims to help the offers evaluation process both through the automation of the standard procedures and through the use of decision support tools which assist in the ranking of suppliers and the selection of the contractor, thereby enhancing transparency and integrity of the respective process. Moreover, this function is able to send a notice and all related documents to the selected contractor-supplier.

e-Evaluation: this function helps the evaluation of the offers submitted by a supplier in order the final tender contractor to be selected.

e-Contracting: This function takes over to support the electronic management of training and the monitoring of the contracts execution.

e-Ordering: this unit performs all functions that are relative to the creation and distribution by electronic means of all the documents related to specific orders.

e-Invoicing: This function is responsible for automating the process of creating and distributing the respective invoices between the buyer and the supplier.

e-Payment: Refers to the information distribution regarding payments and/or accomplishment of electronic payments between the buyer, the supplier and the bank. In addition, this component supports the electronic management of the Bank Guarantees.

For all the above functions/standards the existence of standardized electronic catalogues (e-Catalogues) per supplier is required. The existence of electronic records

for suppliers/products contributes substantially in avoiding errors and automating the process of public procurement.

Finally, the GRASPINNO integrated tool should take into account certain "green" standards for the products/services that will include.

Indicative examples are the following:

- When it comes to the packaged products these should have in their packaging
 
 this certain Green Seal. This seal on the product's packaging means that the company that produces the product has fulfilled its obligations in relation to the responsibility for the recovery and recycling of the packaging as it is foreseen by Directive 62/1994/EK and the relevant law 2339/2001.
- The products/services should have eco-labeling and meet specific environmental criteria. The EU has created a specific "green procurement" toolkit (http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/eu_gpp_criteria_en.htm) which includes energy criteria for the following: Copy and printing paper, cleaning products/services, office IT equipment, constructions, transport, furniture, electricity, catering services, textiles, gardening products/services, glass, insulation, hard floor coverings, walling, cogeneration of heat and electricity, roads and road markings, street lighting and signaling, cell phones and interior lighting. Therefore, if for the product/service requested environmental criteria were set, then the technical specifications should include these statutory criteria. The use of criteria from voluntary or mandatory energy/eco-label certificates in tenders may lead companies to produce greener products globally. Indicative energy labels are the following:



Picture 1: Energy/Green labels

- The legislative framework (European/National) established for the supply of specific products/services should be taken into account. Briefly we mention the following:
 - Minimum requirements for the energy performance of new and existing buildings. Energy performance certification for buildings.
 - Supply of electricity which is generally produced from renewable sources, and not from a particular source or technology.
 - Supply of electrical appliances (i.e. air conditioners etc.) of energy class A, at least.
 - Supply of lamps of energy efficiency classes A or B and which have electronic ballast. Also, the lighting systems in buildings should have maximum energy efficiency 55 lumen/W.
 - Office equipment (e.g. screens, PCs, laptops, printers, fax, etc.) should be certified at least with the «Energy Star» certificate.
- In the GRASPINNO tool should not be included products containing substances or sub-products which are harmful to the environment such as polyurethane products, asbestos products, detergents and cleaning products with phosphates, vinyl products (chlorinated plastic PVC), etc.

3 Methodology for green eProcurement criteria

3.1 General description

In this section, a methodology for the development of green eProcurement criteria is described. This methodology will be used in the training seminars that will be organized by specific GRASPINNO partners prior to the pilots in order to support the Public Authorities in defining the green criteria of their pilots and, also, support the SMEs to provide products/services that fulfill the required green criteria. The procedure for EU GPP criteria development must follow such a methodology in order to make the criteria development process more participatory and enhance synergies among different product-related policy instruments, for example EU GPP and EU Ecolabel.

The eGPP criteria are developed to facilitate the inclusion of green requirements in public tender documents. While the adopted GPP criteria aim to reach a good balance between environmental performance, cost considerations, market availability and ease of verification, procuring authorities may choose, according to their needs and ambition level, to include all or only certain requirements in their tender documents.

3.2 Methodology for GPP criteria

The basic concept of GPP relies on having clear, verifiable, justifiable and ambitious environmental criteria for products and services, based on a life-cycle approach and scientific evidence base. The criteria should be similar to avoid a distortion of the single market and a reduction of EU-wide competition. Having common criteria reduces considerably the administrative burden for economic operators and for public administrations implementing GPP. Common GPP criteria are of a particular benefit to companies operating in many countries as well as SMEs (whose capacity to master differing procurement procedures is limited). The GPP criteria are based on data from an evidence base, on existing ecolabel criteria and on information collected from stakeholders of industry, civil society and Member States. The evidence base uses available scientific information and data, adopts a life-cycle approach and engages stakeholders who meet to discuss issues and develop consensus.

For the purposes of the GRASPINNO pilot actions, a specific methodology will be followed in order green criteria to be identified. This methodology should include:

1. Adoption of the EU legal framework regarding GPP [Directive 2004/17/EC (Utilities), Directive 2004/18/EC (Goods, works, services)].
2. *Adoption of the treaty of the European Communities*: The following principles must be respected:
 - a. Free movement of goods
 - b. Freedom to provide services
 - c. Non-discrimination
 - d. Equal treatment
 - e. Transparency
 - f. Proportionality
 - g. Mutual recognition
 - h. Best value for money.
3. Identification of EU GPP criteria, related to activities for energy efficient public buildings refurbishment.
4. Based on the EU GPP criteria, focus on the related applicable national green criteria.
5. Investigation if the identified criteria are related to the ASHRAE criteria for buildings' energy efficient refurbishment.
6. *Respect of the technical specifications of GPP tenders*: in the pilot actions the following technical specifications could be respected:
 - a. *Clear definitions*: All Technical Specifications must be sufficiently precise to allow potential suppliers to understand exactly what is required. It is not possible to simply demand that "All offered products must have a low environmental impact" - it must be clearly defined what "low environmental impact" means, for instance by using the standards or ecolabel criteria.
 - b. *Technical standards*: The Technical Specifications of the product or service can be defined by referring to existing international, European or national technical standards such as ISO, EN, DIN. Such reference shall be accompanied by the words 'or equivalent', so that a supplier whose product meets an alternative but equivalent standard is not discriminated against.
 - c. *Performance/Functional requirements*: Technical Specifications can also be defined in terms of the environmental performance of the product or service (such as ecolabel criteria), or the function you require the final product to fulfil. Specifying the function rather than

defining the exact technical characteristics of what you require allows greater flexibility in how potential suppliers can respond, giving an option for innovative responses (e.g. "Indoor air conditions in a building: inside temperature between 18-22oC during winter and 26-28oC during summer and a relative humidity of 50%").

- d. *Ecolabel criteria:* You can request that the product(s) meet the underlying criteria of a recognized ecolabel and recognize the ecolabel as non-exclusive proof of compliance – you cannot require that the product carries the ecolabel itself - other forms of proof must be accepted (e.g. For PCs, the energy consumption must comply with the standards set in the Energy Star label").
- e. *Production and process related criteria:* includes requirements related to the way in which the product has been produced, as long as they are relevant for characterising the product based on a life cycle approach – this implies that the environmental criteria can concern aspects of the production process such as, for instance, emissions to air and water during the production process, which do not necessarily impact on the physical characteristics of the end product. It can be indicated that during the production of paper, harmful emissions to air and water may not exceed certain limits, or that electricity is produced from renewable sources because these criteria characterize the end-product from a life cycle perspective.

4 Identified EU GPP criteria for public buildings refurbishment

4.1 Overall description

As mentioned before, specific GRASPINNO partners will perform pilot actions in their regions. These pilot actions have to do with the energy efficient refurbishment of public buildings by using the integrated GRASPINNO eGPP tool. For this reason, specific EU “green” criteria related to works/services (i.e. indoor lighting, Office/Building design, Furniture, etc.) for the buildings’ refurbishment were identified. In the following subsections, the “green” criteria for each category are presented.

We have identified specific main categories (Indoor lighting, Office Building Design/Construction/Management, Combined Heat and Power, Furniture, Toilets & Urinals, Wall Panels, Water-based heaters and Sanitary Tapware) related to buildings’ refurbishment. For each of these categories, we have defined EU “green” criteria, as follows.

4.2 Overall Category: Indoor lighting

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Existing installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Tungsten halogen lamps)	Tungsten halogen lamps energy class	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class C
2	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Fluorescent lamps without integral ballast)	Compact fluorescent lamps without integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
3	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (reflector/chandelier type fluorescent lamps with integral ballast)	Globe shaped, pear shaped, reflector type or chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps with integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
4	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All lamps other than halogen lamps with colour rendering index $Ra \geq 90$).	All lamps other than halogen lamps with colour rendering index $Ra \geq 90$	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
5	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All other fluorescent lamps with integral ballast).	All other compact fluorescent lamps with integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A
6	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (15W T8 tubular fluorescent lamps).	15W T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, and miniature tubular fluorescent lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
7	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Circular lamps).	Circular lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Existing installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
8	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Other tubular fluorescent lamps).	Other tubular fluorescent lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A
9	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All other lamps incl. LED).	All other lamps including LEDs and discharge lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: New & Renovated installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy class for lamps of new & renovated installations (all lamps with colour rendering index $R_a \geq 90$)	All lamps with colour rendering index $R_a \geq 90$ (where this is required for the activities being carried out in the building)	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
2	Energy class for lamps of new & renovated installations (all other lamps)	All other lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lamp life					
Lamp life (Hours) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lamp life (Tungsten halogen lamps)	Tungsten halogen lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 2.000 hours
2	Lamp life (reflector/chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps)	Globe shaped, pear shaped, reflector type or chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 6.000 hours
3	Lamp life (other compact fluorescent lamps)	All other compact fluorescent lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 10.000 hours
4	Lamp life (circular lamps)	Circular lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 7.500 hours
5	Lamp life (T8 tubular fluorescent lamps with electromagnetic ballasts)	T8 tubular fluorescent lamps with electromagnetic ballasts	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 15.000 hours
6	Lamp life (Other tubular fluorescent lamps)	Other tubular fluorescent lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 20.000 hours
7	Lamp life (HID non-directional lamps)	HID non-directional lamps (primary burning position)	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 12.000 hours

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lamp life					
Lamp life (Hours) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
8	Lamp life (HID directional lamps)	HID directional lamps (primary burning position)	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 9.000 hours
9	Lamp life (retrofit LEDs)	Retrofit LEDs with integrated control gear	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 15.000 hours
10	Lamp life (other LEDs)	Other LEDs	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 20.000 hours

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Mercury content					
Mercury content (mg/lamp) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Mercury content (compact fluorescent lamps, less than 30W)	Compact fluorescent lamps, wattage less than 30W	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ	Max. mercury content 2,5

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Mercury content					
Mercury content (mg/lamp) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
				:L:2009:076:0017:0044 :en:PDF	
2	Mercury content (compact fluorescent lamps, more than 30W)	Compact fluorescent lamps, wattage 30W or over	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044 :en:PDF	Max. mercury content 3
3	Mercury content (T5 tubular lamps, lifetime less than 25.000 hours)	T5 tubular fluorescent lamps, lifetime less than 25.000 hours	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044 :en:PDF	Max. mercury content 2,5
4	Mercury content (T5 tubular lamps, lifetime more than 25.000 hours)	T5 lamps, lifetime 25.000 hours or more	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044 :en:PDF	Max. mercury content 4

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Mercury content					
Mercury content (mg/lamp) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
5	Mercury content (T8 tubular lamps, wattages less than 70W, lifetime less than 25.000 hours)	T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, wattages less than 70W, lifetime less than 25.000 hours	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 3,5
6	Mercury content (T8 tubular lamps, wattages more than 70W)	T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, wattage 70W or over	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 5
7	Mercury content (T8 lamps, lifetime more than 25.000 hours)	T8 lamps, lifetime 25.000 hours or more	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 5

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Packaging					
Packaging “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lamps’ packaging (cardboard and corrugated paper boxes)	Cardboard and corrugated paper boxes used for lamps’ packaging			Shall be made of at least 50% post-consumer recycled material.
2	Lamps’ packaging (plastic materials)	Plastic materials used for lamps’ packaging			Shall be made of at least 50% post-consumer recycled material.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting power density					
Lighting power density (W/m²) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lighting power density (Car park)	Lighting power density for car parks	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,5
2	Lighting power density (Court)	Lighting power density for courts	EN 12464-1		Max. density 14
3	Lighting power density (Exhibition space, museum)	Lighting power density for exhibition spaces, museums	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
4	Lighting power density (Fire station)	Lighting power density for fire stations	EN 12464-1		Max. density 12

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting power density					
Lighting power density (W/m²) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
5	Lighting power density (Further education)	Lighting power density for further education	EN 12464-1		Max. density 13
6	Lighting power density (Hospital)	Lighting power density for hospitals	EN 12464-1		Max. density 12
7	Lighting power density (Library)	Lighting power density for libraries	EN 12464-1		Max. density 12
8	Lighting power density (Offices-cellular)	Lighting power density for cellular offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 13
9	Lighting power density (Offices-open plan)	Lighting power density for open plan offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 11
10	Lighting power density (Police station)	Lighting power density for police stations	EN 12464-1		Max. density 14
11	Lighting power density (Post office)	Lighting power density for post offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 14
12	Lighting power density (Prison)	Lighting power density for prisons	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
13	Lighting power density (Public hall)	Lighting power density for public halls	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
14	Lighting power density (Residential)	Residential Lighting power density	EN 12464-1		Max. density 11
15	Lighting power density (Residential-communal spaces)	Residential (communal spaces) Lighting power density	EN 12464-1		Max. density 6
16	Lighting power density (School)	Lighting power density for schools	EN 12464-1		Max. density 8
17	Lighting power density (Sports centre)	Lighting power density for sports centers	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
18	Lighting power density (Town hall)	Lighting power density for town halls	EN 12464-1		Max. density 13

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Normalized lighting power density					
Normalized lighting power density (W/m²/100 lux) "green" criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Normalized lighting power density (Bedrooms)	Normalized lighting power density for bedrooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 7,5
2	Normalized lighting power density (Canteens)	Normalized lighting power density for canteens	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,5
3	Normalized lighting power density (car parks)	Normalized lighting power density for car parks	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,2
4	Normalized lighting power density (lifts, stairs)	Normalized lighting power density for lifts, stairs	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
5	Normalized lighting power density (Conference rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for conference rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
6	Normalized lighting power density (Gym)	Normalized lighting power density for gyms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
7	Normalized lighting power density (Halls)	Normalized lighting power density for halls	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
8	Normalized lighting power density (Hospitals/examination rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for hospitals/examination rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 4
9	Normalized lighting power density (Domestic kitchens)	Normalized lighting power density for domestic kitchens	EN 12464-1		Max. density 5
10	Normalized lighting power density (restaurant kitchens)	Normalized lighting power density for restaurant kitchens	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
11	Normalized lighting power density (Laboratories)	Normalized lighting power density for laboratories	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
12	Normalized lighting power density (Libraries)	Normalized lighting power density for libraries	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
13	Normalized lighting power density (Lounges-long area)	Normalized lighting power density for long area lounges	EN 12464-1		Max. density 6

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Normalized lighting power density					
Normalized lighting power density (W/m²/100 lux) "green" criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
14	Normalized lighting power density (Lounges-small area)	Normalized Lighting power density for small area lounges	EN 12464-1		Max. density 7,5
15	Normalized lighting power density (open plan offices)	Normalized lighting power density for open plan offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,3
16	Normalized lighting power density (Cellular Offices)	Normalized lighting power density cellular offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3
17	Normalized lighting power density (Plant rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for plant rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
18	Normalized lighting power density (Post rooms/switchboards)	Normalized lighting power density for post rooms/switchboards	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
19	Normalized lighting power density (Prison cells)	Normalized lighting power density for prison cells	EN 12464-1		Max. density 4
20	Normalized lighting power density (Reception)	Normalized lighting power density for receptions	EN 12464-1		Max. density 4
21	Normalized lighting power density (Rest rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for rest rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 5
22	Normalized lighting power density (Retail)	Normalized lighting power density for retails	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,5
23	Normalized lighting power density (School classrooms)	Normalized lighting power density for school classrooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,3
24	Normalized lighting power density (Store rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for store rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
25	Normalized lighting power density (waiting rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for waiting rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting controls					
Lighting controls installation “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lighting controls in infrequently occupied spaces	Installation of lighting controls in infrequently occupied spaces			Occupancy sensors which turn off the lighting after the space becomes unoccupied, unless this would endanger safety or security.
2	Lighting controls in unoccupied spaces at night/weekends	Installation of lighting controls in unoccupied spaces at night/weekends			Installation of either time switches or occupancy sensors to switch off the lighting after the space becomes unoccupied at night or at weekends.
3	Lighting controls in spaces with side windows	Installation of lighting controls in spaces with side windows			Should be controlled in rows parallel to the windows, so that the rows nearer to the windows can be switched off separately.
4	Lighting controls in offices/conference rooms/classrooms etc.	Installation of lighting controls in offices/conference rooms/classrooms etc.			Accessible by the occupants switches in convenient locations.
5	Lighting controls in daylight circulation areas	Installation of lighting controls in daylight circulation areas			Automatic daylight linked control (either switching or dimming).

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Installation of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Installation of lighting systems					
Lighting controls installation “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Instructions about the new/renovated lighting installation	Written instructions regarding the new/renovated lighting system			Provision of: • Disassembly instructions for luminaires • Instructions on how to replace lamps, and which lamps can be used in the luminaires without increasing the stated power densities. • Instructions on how to operate and maintain lighting controls • For occupancy sensors, instructions on how to adjust their sensitivity and time delay, and advice on how best to do this to meet occupant needs without excessive increase in energy consumption • For daylight linked controls, instructions on how to recalibrate and adjust them, for example to take into account changes to room layout. • For time switches, instructions on how to adjust the switch off times, and advice on how best to do this to meet occupant without excessive increase in energy consumption.
2	Management of the installation wastes	Environmental measures to reduce and recover the waste that is produced during the installation of a new or renovated lighting system.	WEEE directive	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/wEEE/index_en.htm	All waste lamps and luminaires and lighting controls shall be separated and sent for recovery.

4.3 Overall Category: Office Building Design, Construction and Management

This GPP criteria set addresses the procurement process for office buildings, including their design, site preparation, construction, servicing and ongoing management. For the purposes of the criteria, the product group “Office buildings” shall comprise buildings where mainly administrative, bureaucratic and clerical activities are carried out.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: New-built projects					
Subcategory – Level 5: Minimum Energy performance					
Minimum Energy performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy performance for new-built projects	Energy performance of a new-built office building	EN 15603	https://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/sites/energyefficiency/files/events/High-Performance-Buildings-June-2013/Papers/session3/34_pap_socal_-_en_15603_new_features_-_2013-06-06.pdf	Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) class C or three times the kWh/m ² cut-off value for the best class or a maximum of 135 kWh/m ² (whichever is the strictest);

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Renovations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Minimum Energy performance					
Minimum Energy performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy performance for renovation of building	Energy performance of a renovated office building	EN 15603	https://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/sites/energyefficiency/files/events/High-Performance-Buildings-June-2013/Papers/session3/34_pap_socal_-_en_15603_new_features_-_2013-06-06.pdf	Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) class D or four times the kWh/m ² cut-off value for the best class or a maximum of 170 kWh/m ² (whichever is the strictest);

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Cost optimal performance					
Cost optimal performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Cost optimal performance	Cost optimal performance of new-build and major renovation projects	EN 15603, EU Delegated Regulation 244/2012	https://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/sites/energyefficiency/files/events/High-Performance-Buildings-June-2013/Papers/session3/34_pap_socal_-_en_15603_new_features_-_2013-06-06.pdf , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2012:081:0018:0036:en:PDF	The cost optimum primary energy demand for a public office building expressed in kWh/m ² as calculated according to the methodology in Commission Delegated Regulation No 244/2012.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy management system					
Energy management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Installation of a building energy management system	Installation and commission of a building energy management system			A building energy management system (BEMS) shall be installed and commissioned that provides occupants and facilities managers with real-time information on the building's energy use by using networked sensors and a minimum of half hourly utility metering.
2	Building energy management system interface	Guidelines for the interface of the Building energy management system interface			The user interface shall allow for information on the buildings energy use to be analyzed and downloaded by occupants and facilities managers without requiring significant training.
3	Key energy aspects control by the Building energy management system	Control of the building's key energy aspects			The performance of key aspects of the building that can be controlled by the system shall be easy to adjust i.e. lighting, heating, cooling.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Low or zero carbon energy sources					
Low or zero carbon energy sources “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Connection to cost-effective energy systems	Connection of a building's energy system to alternative cost-effective energy systems			Where the building is located so as to benefit from the potential to connect to a high efficiency and cost-effective

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Low or zero carbon energy sources					
Low or zero carbon energy sources “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					alternative energy systems, the building’s energy systems shall be designed to connect to this infrastructure.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Staff travel plan and infrastructure					
Staff travel plan and infrastructure “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Staff travel plan	Identification of a travel plan for the occupants of the building			The plan shall identify specific measures that, taking into account the local context, may reduce the need for commuting to the building by private car and promote the use of more sustainable modes of transport, to include cycling and walking, public transport, low emission vehicles, and car sharing.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Recyclable waste storage					
Recyclable waste storage “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Dedicated recyclable waste storage	Availability of a dedicated waste storage within the building			Dedicated recyclable waste storage shall be provided within the building, or within the curtilage of the building, to facilitate the segregation of recyclable materials and end-of-life products by occupiers.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Thermal comfort conditions					
Thermal comfort conditions “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Indoor thermal comfort conditions	Indoor temperature conditions	EN 15251	https://ec.europa.eu/energy/intelligent/projects/en/projects/commoncense	Design indoor temperature values (minimum room temperature in winter, maximum room temperature in summer) for the office building shall comply with at least category II in accordance with EN 15251 or equivalent. Annex A1 shall be referred to for mechanically cooled buildings and A2 for passively cooled buildings.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Daylighting and glare control					
Daylighting and glare control “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Daylighting and glare control (Usable office space-externally facing facades)	Daylighting and glare control of the externally facing facades of usable office space			Useable office space shall for 80% of the useable floor area achieve an average Daylight Factor of 1.5%
2	Daylighting and glare control (Usable office space-interior facing facades)	Daylighting and glare control of the interior facing facades of usable office space			Useable office space shall for 80% of the useable floor area achieve an average Daylight Factor of 0.7%

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Ventilation and air quality					
Ventilation and air quality “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Ventilation system air supply (Normal outdoor air quality)	Indoor air supply by the building’s ventilation system	EN 15251	https://ec.europa.eu/energy/intelligent/projects/en/projects/commonense	Quality rating of IDA 2
2	Ventilation system air supply (Poor outdoor air quality-ODA class 2 or 3)	Indoor air supply by the building’s ventilation system	EN 13779	http://www.cres.gr/greenbuilding/PDF/prend/set4/WI_25_Pre-FV_version_prEN_13779_Ventilation_for_non-residential_buildings.pdf	- No air intake should be positioned on a façade or facades exposed to busy roads (road to be indicated in the ITT). Where this is not possible, the opening should be positioned as high above

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Ventilation and air quality					
Ventilation and air quality “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					the ground as possible. The design shall additionally be in compliance with guidance A2.2 in EN 13779; - Ventilation system filters shall be in compliance with the specifications in table A.5 of EN 13779 or equivalent.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Strip-out, demolition and site preparation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Demolition waste audit and management plan					
Demolition waste audit and management plan “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Re-use, recycling, material recovery of non-hazardous waste	Re-use of non-hazardous waste generated during demolition and strip-out works			Re-use of the demolition wastes at a minimum of 55% of the wastes’ weight.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Sourcing of legal timber					
Demolition waste audit and management plan “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Source of the timber	Identification of the timber's source	EU 995/2010	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2010:295:0023:0034:EN:PDF	All timber or timber products to be supplied must be legally harvested

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Site waste management					
Site waste management “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Site waste management	Management of the wastes arising during construction and renovation, excluding demolition waste	EU Directive 2008/98/EC	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2008:312:0003:0030:en:PDF	Less than or equal to 11 tones per 100m ² gross internal office floor area.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Selection of fit-out materials and finishes					
Selection of fit-out materials and finishes emissions (µg/m³) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Emissions of TVOCs (3 days)	TVOCs emissions (3 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	10.000 µg/m³
2	Emissions of TVOCs (28 days)	TVOCs emissions (28 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	<2.000 µg/m³
3	Emissions of Formaldehyde (3 days)	Formaldehyde emissions (3 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	-
4	Emissions of Formaldehyde (28 days)	Formaldehyde emissions (28 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	< 120 µg/m³

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Completion and handover					
Subcategory – Level 4: Quality of the completed building fabric / Air tightness					
Air tightness “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Design air tightness (new-build)	Air tightness for new-build buildings	EN 13829	https://www.attma.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/09	4 m³/(h.m²) at 50 Pascals

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Completion and handover					
Subcategory – Level 4: Quality of the completed building fabric / Air tightness					
Air tightness “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Design air tightness (renovations)	Air tightness for renovated buildings	EN 13829	/ATTMA-TSL1-Issue-3-Rev-0-2016.09.09.pdf https://www.attma.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/ATTMA-TSL1-Issue-3-Rev-0-2016.09.09.pdf	8 m ³ /(h.m ²) at 50 Pascals

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Building energy management system					
Energy management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy Management system reports	Facilities management reports			Monthly reports which disaggregate heating, cooling, ventilation and lighting energy use on a seasonal basis.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy performance contract					
Energy performance contract “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy performance contract	Agreement regarding the limits of building's energy consumption			Agreement based on the preliminary modelling of the buildings energy consumption, limits on energy consumption associated with lighting, heating, cooling, ventilation and auxiliary power.
2	Energy performance contract duration	Duration (in years) of the agreement			At least 10 years
3	Contract liabilities	Contract liabilities between facilities manager and contracting authority			If energy usage were to exceed the limits set, the building operator or facilities manager (as appropriate) would be liable for the additional costs. If energy usage were to be below these limits, the savings would be shared 50:50 (or an alternative agreed apportionment of the savings) with the contracting authority. The arrangement shall be subject to a review on an annual basis.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Waste management system					
Waste management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Installation of waste management system	Waste management systems for recycling/re-use of occupants' materials			Installation of a waste management system that will allow occupiers to segregate paper, cardboard, food and drink packaging (glass, plastic and other materials for which local separate collection systems exist) into separate streams for recycling. Batteries, ink and toner cartridges, IT equipment and furniture shall also be collected and arranged for re-use or recycling where possible.

4.4 Overall Category: Combined Heat and Power

The scope for the purposes of this GPP specification is defined further using the Cogeneration Directive as a basis. For the purposes of this GPP specification cogeneration is defined as „the simultaneous generation of thermal energy and electrical and/or mechanical energy“. The criteria are applicable to cogeneration units, which shall mean a unit that can operate in cogeneration mode.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Combined Heat and Power					
CHP “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Combined Heat and Power equipment overall energy efficiency	Energy efficiency (annual sum of electricity and mechanical energy production and useful heat output divided by the fuel input used for heat produced in a cogeneration process and gross electricity and mechanical energy production) of CHP unit	Cogeneration Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004L0008&from=EN	75%
2	Combined Heat and Power equipment overall energy efficiency (energy savings calculated as follows: $PES = \left[1 - \frac{1}{\frac{CHPH\eta}{RefH\eta} + \frac{CHPE\eta}{RefE\eta}} \right] * 100\%$	Energy efficiency (annual sum of electricity and mechanical energy production and useful heat output divided by the fuel input used for heat produced in a cogeneration process and gross electricity and mechanical energy production) of CHP unit	Cogeneration Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004L0008&from=EN	80%
3	Combined Heat and Power equipment overall energy efficiency (primary energy savings calculated based on PES by replacing: • “CHP H_η” with “H_η” • “CHP E_η” with “E_η”	Energy efficiency (annual sum of electricity and mechanical energy production and useful heat output divided by the fuel input used for heat produced in a cogeneration process and gross electricity and mechanical energy production) of CHP unit	Cogeneration Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004L0008&from=EN	Above 70%

4.5 Overall Category: Furniture

This GPP criteria set addresses the procurement process for furniture. Furniture is a broad product group that encompasses very different types of furniture (chairs, tables, wardrobes, shelves, cupboards...) with very different uses (for schools, offices, kitchens, bathrooms, outdoors, special uses, etc.).

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Wood and wood-based material furniture	Purchase of wood and wood-based furniture	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/environment/forests/flegt.htm	All wood and wood-based materials shall come from legally sourced timber.
2	Plastic parts of furniture	Furniture containing plastic parts	ISO 11469	http://www.iso.org/iso/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=27946	All plastic parts $\geq 50g$ shall be marked for recycling and must not contain additions of other materials that may hinder their recycling
3	Surface coating of wood, plastic and/or metal parts	Furniture with its surface coated with wood, plastic and/or metal parts	EU 199/45/EC Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/en/ALL/?uri=CELEX:31999L0045	• Not contain hazardous substances that are classified as carcinogenic (R40, R45, R49), harmful to the reproductive system (R60, R61, R62, R63), mutagenic (R46, R68), toxic (R23, R24, R25, R26, R27, R28, R51), allergenic when inhaled (R42) or harmful to the environment (R50, R50/53, R51/53, R52, R52/53, R53). cause heritable genetic damage (R46), danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure (R48), possible risks of irreversible effects (R68). • Not contain more than 5% by weight of volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					For phtalates: no use is allowed of phtalates that at the time of application fulfil the classification criteria of any of the following risk phrases (or combinations thereof): R60, R61, R62, in accordance with Directive 67/548/EEC and its amendments. • Not contain aziridine • Not contain Chromium (VI) compounds
4	Adhesives and glues	Adhesives and glues used in the assembly of furniture			VOC contain of adhesives shall not exceed 10% by weight
5	Furniture packaging materials	Recycling of packaging materials			Packaging must consist of readily recycled material, and/or materials taken from renewable resources, or be a multi-use system.
6	Separation of furniture packaging materials	Packaging material separation by hand			All packaging materials shall be easily separable by hand into recyclable parts consisting of one material (e.g. cardboard, paper, plastic, textile).

4.6 Overall Category: Toilets & Urinals

The following table covers “green” criteria for flushing toilet equipment including toilet suites, toilet receptacles and toilet flushing systems, and urinal equipment including urinal suites, urinals, flush-free urinals and urinal flushing systems.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory –Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Water Efficiency					
Water efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Full flush volume	Nominal full flush volume	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 6 lt/flush
2	Water saving	Water saving in toilets of a flush volume more than 4 lt.	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 3 lt/flush
3	Flush volume adjustment (plain toilets)	Flush adjustment of plain toilets	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 6 lt/flush
4	Flush volume adjustment (toilets with water saving device)	Flush adjustment of toilets equipped with water saving device	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 3 lt/flush

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory –Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	WC and urinal cisterns performance	Flushing performance of WC and urinal flushing cisterns	EN 14055	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519145323.pdf	Comply with the standard
2	Pressure flushing valves and automatic	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Pressure flushing valves and	EN 12541	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_2010519144443.pdf	Comply with the standard

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
	closing urinal valves PN 10 performance	automatic closing urinal valves PN 10			
3	Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware	EN 15091	http://www.ceir.eu/files/Standardisation%20guide%20for%20sanitary%20tapware.pdf	Comply with the standard
4	Flush performance	Flush performance of toilet suites and toilet receptacles	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Comply with the standard
5	Longevity	Toilet flushing equipment warranty			At least, 10 years
6	Installation instructions	Printed/electronic installation instructions			Provision by the installer with installation instructions containing info on specific operating pressures, how to adjust flushing volumes, how rational use can minimize environmental impact, recommendations on the proper use, etc.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Urinal equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Water Efficiency					
Water efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Full flush volume	Nominal full flush volume	EN 13407	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_20105119430.pdf	Up to 2 lt/flush
2	Water saving	Water saving in urinals (flush control)			On-demand flush control for not more than 60 cm width of continuous wall.
3	Flush volume adjustment	Flush adjustment of urinal with flushing system			Up to 2 lt/flush

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Urinal equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	WC and urinal flushing cisterns performance	Flushing performance of WC and urinal flushing cisterns	EN 14055	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519145323.pdf	Comply with the standard
2	Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10 performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10	EN 12541	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_2010519144443.pdf	Comply with the standard

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Urinal equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
3	Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware	EN 15091	http://www.ceir.eu/files/Standardisation%20guide%20for%20sanitary%20tapware.pdf	Comply with the standard
4	Flush performance	Flush performance of urinal suites and urinals	EN 13407	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_20105119430.pdf	Comply with the standard
5	Flush-free urinal performance	Flush-free urinals' performance	Commission Decision 2013/641/EU (Appendix 2)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32013D0641	Comply with the standard
6	Longevity	Urinal flushing equipment warranty			At least, 10 years
7	Fluid biodegradability and maintenance of flush-free urinals	Flush-free urinals			Use of a biodegradable fluid or operation completely without fluid.
8	Installation instructions of the urinal flushing equipment	Printed/electronic installation instructions			Provision by the installer with installation instructions containing info on specific operating pressures, how to adjust flushing volumes, how rational use can minimize environmental impact, recommendations on the proper use, etc.

4.7 Overall Category: Wall panels

For the purposes of these Green Public Procurement criteria wall panels are defined as boards that are used in vertical or angled placement (for example in loft conversions) in a building, where the panel itself is not load bearing and its surface is not the final surface seen in the finished building, i.e. it will be plastered, skimmed, painted, papered etc.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Wall panels					
Subcategory –Level 3: Gypsum Plasterboard Wall panels					
Gypsum Plasterboard wall panels “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Panel recycling materials	Recyclable materials used in the manufacture of gypsum panels			Panel made from 100% recycled wood/paper
2	Wood paper panels	Panels made by wood paper	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/environment/forests/flegt.htm	Paper made of wood, wood fibres or wood particles stemming from legally harvested forests.
3	Gypsum content	Recyclable gypsum content			At least 2% by weight

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Wall panels					
Subcategory –Level 3: Wood-Based Wall panels					
Wood-based wall panels “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Virgin wood panels	Origin of the panels’ wood	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/environment/forests/flegt.htm	Virgin wood material shall come from legal sources

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Wall panels					
Subcategory –Level 3: Wood-Based Wall panels					
Wood-based wall panels “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Formaldehyde emission	Wood panels formaldehyde emission	EN 13986	http://apawood-europe.org/official-guidelines/european-standards/individual-standards/en-13986	Up to 0.13 mg/m ³

4.8 Overall Category: Water-based Heaters

This table covers procurement criteria for water-based heaters. For the purposes of these criteria, the product group “water-based heaters” shall comprise products that are used to generate heat as part of a water-based central heating system, where the heated water is distributed by means of circulators and heat emitters in order to reach and maintain the indoor temperature of an enclosed space such as a building, a dwelling, or a room, at a desired level.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Water-based Heaters					
Subcategory –Level 3: Heaters’ Energy Efficiency					
Heaters’ Energy Efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Minimum energy efficiency (All heaters except solid biomass boiler heaters)	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency (η_s)	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	(η_s) $\geq$ 90%
2	Minimum energy efficiency (Solid biomass boiler heaters)	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency (η_s)	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	(η_s) $\geq$ 75%

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Water-based Heaters					
Subcategory –Level 3: Heaters’ Energy Efficiency					
Heaters’ Energy Efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
				rv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	
3	Greenhouse gas emissions (All heaters, except heat pump heaters)	Greenhouse gas (GHG) emission limits	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urise rv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	220 g CO ₂ – equivalent/kWh heating output
4	Greenhouse gas emissions (pump heaters)	Greenhouse gas (GHG) emission limits	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urise rv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	170 g CO ₂ – equivalent/kWh heating output
5	Longevity	Water-based heaters warranty	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urise rv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	At least, 4 years
6	Installation instructions of the water-based heaters	Printed/electronic installation instructions			Provision by the installer with installation instructions containing info on appropriate dimensions of heaters for each building, info on energy consumption, operating instructions, recommendations on appropriate disposal at product’s end-of-life

4.9 Overall Category: Sanitary Tapware

Below you may find “green” criteria for sanitary tapware. For the purposes of these criteria, sanitary tapware is defined as covering the following groups of products:

- 1) taps,
- 2) showerheads,
- 3) showers.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Water consumption/Energy saving					
Water consumption/Energy saving “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Maximum water flow rate (kitchen taps)	Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for kitchen taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Max. 8 lt/min
2	Maximum water flow rate (Basin taps)	Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for basin taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Max. 7 lt/min
3	Maximum water flow rate (Showerheads or showers)	Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for showerheads or showers	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Max. 9 lt/min

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Water consumption/Energy saving					
Water consumption/Energy saving “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
4	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (kitchen taps)	Lowest maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for kitchen taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 2 lt/min
5	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (Basin taps)	Lowest Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for basin taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 2 lt/min
6	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (Showerheads or showers)	Lowest Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for showerheads or showers	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 4,5 lt/min
7	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (Electric showers and low pressure showers)	Lowest Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for electric showers and low pressure showers	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 3 lt/min
8	Temperature management (Hot water barrier)	Sanitary tapware equipped with an advance device or technical solution which allows temperature management			Equipped with hot water barrier
9	Temperature management (Thermostatic adjustment)	Sanitary tapware equipped with an advance device or technical			Sanitary tapware shall allow

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Water consumption/Energy saving					
Water consumption/Energy saving “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
		solution which allows temperature management			thermostatic adjustment
10	Temperature management (Cold water supply)	Sanitary tapware equipped with an advance device or technical solution which allows temperature management			Sanitary tapware shall be designed with a cold-water supply in middle position
11	Time control system (taps)	Time control for stopping water flow of taps			Up to 15 seconds
12	Time control system (showers)	Time control for stopping water flow of showers			Up to 35 seconds
13	Sensor control system (taps)	Shut off delay time after usage for stopping water flow of taps			Up to 2 seconds
14	Sensor control system (showers)	Shut off delay time after usage for stopping water flow of showers			Up to 3 seconds

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Product quality/Longevity					
Product quality/Longevity “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Ni-Cr coating	Sanitary products with a metallic Ni-Cr coating	EN 248	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujin g/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_2010511143933.pdf	Should comply with the standard
2	Reparability/Availability of spare parts	Reparability and availability of the tapware's spare parts			The product shall be designed in such a way that its exchangeable components can

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Product quality/Longevity					
Product quality/Longevity “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					be replaced easily by the end-user or a professional service engineer
3	Warranty	Sanitary tapware warranty			At least, 4 years
4	User information	Printed/electronic information			The product shall be supplied with installation instructions, proper use recommendations, advice on maintenance, advice on cleaning sanitary tapware, instructions for replacement, etc.

5 ASHRAE criteria

5.1 Overall description

Besides the main categories' criteria, described in the previous section, the GRASPINNO consortium, also, studied the ASHRAE standards for identifying "green" criteria which are related to buildings' refurbishment.

ASHRAE (www.ashrae.org) was founded in 1984, and is a global society advancing human well-being through sustainable technology for the built environment. The Society and its members focus on building systems, energy efficiency, indoor air quality, refrigeration and sustainability within the industry. Through research, standards writing, publishing and continuing education, ASHRAE shapes the future built environment. ASHRAE was formed as the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers by the merger in 1959 of American Society of Heating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHAE) founded in 1894 and The American Society of Refrigerating Engineers (ASRE) founded in 1904. In 2012, as part of a rebranding, ASHRAE began doing business as "ASHRAE" instead of using its full legal name of the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers. Use of ASHRAE reflects the Society's worldwide membership and that services will continue evolving globally. ASHRAE has more than 56.000 in 130 countries, and covers 14 geographical regions.

The performed study, revealed that the most suitable standards for the GRASPINNO purposes are the 90.1-2016 and 189.1-2014 standards. More specifically, the **90.1-2016** standard provides minimum energy efficiency requirements for design and construction and a plan for operation & maintenance, for new buildings and their systems, new portions of buildings and their systems, and new systems and equipment in existing buildings; and utilization of on-site renewables, while the **189.1-2014 standard** has to do with High-performance green buildings, balancing energy efficiency, environmental responsibility, resource efficiency, occupant comfort, community sensitivity (2016, ASHRAE).

5.2 Basic standards' criteria

In this subsection, we array basic criteria as these are presented in the abovementioned two ASHRAE standards.

5.2.1 90.1 standard's basic criteria

1. Heat transfer Criteria

Component	Area/ Length	U-factor/ F-factor	Heat Transfer Rate (Btu/h•°F)	Heat Transfer Rate (W/°C)
Roof	10,000 ft ² (929 m ²)	0.041 (0.233)	410	216
Exterior Wall	1,000 ft ² (93 m ²)	0.109 (0.619)	109	57.5
Slab length	100 ft (30.5 m)	0.73 (4.14)	73	38.5
Overall heat transfer rate			592	312

Table 1: Heat transfer to the exterior (Source: ASHRAE)

Component	Area/ Length	U-factor/ F-factor	Heat Transfer Rate (Btu/h•°F)	Heat Transfer Rate (W/°C)
Exterior Wall	3,000 ft ² (279 m ²)	0.352 (2.0)	1056	557

Table 2: Heat transfer rate between the space and the adjacent conditioned space (Source: ASHRAE)

2. Air leakage criteria

Fenestration products, including doors, can significantly contribute to air leakage. The 90.1 standard sets the following maximum air leakage rates:

a. Glazed swinging entrance doors and revolving doors	1.00 cfm/ft ² (305 liters/minute•m ²)
b. Curtain wall and storefront glazing	0.06 cfm/ft ² (18 liters/minute•m ²)
c. Skylights	0.30 cfm/ft ² (91 liters/minute•m ²)
d. Non-swinging opaque doors	0.40 cfm/ft ² (122 liters/minute•m ²)
e. All other products(including windows)	0.20 cfm/ft ² (61 liters/minute•m ²)

Table 3: Air leakage rates (Source: ASHRAE)

3. Walls' Heat Capacity criteria

Item	Weight (lb/ft ²)	Fraction of Wall	Specific Heat (Btu/lb•°F)	HC (Btu/ft ² •°F)
4 in. Face Brick	47.00	1.00	0.20	9.40
Air Gap	0	1.00	0	0
8 in. Partially Grouted CMU (105 lb/ft ³)	47.00	1.00	0.20	10.20
2 x 4 Wood Studs	9.30	0.22	0.33	0.46
R-11 Batt	0.25	0.78	0.30	0.06
5/8 in. Gypsum Board	2.60	1.00	0.26	0.68
Total				20.80
Item	Weight (kg/m ²)	Fraction of Wall	Specific Heat (kJ/kg•°C)	HC (kJ/m ² •°C)
102 mm Face Brick	753	1.00	0.84	192
Air Gap	0	1.00	0	0
204 mm Partially Grouted CMU (1,682 kg/m ³)	753	1.00	0.84	208
51 mm x 102 mm Wood Studs	149	0.22	1.37	9.4
R-1.9 Batt	4.00	0.78	1.26	1.2
16 mm Gypsum Board	41.6	1.00	1.08	13.9

Table 4: Walls' Heat Capacity (Source: ASHRAE)

4. Low Voltage Energy Dry-Type distribution transformers efficiency criteria

Single Phase Transformers		Three Phase Transformers	
kVA	Efficiency (%)	kVA	Efficiency (%)
15	97.7	15	97.0
25	98.0	30	97.5
37.5	98.2	45	97.7
50	98.3	75	98.0
75	98.5	112.5	98.2
100	98.6	150	98.3
167	98.7	225	98.5
250	98.8	300	98.6
333	98.9	500	98.7
		750	98.8
		1000	98.9

Table 5: Low-Voltage Dry-Type distributions transformers' efficiency (Source: ASHRAE)

5. **Building Service Water Pressure Booster Systems**

Such systems should meet the following requirements for energy efficiency:

- The system shall use one or more pressure sensors to determine if the system is maintaining the appropriate pressure and to vary pump speed or turn pumps on or off in response to a signal. The sensor shall be located near the critical plumbing fixture(s) that determine the required pressure.
- When water pressure booster systems are used, there can be no devices in the system installed for reducing pressure of all the water, except for safety devices. The purpose of this requirement is to prevent pumping all water to a high pressure and then reducing the pressure to what is needed.
- Controls shall shut down the booster system when there is no water flow.

6. **Building elevators**

Elevator systems can account for 3% to 5% of electrical energy use in buildings. Energy using components include the motors and controls, but also lighting and ventilation systems.

6.1 *Elevator's lighting*

The elevator's lighting system must have an efficacy of greater than 35 lumens per watt.

6.2 *Ventilation power*

Ventilation fans in elevator cabs shall not exceed 0.33 W/cfm at maximum speed.

6.3 *Controls for Standby Mode*

The cab should have controls that de-energize both the lighting and ventilation system when the cab is inactive for more than 15 minutes.

5.2.2 189.1 *standard's basic criteria*

1. **Buildings Water Consumption Management**

Measurement devices with remote communication capability shall be provided to collect water consumption data for the domestic water supply to the building.

Water Source	Main Measurement Threshold
Potable water	1000 gal/day (3800 L/day)
Municipally reclaimed water	1000 gal/day (3800 L/day)
Alternate sources of water	500 gal/day (1900 L/day)

Table 6: Water Supply Source Measurement Thresholds (Source: ASHRAE)

All building measurement devices, monitoring systems, and sub-meters installed to comply with the thresholds limits in Table 6 shall be configured to communicate water consumption data to a meter data management system. At a minimum, meters shall provide daily data and shall record hourly consumption of water.

Subsystem	Sub-Metering Threshold
Cooling towers (meter on makeup water and blowdown)	Cooling tower flow through tower >500 gpm (30 L/s)
Evaporative coolers	Makeup water >0.6 gpm (0.04 L/s)
Steam and hot-water boilers	>500,000 Btu/h (50 kW) input
Total Irrigated landscape area with controllers	>25,000 ft ² (2500 m ²)
Separate campus or project buildings	Consumption >1000 gal/day (3800 L/day)
Separately leased or rental space	Consumption >1000 gal/day (3800 L/day)
Any large water using process	Consumption >1000 gal/day (3800 L/day)

Table 7: Subsystem Water Measurement Thresholds (Source: ASHRAE)

2. On-site Renewable Energy Systems

Building project design shall show allocated space and pathways for future installation of on-site renewable energy systems and associated infrastructure that provide the annual energy production equivalent of not less than 6.0 kBtu/ft² (20 kWh/m²) for single-story buildings and not less than 10.0 kBtu/ft² (32 kWh/m²) multiplied by the total roof area in ft² (m²) for all other buildings.

3. Energy Consumption Management

Measurement devices with remote communication capability shall be provided to collect energy consumption data for each energy supply source to the building, including gas, electricity, and district energy. The recorded energy consumption data should not exceed the following thresholds:

Energy Source	Threshold
Electrical service	>200 kVA
On-site renewable electric power	All systems > 1 kVA (peak)
Gas and district services	>1,000,000 Btu/h (300 kW)
Geothermal energy	>1,000,000 Btu/h (300 kW) heating
On-site renewable thermal energy	>100,000 Btu/h (30 kW)

Table 8: Energy Source Thresholds (Source: ASHRAE)

4. Building Service Life Plan

Service Life Plan shall be developed to estimate to what extent structural, building envelope (not mechanical and electrical), and hardscape materials will need to be repaired or replaced during the service life of the building. The design service life of the building shall be no less than that determined using Table 9.

Category	Minimum Service Life	Building Types
Temporary	Up to 10 years	Non-permanent construction buildings (sales offices, bunkhouses) Temporary exhibition buildings
Medium life	25 years	Industrial buildings Stand-alone parking structures
Long life	50 years	All buildings not temporary or medium life, including the parking structures below buildings designed for long life category

Table 9: Minimum Design Service Life for Building (Source: ASHRAE)

Annex

In this Annex, we array the harmonized “green” criteria of the abovementioned categories for buildings’ refurbishment, in various countries participating in the GRASPINNO project, based on the EU “green” criteria described in Chapter 4. More specifically, we array the harmonized “green” criteria as they apply in Greece, Cyprus, Slovenia, Italy and Bosnia-Herzegovina.

Greece

Indoor lighting

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Existing installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Tungsten halogen lamps)	Tungsten halogen lamps energy class	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class C
2	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Fluorescent lamps without integral ballast)	Compact fluorescent lamps without integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
3	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (reflector/chandelier type fluorescent lamps with integral ballast)	Globe shaped, pear shaped, reflector type or chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps with integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
4	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All lamps other than halogen lamps with colour rendering index $Ra \geq 90$).	All lamps other than halogen lamps with colour rendering index $Ra \geq 90$	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
5	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All other fluorescent lamps with integral ballast).	All other compact fluorescent lamps with integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A
6	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (15W T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, and miniature tubular fluorescent lamps)	15W T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, and miniature tubular fluorescent lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
7	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Circular lamps).	Circular lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Existing installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
8	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Other tubular fluorescent lamps).	Other tubular fluorescent lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A
9	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All other lamps incl. LED). TYPE E27 or E14 TUBE T8 or T5	All other lamps including LEDs and discharge lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: New & Renovated installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy class for lamps of new & renovated installations (all lamps with colour rendering index Ra>=90)	All lamps with colour rendering index Ra>=90 (where this is required for the activities being carried out in the building)	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: New & Renovated installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Energy class for lamps of new & renovated installations (all other lamps)	All other lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lamp life					
Lamp life (Hours) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lamp life (Tungsten halogen lamps)	Tungsten halogen lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 2.000 hours
2	Lamp life (reflector/chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps)	Globe shaped, pear shaped, reflector type or chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 6.000 hours
3	Lamp life (other compact fluorescent lamps)	All other compact fluorescent lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 10.000 hours

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lamp life					
Lamp life (Hours) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
4	Lamp life (circular lamps)	Circular lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 7.500 hours
5	Lamp life (T8 tubular fluorescent lamps with electromagnetic ballasts)	T8 tubular fluorescent lamps with electromagnetic ballasts	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 15.000 hours
6	Lamp life (Other tubular fluorescent lamps)	Other tubular fluorescent lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 20.000 hours
7	Lamp life (HID non-directional lamps)	HID non-directional lamps (primary burning position)	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 12.000 hours
8	Lamp life (HID directional lamps)	HID directional lamps (primary burning position)	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 9.000 hours
9	Lamp life (retrofit LEDs)	Retrofit LEDs with integrated control gear	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 15.000 hours
10	Lamp life (other than LEDs)	Other than LEDs	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 20.000 hours

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lamp life					
Lamp life (Hours) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
11	Lamp life for LED Type E27 or E14	Not applicable – No mandatory legislation – PA’s GPP legislation	Not applicable		Minimum lamp life 15.000 hours
12	Lamp life for LED Type Tube T8 or T5	Not applicable – No mandatory legislation – PA’s GPP legislation	Not applicable		Minimum lamp life 30.000 hours

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Mercury content					
Mercury content (mg/lamp) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Mercury content (compact fluorescent lamps, less than 30W)	Compact fluorescent lamps, wattage less than 30W	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 2,5

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Mercury content					
Mercury content (mg/lamp) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Mercury content (compact fluorescent lamps, more than 30W)	Compact fluorescent lamps, wattage 30W or over	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 3
3	Mercury content (T5 tubular lamps, lifetime less than 25.000 hours)	T5 tubular fluorescent lamps, lifetime less than 25.000 hours	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 2,5
4	Mercury content (T5 tubular lamps, lifetime more than 25.000 hours)	T5 lamps, lifetime 25.000 hours or more	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 4

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Mercury content					
Mercury content (mg/lamp) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
5	Mercury content (T8 tubular lamps, wattages less than 70W, lifetime less than 25.000 hours)	T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, wattages less than 70W, lifetime less than 25.000 hours	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 3,5
6	Mercury content (T8 tubular lamps, wattages more than 70W)	T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, wattage 70W or over	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 5
7	Mercury content (T8 lamps, lifetime more than 25.000 hours)	T8 lamps, lifetime 25.000 hours or more	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 5

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Packaging					
Packaging “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lamps’ packaging (cardboard and corrugated paper boxes)	Cardboard and corrugated paper boxes used for lamps’ packaging			Shall be made of at least 50% post-consumer recycled material.
2	Lamps’ packaging (plastic materials)	Plastic materials used for lamps’ packaging			Shall be made of at least 50% post-consumer recycled material.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting power density					
Lighting power density (W/m²) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lighting power density (Car park)	Lighting power density for car parks	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,5
2	Lighting power density (Court)	Lighting power density for courts	EN 12464-1		Max. density 14
3	Lighting power density (Exhibition space, museum)	Lighting power density for exhibition spaces, museums	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
4	Lighting power density (Fire station)	Lighting power density for fire stations	EN 12464-1		Max. density 12

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting power density					
Lighting power density (W/m²) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
5	Lighting power density (Further education)	Lighting power density for further education	EN 12464-1		Max. density 13
6	Lighting power density (Hospital)	Lighting power density for hospitals	EN 12464-1		Max. density 12
7	Lighting power density (Library)	Lighting power density for libraries	EN 12464-1		Max. density 12
8	Lighting power density (Offices-cellular)	Lighting power density for cellular offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 13
9	Lighting power density (Offices-open plan)	Lighting power density for open plan offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 11
10	Lighting power density (Police station)	Lighting power density for police stations	EN 12464-1		Max. density 14
11	Lighting power density (Post office)	Lighting power density for post offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 14
12	Lighting power density (Prison)	Lighting power density for prisons	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
13	Lighting power density (Public hall)	Lighting power density for public halls	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
14	Lighting power density (Residential)	Residential Lighting power density	EN 12464-1		Max. density 11
15	Lighting power density (Residential-communal spaces)	Residential (communal spaces) Lighting power density	EN 12464-1		Max. density 6
16	Lighting power density (School)	Lighting power density for schools	EN 12464-1		Max. density 8
17	Lighting power density (Sports centre)	Lighting power density for sports centers	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
18	Lighting power density (Town hall)	Lighting power density for town halls	EN 12464-1		Max. density 13

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Normalized lighting power density					
Normalized lighting power density (W/m²/100 lux) "green" criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Normalized lighting power density (Bedrooms)	Normalized lighting power density for bedrooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 7,5
2	Normalized lighting power density (Canteens)	Normalized lighting power density for canteens	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,5
3	Normalized lighting power density (car parks)	Normalized lighting power density for car parks	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,2
4	Normalized lighting power density (lifts, stairs)	Normalized lighting power density for lifts, stairs	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
5	Normalized lighting power density (Conference rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for conference rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
6	Normalized lighting power density (Gym)	Normalized lighting power density for gyms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
7	Normalized lighting power density (Halls)	Normalized lighting power density for halls	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
8	Normalized lighting power density (Hospitals/examination rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for hospitals/examination rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 4
9	Normalized lighting power density (Domestic kitchens)	Normalized lighting power density for domestic kitchens	EN 12464-1		Max. density 5
10	Normalized lighting power density (restaurant kitchens)	Normalized lighting power density for restaurant kitchens	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
11	Normalized lighting power density (Laboratories)	Normalized lighting power density for laboratories	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
12	Normalized lighting power density (Libraries)	Normalized lighting power density for libraries	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
13	Normalized lighting power density (Lounges-long area)	Normalized lighting power density for long area lounges	EN 12464-1		Max. density 6

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Normalized lighting power density					
Normalized lighting power density (W/m²/100 lux) "green" criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
14	Normalized lighting power density (Lounges-small area)	Normalized Lighting power density for small area lounges	EN 12464-1		Max. density 7,5
15	Normalized lighting power density (open plan offices)	Normalized lighting power density for open plan offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,3
16	Normalized lighting power density (Cellular Offices)	Normalized lighting power density cellular offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3
17	Normalized lighting power density (Plant rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for plant rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
18	Normalized lighting power density (Post rooms/switchboards)	Normalized lighting power density for post rooms/switchboards	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
19	Normalized lighting power density (Prison cells)	Normalized lighting power density for prison cells	EN 12464-1		Max. density 4
20	Normalized lighting power density (Reception)	Normalized lighting power density for receptions	EN 12464-1		Max. density 4
21	Normalized lighting power density (Rest rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for rest rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 5
22	Normalized lighting power density (Retail)	Normalized lighting power density for retails	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,5
23	Normalized lighting power density (School classrooms)	Normalized lighting power density for school classrooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,3
24	Normalized lighting power density (Store rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for store rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
25	Normalized lighting power density (waiting rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for waiting rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting controls					
Lighting controls installation “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lighting controls in infrequently occupied spaces	Installation of lighting controls in infrequently occupied spaces			Occupancy sensors which turn off the lighting after the space becomes unoccupied, unless this would endanger safety or security.
2	Lighting controls in unoccupied spaces at night/weekends	Installation of lighting controls in unoccupied spaces at night/weekends			Installation of either time switches or occupancy sensors to switch off the lighting after the space becomes unoccupied at night or at weekends.
3	Lighting controls in spaces with side windows	Installation of lighting controls in spaces with side windows			Should be controlled in rows parallel to the windows, so that the rows nearer to the windows can be switched off separately.
4	Lighting controls in offices/conference rooms/classrooms etc.	Installation of lighting controls in offices/conference rooms/classrooms etc.			Accessible by the occupants switches in convenient locations.
5	Lighting controls in daylight circulation areas	Installation of lighting controls in daylight circulation areas			Automatic daylight linked control (either switching or dimming).

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Installation of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Installation of lighting systems					
Lighting controls installation “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Instructions about the new/renovated lighting installation	Written instructions regarding the new/renovated lighting system			Provision of: • Disassembly instructions for luminaires • Instructions on how to replace lamps, and which lamps can be used in the luminaires without increasing the stated power densities. • Instructions on how to operate and maintain lighting controls • For occupancy sensors, instructions on how to adjust their sensitivity and time delay, and advice on how best to do this to meet occupant needs without excessive increase in energy consumption • For daylight linked controls, instructions on how to recalibrate and adjust them, for example to take into account changes to room layout. • For time switches, instructions on how to adjust the switch off times, and advice on how best to do this to meet occupant without excessive increase in energy consumption.
2	Management of the installation wastes	Environmental measures to reduce and recover the waste that is produced during the installation of a new or renovated lighting system.	WEEE directive	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/wEEE/index_en.htm	All waste lamps and luminaires and lighting controls shall be separated and sent for recovery.

Office Building Design, Construction and Management

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: New-built projects					
Subcategory – Level 5: Minimum Energy performance					
Minimum Energy performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy performance for new-built projects	Energy performance of a new-built office building	EN 15603	https://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/sites/energyefficiency/files/events/High-Performance-Buildings-June-2013/Papers/session3/34_pap_socal_-_en_15603_new_features_-_2013-06-06.pdf	Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) class C or three times the kWh/m ² cut-off value for the best class or a maximum of 135 kWh/m ² (whichever is the strictest);

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Renovations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Minimum Energy performance					
Minimum Energy performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy performance for renovation of building	Energy performance of a renovated office building	EN 15603	https://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/sites/energyefficiency/files/events/High-Performance-Buildings-June-2013/Papers/session3/34_pap_socal_-_en_15603_new_features_-_2013-06-06.pdf	Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) class D or four times the kWh/m ² cut-off value for the best class or a maximum of 170 kWh/m ² (whichever is the strictest);

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Cost optimal performance					
Cost optimal performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Cost optimal performance	Cost optimal performance of new-build and major renovation projects	EN 15603, EU Delegated Regulation 244/2012	https://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/sites/energyefficiency/files/events/High-Performance-Buildings-June-2013/Papers/session3/34_pap_socal_en_15603_new_features_-_2013-06-06.pdf , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2012:081:0018:0036:en:PDF	The cost optimum primary energy demand for a public office building expressed in kWh/m ² as calculated according to the methodology in Commission Delegated Regulation No 244/2012.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy management system					
Energy management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Installation of a building energy management system	Installation and commissioning of a building energy management system			A building energy management system (BEMS) shall be installed and commissioned that provides occupants and facilities managers with real-time information on the building's energy use by using networked sensors and a minimum of half hourly utility metering.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy management system					
Energy management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Building energy management system interface	Guidelines for the interface of the Building energy management system interface			The user interface shall allow for information on the buildings energy use to be analyzed and downloaded by occupants and facilities managers without requiring significant training.
3	Key energy aspects control by the Building energy management system	Control of the building’s key energy aspects			The performance of key aspects of the building that can be controlled by the system shall be easy to adjust i.e. lighting, heating, cooling.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Low or zero carbon energy sources					
Low or zero carbon energy sources “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Connection to cost-effective energy systems	Connection of a building’s energy system to alternative cost-effective energy systems			Where the building is located so as to benefit from the potential to connect to a high efficiency and cost-effective alternative energy systems, the building’s energy systems shall be designed to connect to this infrastructure.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Staff travel plan and infrastructure					
Staff travel plan and infrastructure “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Staff travel plan	Identification of a travel plan for the occupants of the building			The plan shall identify specific measures that, taking into account the local context, may reduce the need for commuting to the building by private car and promote the use of more sustainable modes of transport, to include cycling and walking, public transport, low emission vehicles, and car sharing.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Recyclable waste storage					
Recyclable waste storage “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Dedicated recyclable waste storage	Availability of a dedicated waste storage within the building			Dedicated recyclable waste storage shall be provided within the building, or within the curtilage of the building, to facilitate the segregation of recyclable materials and end-of-life products by occupants.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Thermal comfort conditions					
Thermal comfort conditions “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Indoor thermal comfort conditions	Indoor temperature conditions	EN 15251	https://ec.europa.eu/energy/intelligent/projects/en/projects/commoncense	Design indoor temperature values (minimum room temperature in winter, maximum room temperature in summer) for the office building shall comply with at least category II in accordance with EN 15251 or equivalent. Annex A1 shall be referred to for mechanically cooled buildings and A2 for passively cooled buildings.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Daylighting and glare control					
Daylighting and glare control “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Daylighting and glare control (Usable office space-externally facing facades)	Daylighting and glare control of the externally facing facades of usable office space			Useable office space shall for 80% of the useable floor area achieve an average Daylight Factor of 1.5%
2	Daylighting and glare control (Usable office space-interior facing facades)	Daylighting and glare control of the interior facing facades of usable office space			Useable office space shall for 80% of the useable floor area achieve an average Daylight Factor of 0.7%

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Ventilation and air quality					
Ventilation and air quality “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Ventilation system air supply (Normal outdoor air quality)	Indoor air supply by the building’s ventilation system	EN 15251	https://ec.europa.eu/energy/intelligent/projects/en/projects/common/nse	Quality rating of IDA 2
2	Ventilation system air supply (Poor outdoor air quality-ODA class 2 or 3)	Indoor air supply by the building’s ventilation system	EN 13779	http://www.cres.gr/greenbuilding/PDF/prend/set4/WI_25_Pre-FV_version_prEN_13779_Ventilation_for_non-residential_buildings.pdf	- No air intake should be positioned on a façade or facades exposed to busy roads (road to be indicated in the ITT). Where this is not possible, the opening should be positioned as high above the ground as possible. The design shall additionally be in compliance with guidance A2.2 in EN 13779; - Ventilation system filters shall be in compliance with the specifications in table A.5 of EN 13779 or equivalent.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Strip-out, demolition and site preparation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Demolition waste audit and management plan					
Demolition waste audit and management plan “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Re-use, recycling, material recovery of non-hazardous waste	Re-use of non-hazardous waste generated during demolition and strip-out works			Re-use of the demolition wastes at a minimum of 55% of the wastes’ weight.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Sourcing of legal timber					
Demolition waste audit and management plan “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Source of the timber	Identification of the timber’s source	EU 995/2010	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2010:295:0023:0034:EN:PDF	All timber or timber products to be supplied must be legally harvested

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Site waste management					
Site waste management “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Site waste management	Management of the wastes arising during construction and renovation, excluding demolition waste	EU Directive 2008/98/EC	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2008:312:0003:0030:en:PDF	Less than or equal to 11 tones per 100m ² gross internal office floor area.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Selection of fit-out materials and finishes					
Selection of fit-out materials and finishes emissions (µg/m³) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Emissions of TVOCs (3 days)	TVOCs emissions (3 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	10.000 µg/m ³
2	Emissions of TVOCs (28 days)	TVOCs emissions (28 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	<2.000 µg/m ³
3	Emissions of Formaldehyde (3 days)	Formaldehyde emissions (3 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	-

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Selection of fit-out materials and finishes					
Selection of fit-out materials and finishes emissions (µg/m³) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
4	Emissions of Formaldehyde (28 days)	Formaldehyde emissions (28 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	< 120 µg/m³

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Completion and handover					
Subcategory – Level 4: Quality of the completed building fabric / Air tightness					
Air tightness “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Design air tightness (new-build)	Air tightness for new-build buildings	EN 13829	https://www.attma.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/ATTMA-TSL1-Issue-3-Rev-0-2016.09.09.pdf	4 m³/(h.m²) at 50 Pascals
2	Design air tightness (renovations)	Air tightness for renovated buildings	EN 13829	https://www.attma.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/ATTMA-TSL1-Issue-3-Rev-0-2016.09.09.pdf	8 m³/(h.m²) at 50 Pascals

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Building energy management system					
Energy management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy Management system reports	Facilities management reports			Monthly reports which disaggregate heating, cooling, ventilation and lighting energy use on a seasonal basis.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy performance contract					
Energy performance contract “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy performance contract	Agreement regarding the limits of building’s energy consumption			Agreement based on the preliminary modelling of the buildings energy consumption, limits on energy consumption associated with lighting, heating, cooling, ventilation and auxiliary power.
2	Energy performance contract duration	Duration (in years) of the agreement			At least 10 years
3	Contract liabilities	Contract liabilities between facilities manager and contracting authority			If energy usage were to exceed the limits set, the building operator or facilities manager (as appropriate) would be liable for the additional costs. If energy usage were to be below these limits, the savings would be shared 50:50 (or an alternative agreed apportionment of the savings) with the contracting authority.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy performance contract					
Energy performance contract “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					The arrangement shall be subject to a review on an annual basis.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Waste management system					
Waste management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Installation of waste management system	Waste management systems for recycling/re-use of occupants’ materials			Installation of a waste management system that will allow occupiers to segregate paper, cardboard, food and drink packaging (glass, plastic and other materials for which local separate collection systems exist) into separate streams for recycling. Batteries, ink and toner cartridges, IT equipment and furniture shall also be collected and arranged for re-use or recycling where possible.

Combined Heat and Power

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Combined Heat and Power					
CHP “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Combined Heat and Power equipment overall energy efficiency	Energy efficiency (annual sum of electricity and mechanical energy production and useful heat output divided by the fuel input used for heat produced in a cogeneration process and gross electricity and mechanical energy production) of CHP unit	Cogeneration Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004L0008&from=EN	75%
2	Combined Heat and Power equipment overall energy efficiency (energy savings calculated as follows: $PES = \left[1 - \frac{1}{\frac{CHPH\eta}{RefH\eta} + \frac{CHPE\eta}{RefE\eta}} \right] * 100\%$	Energy efficiency (annual sum of electricity and mechanical energy production and useful heat output divided by the fuel input used for heat produced in a cogeneration process and gross electricity and mechanical energy production) of CHP unit	Cogeneration Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004L0008&from=EN	80%
3	Combined Heat and Power equipment overall energy efficiency (primary energy savings calculated based on PES by replacing: • “CHP H_{η}” with “H_{η}” • “CHP E_{η}” with “E_{η}”	Energy efficiency (annual sum of electricity and mechanical energy production and useful heat output divided by the fuel input used for heat produced in a cogeneration process and gross electricity and mechanical energy production) of CHP unit	Cogeneration Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004L0008&from=EN	Above 70%

Furniture

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Wood and wood-based material furniture	Purchase of wood and wood-based furniture	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/en vironment/fore sts/flegt.htm	All wood and wood-based materials shall come from legally sourced timber.
2	Plastic parts of furniture	Furniture containing plastic parts	ISO 11469	http://www.iso. org/iso/catalogu e_detail.htm?cs number=27946	All plastic parts ≥ 50g shall be marked for recycling and must not contain additions of other materials that may hinder their recycling
3	Surface coating of wood, plastic and/or metal parts	Furniture with its surface coated with wood, plastic and/or metal parts	EU Directive 199/45/EC	http://eur- lex.europa.eu/le gal- content/en/ALL/ ?uri=CELEX:31 999L0045	• Not contain hazardous substances that are classified as carcinogenic (R40, R45, R49), harmful to the reproductive system (R60, R61, R62, R63), mutagenic (R46, R68), toxic (R23, R24, R25, R26, R27, R28, R51), allergenic when inhaled (R42) or harmful to the environment (R50, R50/53, R51/53, R52, R52/53, R53). cause heritable genetic damage (R46), danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure (R48), possible risks of irreversible effects (R68). • Not contain more than 5% by weight of volatile organic compounds (VOCs). For phthalates: no use is allowed of phthalates that at the time of application fulfil the classification criteria of any of the following risk phrases (or combinations thereof):

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					R60, R61, R62, in accordance with Directive 67/548/EEC and its amendments. • Not contain aziridine • Not contain Chromium (VI) compounds
4	Adhesives and glues	Adhesives and glues used in the assembly of furniture			VOC contain of adhesives shall not exceed 10% by weight
5	Furniture packaging materials	Recycling of packaging materials			Packaging must consist of readily recycled material, and/or materials taken from renewable resources, or be a multi-use system.
6	Separation of furniture packaging materials	Packaging material separation by hand			All packaging materials shall be easily separable by hand into recyclable parts consisting of one material (e.g. cardboard, paper, plastic, textile).

Toilets & Urinals

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Water Efficiency					
Water efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Full flush volume	Nominal full flush volume	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 6 lt/flush

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory –Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Water Efficiency					
Water efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Water saving	Water saving in toilets of a flush volume more than 4 lt.	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 3 lt/flush
3	Flush volume adjustment (plain toilets)	Flush adjustment of plain toilets	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 6 lt/flush
4	Flush volume adjustment (toilets with water saving device)	Flush adjustment of toilets equipped with water saving device	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 3 lt/flush

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory –Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	WC and urinal cisterns performance	Flushing performance of WC and urinal flushing cisterns	EN 14055	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519145323.pdf	Comply with the standard
2	Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10 performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10	EN 12541	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_2010519144443.pdf	Comply with the standard

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
3	Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware	EN 15091	http://www.ceir.eu/files/Standardisation%20guide%20for%20sanitary%20tapware.pdf	Comply with the standard
4	Flush performance	Flush performance of toilet suites and toilet receptacles	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Comply with the standard
5	Longevity	Toilet flushing equipment warranty			At least, 10 years
6	Installation instructions	Printed/electronic installation instructions			Provision by the installer with installation instructions containing info on specific operating pressures, how to adjust flushing volumes, how rational use can minimize environmental impact, recommendations on the proper use, etc.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Urinal equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Water Efficiency					
Water efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Full flush volume	Nominal full flush volume	EN 13407	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_20105119430.pdf	Up to 2 lt/flush
2	Water saving	Water saving in urinals (flush control)			On-demand flush control for not more than 60 cm width of continuous wall.
3	Flush volume adjustment	Flush adjustment of urinal with flushing system			Up to 2 lt/flush

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Urinal equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	WC and urinal flushing cisterns performance	Flushing performance of WC and urinal flushing cisterns	EN 14055	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519145323.pdf	Comply with the standard
2	Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10 performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10	EN 12541	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_2010519144443.pdf	Comply with the standard

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Urinal equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
3	Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware	EN 15091	http://www.ceir.eu/files/Standardisation%20guide%20for%20sanitary%20tapware.pdf	Comply with the standard
4	Flush performance	Flush performance of urinal suites and urinals	EN 13407	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_20105119430.pdf	Comply with the standard
5	Flush-free urinal performance	Flush-free urinals' performance	Commission Decision 2013/641/EU (Appendix 2)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32013D0641	Comply with the standard
6	Longevity	Urinal flushing equipment warranty			At least, 10 years
7	Fluid biodegradability and maintenance of flush-free urinals	Flush-free urinals			Use of a biodegradable fluid or operation completely without fluid.
8	Installation instructions of the urinal flushing equipment	Printed/electronic installation instructions			Provision by the installer with installation instructions containing info on specific operating pressures, how to adjust flushing volumes, how rational use can minimize environmental impact, recommendations on the proper use, etc.

Wall panels

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Wall panels					
Subcategory –Level 3: Gypsum Plasterboard Wall panels					
Gypsum Plasterboard wall panels “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Panel recycling materials	Recyclable materials used in the manufacture of gypsum panels			Panel made from 100% recycled wood/paper
2	Wood paper panels	Panels made by wood paper	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/environment/forests/flegt.htm	Paper made of wood, wood fibres or wood particles stemming from legally harvested forests.
3	Gypsum content	Recyclable gypsum content			At least 2% by weight

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Wall panels					
Subcategory –Level 3: Wood-Based Wall panels					
Wood-based wall panels “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Virgin wood panels	Origin of the panels’ wood	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/environment/forests/flegt.htm	Virgin wood material shall come from legal sources
2	Formaldehyde emission	Wood panels formaldehyde emission	EN 13986	http://apawood-europe.org/official-guidelines/european-standards/individual-standards/en-13986	Up to 0.13 mg/m ³

Water-based Heaters

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Water-based Heaters					
Subcategory – Level 3: Heaters' Energy Efficiency					
Heaters' Energy Efficiency "green" criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Minimum energy efficiency (All heaters except solid biomass boiler heaters)	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency (η_s)	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	(η_s) $\geq$ 90%
2	Minimum energy efficiency (Solid biomass boiler heaters)	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency (η_s)	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	(η_s) $\geq$ 75%
3	Greenhouse gas emissions (All heaters, except heat pump heaters)	Greenhouse gas (GHG) emission limits	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	220 g CO ₂ – equivalent/kWh heating output
4	Greenhouse gas emissions (pump heaters)	Greenhouse gas (GHG) emission limits	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	170 g CO ₂ – equivalent/kWh heating output
5	Longevity	Water-based heaters warranty	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	At least, 4 years
6	Installation instructions of the water-based heaters	Printed/electronic installation instructions			Provision by the installer with installation instructions

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Water-based Heaters					
Subcategory –Level 3: Heaters’ Energy Efficiency					
Heaters’ Energy Efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					containing info on appropriate dimensions of heaters for each building, info on energy consumption, operating instructions, recommendations on appropriate disposal at product’s end-of-life

Sanitary Tapware

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Water consumption/Energy saving					
Water consumption/Energy saving “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Maximum water flow rate (kitchen taps)	Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for kitchen taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Max. 8 lt/min
2	Maximum water flow rate (Basin taps)	Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for basin taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN		Max. 7 lt/min

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Water consumption/Energy saving					
Water consumption/Energy saving “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
			248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		
3	Maximum water flow rate (Showerheads or showers)	Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for showerheads or showers	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Max. 9 lt/min
4	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (kitchen taps)	Lowest maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for kitchen taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 2 lt/min
5	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (Basin taps)	Lowest Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for basin taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 2 lt/min
6	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (Showerheads or showers)	Lowest Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for showerheads or showers	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 4,5 lt/min
7	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (Electric showers and low pressure showers)	Lowest Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for electric showers and low pressure showers	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN		Lowest max. 3 lt/min

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Water consumption/Energy saving					
Water consumption/Energy saving “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
			248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		
8	Temperature management (Hot water barrier)	Sanitary tapware equipped with an advance device or technical solution which allows temperature management			Equipped with hot water barrier
9	Temperature management (Thermostatic adjustment)	Sanitary tapware equipped with an advance device or technical solution which allows temperature management			Sanitary tapware shall allow thermostatic adjustment
10	Temperature management (Cold water supply)	Sanitary tapware equipped with an advance device or technical solution which allows temperature management			Sanitary tapware shall be designed with a cold-water supply in middle position
11	Time control system (taps)	Time control for stopping water flow of taps			Up to 15 seconds
12	Time control system (showers)	Time control for stopping water flow of showers			Up to 35 seconds
13	Sensor control system (taps)	Shut off delay time after usage for stopping water flow of taps			Up to 2 seconds
14	Sensor control system (showers)	Shut off delay time after usage for stopping water flow of showers			Up to 3 seconds

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Product quality/Longevity					
Product quality/Longevity “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Ni-Cr coating	Sanitary products with a metallic Ni-Cr coating	EN 248	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_2010511143933.pdf	Should comply with the standard
2	Reparability/Availability of spare parts	Reparability and availability of the tapware’s spare parts			The product shall be designed in such a way that its exchangeable components can be replaced easily by the end-user or a professional service engineer
3	Warranty	Sanitary tapware warranty			At least, 4 years
4	User information	Printed/electronic information			The product shall be supplied with installation instructions, proper use recommendations, advice on maintenance, advice on cleaning sanitary tapware, instructions for replacement, etc.

Air conditioning

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Air conditioning machines					
Subcategory –Level 3: General “green” characteristics					
Air conditioning machines “green” criteria/characteristics					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Air conditioning type of device	Device type of the air conditioning machine	Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 626/2011	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32011R0626	INVERTER
2	Cooling Energy Efficiency Class	Cooling Energy Efficiency Class for cooling	Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 626/2011	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32011R0626	At least A++
3	Heating Energy Efficiency Class	Energy Efficiency Class for heating (Warm heating season)	Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 626/2011	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32011R0626	A+++
4	Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio (SEER)	Cooling output during a typical cooling-season	Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2012 Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 626/2011	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0206 http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32011R0626	At least 6.10. (Reg.206 / 2012: min 3,60, Reg.626 / 2011 for class A+++ : 6,10 ≤ SEER <8,50)
5	Seasonal Coefficient of Performance (SCOP)	Ratio of useful heating or cooling provided to work required	Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2012 Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 626/2011	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0206 http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32011R0626	at least 5.10 based on warm heating season. (Reg.206 / 2012: min 3,60, Reg.626 / 2011 for class A+++ : SCOP ≥ 5,10 for the average zone)
6	Indoor noise level	Indoor unit noise level	Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2012	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0206	Lw : ≤ 60 dB (A) re 1pW

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Air conditioning machines					
Subcategory –Level 3: General “green” characteristics					
Air conditioning machines “green” criteria/characteristics					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
7	Outdoor noise level	Outdoor unit noise level	Commission Regulation (EU) No 206/2012	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32012R0206	Lw : ≤ 65 dB (A) re 1 pW
8	Coolant	Air conditioning machine coolant	Regulation (EC) No 2037/2000	http://www.fao.org/faolex/results/details/en/?details=LEX-FAOC038031	R410A or other hydro-fluorocarbon refrigerant, the use of which has not been prohibited

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Air conditioning machines					
Subcategory –Level 3: Air-condition machine functions					
Air-condition machine “green” functions criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	ECO Mode	Energy Saving Mode (ECO)	Not applicable – No mandatory legislation – PA’s GPP policy		Existence of such function
2	HOT START	Internal coil sensor about the control of indoor fan startup in heating and the prevention of cold air in the area	Not applicable – No mandatory legislation – PA’s GPP policy		Existence of such function

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Air conditioning machines					
Subcategory –Level 3: Certifications					
Subcategory –Level 4: Environmental management certification					
Environmental management certification “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Environmental management certification	The air conditioning manufacturer must hold environmental management certification	Not applicable – No mandatory legislation – PA’s GPP policy		ISO 14001 or equivalent

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Air conditioning machines					
Subcategory –Level 3: Installation of air-conditioning machines					
Subcategory –Level 4: Installation of wall-mounted, split-type, energy efficient air-conditioning machines					
Environmental management certification “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Management of the installation wastes	Environmental measures to reduce and recover the waste that is produced during the installation of a new or renovated lighting system	WEEE directive	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/wEEE/index_en.htm	The supplier must participate in an approved alternative waste management of electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) (N.2939 / 2001, JMD 23615/651 / E.103, Directive 2002/96 / E.C.) and deposit along with his technical tender, the relevant certificate. In case of the supplier is not registered in the system above as a producer, but is a distributor electrical and electronic equipment (EEE), then in his technical tender declares who is the producer of the EEE and

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Air conditioning machines					
Subcategory –Level 3: Installation of air-conditioning machines					
Subcategory –Level 4: Installation of wall-mounted, split-type, energy efficient air-conditioning machines					
Environmental management certification “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					submits the relevant manufacturer’s certificate.
2	Installation instructions (before the installation of the new unit)	Instructions before the air conditioner installation	Not applicable – No mandatory legislation – PA’s GPP policy		Before the installation of the new air conditioner, the contractor has to uninstall the withdrawn replacing air conditioner. Also, he is required to carry it in a place of the building where it will be indicated by the competent organizational unit of the Public Authority (eg Technical Service, Logistics, etc.) in order to pursue the collection for recycling with the care of the Public Authority.
3	Installation instructions (installation of the new unit)	Instructions about the new air conditioner installation	Not applicable – No mandatory legislation – PA’s GPP policy		The works of placing and installation of the new machine, the works of uninstall of withdrawn replacing machine, its transfer to the Public Authority’s recycling place, as well as the materials needed for these works, exclusively charge the supplier

Thermal insulation

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: EE-Building renovation & retrofitting					
Subcategory –Level 3: Implementation of external and roof thermal insulation					
Thermal insulation “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Insulation material	Natural insulation material for buildings’ refurbishment			• Kenaf • Sheep wool • Corn grain fiber
2	Thermal conductivity (λ)	Lowest thermal conductivity, λ (W/mK)			• $\lambda \leq 0,025$ (class A) • $0,025 < \lambda \leq 0,035$ (class B) • $0,035 < \lambda \leq 0,045$ (class C) • $0,045 < \lambda \leq 0,050$ (class D) • $0,050 < \lambda$ (class E)
3	Primary energy content	The lowest primary energy content [kWh/m ³] (Products with primary energy content higher than 200 [kWh/m ³] are excluded)			• primary energy content ≤ 30 (class A) • $30 < \text{primary energy content} \leq 60$ (class B) • $60 < \text{primary energy content} \leq 100$ (Class C) • $100 < \text{primary energy content} \leq 150$ (Class D) • $150 < \text{primary energy content} \leq 200$ (Class E)
4	Weighted sound absorption coefficient	Building protection from noise, and disturbing and unpleasant sounds.	EN ISO 11654, EN ISO 354		• 0.90, 0.95 & 1.00 (Class A) • 0.80 & 0.85 (Class B) • 0.60, 0.65, 0.70 & 0.75 (Class C) • 0.30, 0.35, 0.40, 0.45, 0.50 & 0.55 (Class D) • 0.15, 0.20 & 0.25 (Class E)

Slovenia

Indoor lighting

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Existing installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Subcategory – Level 6: Non-directional lamps					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Tungsten halogen lamps)	Tungsten halogen lamps energy class	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class C
2	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Fluorescent lamps without integral ballast)	Compact fluorescent lamps without integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
3	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (reflector/chandelier type fluorescent lamps with integral ballast)	Globe shaped, pear shaped, reflector type or chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps with integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
4	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All lamps other than halogen lamps with colour rendering index $Ra \geq 90$).	All lamps other than halogen lamps with colour rendering index $Ra \geq 90$	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
5	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All other fluorescent lamps with integral ballast).	All other compact fluorescent lamps with integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A
6	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (15W T8 tubular fluorescent lamps).	15W T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, and miniature tubular fluorescent lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Existing installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Subcategory – Level 6: Non-directional lamps					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
7	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Circular lamps).	Circular lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
8	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Other tubular fluorescent lamps).	Other tubular fluorescent lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A
9	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All other lamps incl. LED).	All other lamps including LEDs and discharge lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Existing installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Subcategory – Level 6: Directional lamps					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Tungsten halogen lamps)	Tungsten halogen lamps energy class	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class C

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Existing installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Subcategory – Level 6: Directional lamps					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Fluorescent lamps without integral ballast)	Compact fluorescent lamps without integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
3	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (reflector/chandelier type fluorescent lamps with integral ballast)	Globe shaped, pear shaped, reflector type or chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps with integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
4	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All lamps other than halogen lamps with colour rendering index $Ra \geq 90$).	All lamps other than halogen lamps with colour rendering index $Ra \geq 90$	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
5	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All other fluorescent lamps with integral ballast).	All other compact fluorescent lamps with integral ballast	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A
6	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (15W T8 tubular fluorescent lamps).	15W T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, and miniature tubular fluorescent lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
7	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Circular lamps).	Circular lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
8	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (Other tubular fluorescent lamps).	Other tubular fluorescent lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Existing installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Subcategory – Level 6: Directional lamps					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
9	Energy class for replacement lamps of existing installations (All other lamps incl. LED).	All other lamps including LEDs and discharge lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: New & Renovated installations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Energy Class					
Energy class “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy class for lamps of new & renovated installations (all lamps with colour rendering index $R_a \geq 90$)	All lamps with colour rendering index $R_a \geq 90$ (where this is required for the activities being carried out in the building)	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class B
2	Energy class for lamps of new & renovated installations (all other lamps)	All other lamps	Commission Directive 98/11/EC (Annex IV)	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/index_en.htm	Minimum energy class A

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lamp life					
Lamp life (Hours) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lamp life (Tungsten halogen lamps)	Tungsten halogen lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 2.000 hours
2	Lamp life (reflector/chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps)	Globe shaped, pear shaped, reflector type or chandelier type compact fluorescent lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 6.000 hours
3	Lamp life (other compact fluorescent lamps)	All other compact fluorescent lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 10.000 hours
4	Lamp life (circular lamps)	Circular lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 7.500 hours
5	Lamp life (T8 tubular fluorescent lamps with electromagnetic ballasts)	T8 tubular fluorescent lamps with electromagnetic ballasts	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 15.000 hours
6	Lamp life (Other tubular fluorescent lamps)	Other tubular fluorescent lamps	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 20.000 hours
7	Lamp life (HID non-directional lamps)	HID non-directional lamps (primary burning position)	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 12.000 hours

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lamp life					
Lamp life (Hours) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
8	Lamp life (HID directional lamps)	HID directional lamps (primary burning position)	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 9.000 hours
9	Lamp life (retrofit LEDs)	Retrofit LEDs with integrated control gear	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 15.000 hours
10	Lamp life (other than LEDs)	Other than LEDs	EN 50285	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecolabel/documents/part2_Light_bulbs.pdf	Minimum lamp life 20.000 hours
11	Lamp life for LED Type E27 or E14	Not applicable – No mandatory legislation – PA’s GPP legislation	Not applicable		Minimum lamp life 15.000 hours
12	Lamp life for LED Type Tube T8 or T5	Not applicable – No mandatory legislation – PA’s GPP legislation	Not applicable		Minimum lamp life 30.000 hours

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Mercury content					
Mercury content (mg/lamp) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Mercury content (compact fluorescent lamps, less than 30W)	Compact fluorescent lamps, wattage less than 30W	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 2,5
2	Mercury content (compact fluorescent lamps, more than 30W)	Compact fluorescent lamps, wattage 30W or over	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 3
3	Mercury content (T5 tubular lamps, lifetime less than 25.000 hours)	T5 tubular fluorescent lamps, lifetime less than 25.000 hours	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 2,5

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Mercury content					
Mercury content (mg/lamp) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
4	Mercury content (T5 tubular lamps, lifetime more than 25.000 hours)	T5 lamps, lifetime 25.000 hours or more	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 4
5	Mercury content (T8 tubular lamps, wattages less than 70W, lifetime less than 25.000 hours)	T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, wattages less than 70W, lifetime less than 25.000 hours	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 3,5
6	Mercury content (T8 tubular lamps, wattages more than 70W)	T8 tubular fluorescent lamps, wattage 70W or over	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 5

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Mercury content					
Mercury content (mg/lamp) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
7	Mercury content (T8 lamps, lifetime more than 25.000 hours)	T8 lamps, lifetime 25.000 hours or more	Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation 245/2009 (Annex III)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=CELEX%3A32009L0125 , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2009:076:0017:0044:en:PDF	Max. mercury content 5

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Lamps					
Subcategory – Level 4: Packaging					
Packaging “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lamps’ packaging (cardboard and corrugated paper boxes)	Cardboard and corrugated paper boxes used for lamps’ packaging			Shall be made of at least 50% post-consumer recycled material.
2	Lamps’ packaging (plastic materials)	Plastic materials used for lamps’ packaging			Shall be made of at least 50% post-consumer recycled material.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting power density					
Lighting power density (W/m²) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lighting power density (Car park)	Lighting power density for car parks	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,5
2	Lighting power density (Court)	Lighting power density for courts	EN 12464-1		Max. density 14
3	Lighting power density (Exhibition space, museum)	Lighting power density for exhibition spaces, museums	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
4	Lighting power density (Fire station)	Lighting power density for fire stations	EN 12464-1		Max. density 12
5	Lighting power density (Further education)	Lighting power density for further education	EN 12464-1		Max. density 13
6	Lighting power density (Hospital)	Lighting power density for hospitals	EN 12464-1		Max. density 12
7	Lighting power density (Library)	Lighting power density for libraries	EN 12464-1		Max. density 12
8	Lighting power density (Offices-cellular)	Lighting power density for cellular offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 13
9	Lighting power density (Offices-open plan)	Lighting power density for open plan offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 11
10	Lighting power density (Police station)	Lighting power density for police stations	EN 12464-1		Max. density 14
11	Lighting power density (Post office)	Lighting power density for post offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 14
12	Lighting power density (Prison)	Lighting power density for prisons	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
13	Lighting power density (Public hall)	Lighting power density for public halls	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting power density					
Lighting power density (W/m²) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
14	Lighting power density (Residential)	Residential Lighting power density	EN 12464-1		Max. density 11
15	Lighting power density (Residential-communal spaces)	Residential (communal spaces) Lighting power density	EN 12464-1		Max. density 6
16	Lighting power density (School)	Lighting power density for schools	EN 12464-1		Max. density 8
17	Lighting power density (Sports centre)	Lighting power density for sports centers	EN 12464-1		Max. density 9
18	Lighting power density (Town hall)	Lighting power density for town halls	EN 12464-1		Max. density 13

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Normalized lighting power density					
Normalized lighting power density (W/m²/100 lux) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Normalized lighting power density (Bedrooms)	Normalized Lighting power density for bedrooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 7,5
2	Normalized lighting power density (Canteens)	Normalized lighting power density for canteens	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,5
3	Normalized lighting power density (car parks)	Normalized lighting power density for car parks	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,2
4	Normalized lighting power density (lifts, stairs)	Normalized lighting power density for lifts, stairs	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Normalized lighting power density					
Normalized lighting power density (W/m²/100 lux) "green" criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
5	Normalized lighting power density (Conference rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for conference rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
6	Normalized lighting power density (Gym)	Normalized lighting power density for gyms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
7	Normalized lighting power density (Halls)	Normalized lighting power density for halls	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
8	Normalized lighting power density (Hospitals/examination rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for hospitals/examination rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 4
9	Normalized lighting power density (Domestic kitchens)	Normalized lighting power density for domestic kitchens	EN 12464-1		Max. density 5
10	Normalized lighting power density (restaurant kitchens)	Normalized lighting power density for restaurant kitchens	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
11	Normalized lighting power density (Laboratories)	Normalized lighting power density for laboratories	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,8
12	Normalized lighting power density (Libraries)	Normalized lighting power density for libraries	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
13	Normalized lighting power density (Lounges-long area)	Normalized lighting power density for long area lounges	EN 12464-1		Max. density 6
14	Normalized lighting power density (Lounges-small area)	Normalized Lighting power density for small area lounges	EN 12464-1		Max. density 7,5
15	Normalized lighting power density (open plan offices)	Normalized lighting power density for open plan offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,3
16	Normalized lighting power density (Cellular Offices)	Normalized lighting power density cellular offices	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3
17	Normalized lighting power density (Plant rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for plant rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Normalized lighting power density					
Normalized lighting power density (W/m²/100 lux) "green" criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
18	Normalized lighting power density (Post rooms/switchboards)	Normalized lighting power density for post rooms/switchboards	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
19	Normalized lighting power density (Prison cells)	Normalized lighting power density for prison cells	EN 12464-1		Max. density 4
20	Normalized lighting power density (Reception)	Normalized lighting power density for receptions	EN 12464-1		Max. density 4
21	Normalized lighting power density (Rest rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for rest rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 5
22	Normalized lighting power density (Retail)	Normalized lighting power density for retails	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,5
23	Normalized lighting power density (School classrooms)	Normalized lighting power density for school classrooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 2,3
24	Normalized lighting power density (Store rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for store rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2
25	Normalized lighting power density (waiting rooms)	Normalized lighting power density for waiting rooms	EN 12464-1		Max. density 3,2

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting controls					
Lighting controls installation “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lighting controls in infrequently occupied spaces	Installation of lighting controls in infrequently occupied spaces			Occupancy sensors which turn off the lighting after the space becomes unoccupied, unless this would endanger safety or security.
2	Lighting controls in unoccupied spaces at night/weekends	Installation of lighting controls in unoccupied spaces at night/weekends			Installation of either time switches or occupancy sensors to switch off the lighting after the space becomes unoccupied at night or at weekends.
3	Lighting controls in spaces with side windows	Installation of lighting controls in spaces with side windows			Should be controlled in rows parallel to the windows, so that the rows nearer to the windows can be switched off separately.
4	Lighting controls in offices/conference rooms/classrooms etc.	Installation of lighting controls in offices/conference rooms/classrooms etc.			Accessible by the occupants switches in convenient locations.
5	Lighting controls in daylight circulation areas	Installation of lighting controls in daylight circulation areas			Automatic daylight linked control (either switching or dimming).

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Installation of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Installation of lighting systems					
Lighting controls installation “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Instructions about the new/renovated lighting installation	Written instructions regarding the new/renovated lighting system			Provision of: • Disassembly instructions for luminaires • Instructions on how to replace lamps, and which lamps can be used in the luminaires without increasing the stated power densities. • Instructions on how to operate and maintain lighting controls • For occupancy sensors, instructions on how to adjust their sensitivity and time delay, and advice on how best to do this to meet occupant needs without excessive increase in energy consumption • For daylight linked controls, instructions on how to recalibrate and adjust them, for example to take into account changes to room layout. • For time switches, instructions on how to adjust the switch off times, and advice on how best to do this to meet occupant without excessive increase in energy consumption.
2	Management of the installation wastes	Environmental measures to reduce and recover the waste that is produced during the installation of a new or renovated lighting system.	WEEE directive	http://ec.europa.eu/environment/waste/wEEE/index_en.htm	All waste lamps and luminaires and lighting controls shall be separated and sent for recovery.

Office Building Design, Construction and Management

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: New-built projects					
Subcategory – Level 5: Minimum Energy performance					
Minimum Energy performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy performance for new-built projects	Energy performance of a new-built office building	EN 15603	https://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/sites/energyefficiency/files/events/High-Performance-Buildings-June-2013/Papers/session3/34_pap_socal_-_en_15603_new_features_-_2013-06-06.pdf	Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) class C or three times the kWh/m ² cut-off value for the best class or a maximum of 135 kWh/m ² (whichever is the strictest);
2	Lower energy consumption	The project with the lowest annual primary energy consumption (Q _{pmin}) in building, will be assigned the largest share (X _{max}). While project with a larger annual primary energy consumption (Q _{pi}) is evaluated with the lowest share (X _i).			The share of this criteria in comparison to other criteria's should be at least 10%.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Renovations					
Subcategory – Level 5: Minimum Energy performance					
Minimum Energy performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy performance for renovation of building	Energy performance of a renovated office building	EN 15603	https://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/sites/energyefficiency/files/events/High-Performance-Buildings-June-2013/Papers/session3/34_pap_socal_-_en_15603_new_features_-_2013-06-06.pdf	Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) class D or four times the kWh/m ² cut-off value for the best class or a maximum of 170 kWh/m ² (whichever is the strictest);
2	Design team and contractors' competencies	Selection of the design team and contractors			• Competencies of the project manager • Competencies of the design team • Competencies of the main construction contractor and specialist contractors • Competencies of DBO contractors and property developers

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Cost optimal performance					
Cost optimal performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Cost optimal performance	Cost optimal performance of new-build and major renovation projects	EN 15603, EU Delegated Regulation 244/2012	https://iet.jrc.ec.europa.eu/energyefficiency/sites/energyefficiency/files/events/High-Performance-Buildings-June-2013/Papers/session3/34_pap_socal_en_15603_new_features_-_2013-06-06.pdf , http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2012:081:0018:0036:en:PDF	The cost optimum primary energy demand for a public office building expressed in kWh/m2 as calculated according to the methodology in Commission Delegated Regulation No 244/2012.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy management system					
Energy management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Installation of a building energy management system	Installation and commissioning of a building energy management system			A building energy management system (BEMS) shall be installed and commissioned that provides occupants and facilities managers with real-time information on the building's energy use by using networked sensors and a minimum of half hourly utility metering.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy management system					
Energy management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Building energy management system interface	Guidelines for the interface of the Building energy management system interface			The user interface shall allow for information on the buildings energy use to be analyzed and downloaded by occupants and facilities managers without requiring significant training.
3	Key energy aspects control by the Building energy management system	Control of the building’s key energy aspects			The performance of key aspects of the building that can be controlled by the system shall be easy to adjust i.e. lighting, heating, cooling.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Low or zero carbon energy sources					
Low or zero carbon energy sources “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Connection to cost-effective energy systems	Connection of a building’s energy system to alternative cost-effective energy systems			Where the building is located so as to benefit from the potential to connect to a high efficiency and cost-effective alternative energy systems, the building’s energy systems shall be designed to connect to this infrastructure.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Staff travel plan and infrastructure					
Staff travel plan and infrastructure “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Staff travel plan	Identification of a travel plan for the occupants of the building			The plan shall identify specific measures that, taking into account the local context, may reduce the need for commuting to the building by private car and promote the use of more sustainable modes of transport, to include cycling and walking, public transport, low emission vehicles, and car sharing.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Recyclable waste storage					
Recyclable waste storage “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Dedicated recyclable waste storage	Availability of a dedicated waste storage within the building			Dedicated recyclable waste storage shall be provided within the building, or within the curtilage of the building, to facilitate the segregation of recyclable materials and end-of-life products by occupants.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Thermal comfort conditions					
Thermal comfort conditions “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Indoor thermal comfort conditions	Indoor temperature conditions	EN 15251	https://ec.europa.eu/energy/intelligent/projects/en/projects/commoncense	Design indoor temperature values (minimum room temperature in winter, maximum room temperature in summer) for the office building shall comply with at least category II in accordance with EN 15251 or equivalent. Annex A1 shall be referred to for mechanically cooled buildings and A2 for passively cooled buildings.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Daylighting and glare control					
Daylighting and glare control “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Daylighting and glare control (Usable office space-externally facing facades)	Daylighting and glare control of the externally facing facades of usable office space			Useable office space shall for 80% of the useable floor area achieve an average Daylight Factor of 1.5%
2	Daylighting and glare control (Usable office space-interior facing facades)	Daylighting and glare control of the interior facing facades of usable office space			Useable office space shall for 80% of the useable floor area achieve an average Daylight Factor of 0.7%

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design and performance					
Subcategory – Level 4: Ventilation and air quality					
Ventilation and air quality “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Ventilation system air supply (Normal outdoor air quality)	Indoor air supply by the building’s ventilation system	EN 15251	https://ec.europa.eu/energy/intelligent/projects/en/projects/commoncnse	Quality rating of IDA 2
2	Ventilation system air supply (Poor outdoor air quality-ODA class 2 or 3)	Indoor air supply by the building’s ventilation system	EN 13779	http://www.cres.gr/greenbuilding/PDF/prend/set4/WI_25_Pre-FV_version_prEN_13779_Ventilation_for_non-residential_buildings.pdf	- No air intake should be positioned on a façade or facades exposed to busy roads (road to be indicated in the ITT). Where this is not possible, the opening should be positioned as high above the ground as possible. The design shall additionally be in compliance with guidance A2.2 in EN 13779; - Ventilation system filters shall be in compliance with the specifications in table A.5 of EN 13779 or equivalent.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Strip-out, demolition and site preparation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Demolition waste audit and management plan					
Demolition waste audit and management plan “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Re-use, recycling, material recovery of non-hazardous waste	Re-use of non-hazardous waste generated during demolition and strip-out works			Re-use of the demolition wastes at a minimum of 55% of the wastes’ weight.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Sourcing of legal timber					
Demolition waste audit and management plan “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Source of the timber	Identification of the timber’s source	EU 995/2010	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2010:295:0023:0034:EN:PDF	All timber or timber products to be supplied must be legally harvested

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Use of renewable/recycled building materials					
Use of renewable/recycled building materials “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Building materials sourced from renewable or recycled sources	Use of building products based on renewable raw materials such as wood, pulp, hemp, wool or on recycled raw materials			Used/installed renewable or recycled materials exceed 30% (by volume) of materials installed in the building (excluding interior fittings, panels ground floor and below-lying structures).

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Site waste management					
Site waste management “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Site waste management	Management of the wastes arising during construction and renovation, excluding demolition waste	EU Directive 2008/98/EC	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2008:312:0003:0030:en:PDF	Less than or equal to 11 tones per 100m ² gross internal office floor area.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Selection of fit-out materials and finishes					
Selection of fit-out materials and finishes emissions (µg/m³) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Emissions of TVOCs (3 days)	TVOCs emissions (3 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	10.000 µg/m³
2	Emissions of TVOCs (28 days)	TVOCs emissions (28 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	<2.000 µg/m³
3	Emissions of Formaldehyde (3 days)	Formaldehyde emissions (3 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	-
4	Emissions of Formaldehyde (28 days)	Formaldehyde emissions (28 days) for the fit-out of the offices	CEN/TS 16516	http://www.eurofins.com/media/2236/gst-2014-x738-oppl-cen-ts-16516.pdf	< 120 µg/m³

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Construction products					
Selection of construction products TVOC emissions “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Emissions of TVOCs in construction products installed	Emission of volatile organic compounds in construction products, which will be used in the	ISO 16000-9 ISO 16000-10 ISO 16000-11		

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Construction of the building or major renovation works					
Subcategory – Level 4: Construction products					
Selection of construction products TVOC emissions “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
		construction, must not exceed the amounts set out in the European standard BS EN ISO 16000-9, EN ISO 16000-10, EN ISO 16000-11 or an equivalent standard.			

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Completion and handover					
Subcategory – Level 4: Quality of the completed building fabric / Air tightness					
Air tightness “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Design air tightness (new-build)	Air tightness for new-build buildings	EN 13829	https://www.attma.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/ATTMA-TSL1-Issue-3-Rev-0-2016.09.09.pdf	4 m ³ /(h.m ²) at 50 Pascals
2	Design air tightness (renovations)	Air tightness for renovated buildings	EN 13829	https://www.attma.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/09/ATTMA-TSL1-Issue-3-Rev-0-2016.09.09.pdf	8 m ³ /(h.m ²) at 50 Pascals

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Building energy management system					
Energy management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy Management system reports	Facilities management reports			Monthly reports which disaggregate heating, cooling, ventilation and lighting energy use on a seasonal basis.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy performance contract					
Energy performance contract “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Energy performance contract	Agreement regarding the limits of building’s energy consumption			Agreement based on the preliminary modelling of the buildings energy consumption, limits on energy consumption associated with lighting, heating, cooling, ventilation and auxiliary power.
2	Energy performance contract duration	Duration (in years) of the agreement			At least 10 years
3	Contract liabilities	Contract liabilities between facilities manager and contracting authority			If energy usage were to exceed the limits set, the building operator or facilities manager (as appropriate) would be liable for the additional costs. If energy usage were to be below these limits, the savings would be shared 50:50 (or an alternative agreed apportionment of the savings) with the contracting authority.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Energy performance contract					
Energy performance contract “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					The arrangement shall be subject to a review on an annual basis.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Office Building Design, Construction and Management					
Subcategory – Level 3: Facilities management					
Subcategory – Level 4: Waste management system					
Waste management system “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Installation of waste management system	Waste management systems for recycling/re-use of occupants’ materials			Installation of a waste management system that will allow occupiers to segregate paper, cardboard, food and drink packaging (glass, plastic and other materials for which local separate collection systems exist) into separate streams for recycling. Batteries, ink and toner cartridges, IT equipment and furniture shall also be collected and arranged for re-use or recycling where possible.

Combined Heat and Power

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Combined Heat and Power					
CHP “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Combined Heat and Power equipment overall energy efficiency	Energy efficiency (annual sum of electricity and mechanical energy production and useful heat output divided by the fuel input used for heat produced in a cogeneration process and gross electricity and mechanical energy production) of CHP unit	Cogeneration Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004L0008&from=EN	75%
2	Combined Heat and Power equipment overall energy efficiency (energy savings calculated as follows: $PES = \left[1 - \frac{1}{\frac{CHPH\eta}{RefH\eta} + \frac{CHPE\eta}{RefE\eta}} \right] * 100\%$	Energy efficiency (annual sum of electricity and mechanical energy production and useful heat output divided by the fuel input used for heat produced in a cogeneration process and gross electricity and mechanical energy production) of CHP unit	Cogeneration Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004L0008&from=EN	80%
3	Combined Heat and Power equipment overall energy efficiency (primary energy savings calculated based on PES by replacing: • “CHP H_{η}” with “H_{η}” • “CHP E_{η}” with “E_{η}”	Energy efficiency (annual sum of electricity and mechanical energy production and useful heat output divided by the fuel input used for heat produced in a cogeneration process and gross electricity and mechanical energy production) of CHP unit	Cogeneration Directive	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32004L0008&from=EN	Above 70%

Furniture

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Wood and wood-based material furniture	Purchase of wood and wood-based furniture	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/environment/forests/flegt.htm	All wood and wood-based materials shall come from legally sourced timber.
2	Plastic parts of furniture	Furniture containing plastic parts	ISO 11469	http://www.iso.org/iso/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=27946	All plastic parts $\geq 50g$ shall be marked for recycling and must not contain additions of other materials that may hinder their recycling
3	Surface coating of wood, plastic and/or metal parts	Furniture with its surface coated with wood, plastic and/or metal parts	EU Directive 199/45/EC	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/en/ALL/?uri=CELEX:31999L0045	• Not contain hazardous substances that are classified as carcinogenic (R40, R45, R49), harmful to the reproductive system (R60, R61, R62, R63), mutagenic (R46, R68), toxic (R23, R24, R25, R26, R27, R28, R51), allergenic when inhaled (R42) or harmful to the environment (R50, R50/53, R51/53, R52, R52/53, R53). cause heritable genetic damage (R46), danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure (R48), possible risks of irreversible effects (R68). • Not contain more than 5% by weight of volatile organic compounds (VOCs). For phthalates: no use is allowed of phthalates that at the time of application fulfil the classification criteria of any of the following risk phrases (or combinations thereof): R60, R61, R62, in accordance with Directive 67/548/EEC and its amendments.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					• Not contain aziridine • Not contain Chromium (VI) compounds
4	Adhesives and glues	Adhesives and glues used in the assembly of furniture			VOC contain of adhesives shall not exceed 10% by weight
5	Furniture packaging materials	Recycling of packaging materials	Ecolabel type I		Packaging must consist of readily recycled material, and/or materials taken from renewable resources, or be a multi-use system.
6	Separation of furniture packaging materials	Packaging material separation by hand			All packaging materials shall be easily separable by hand into recyclable parts consisting of one material (e.g. cardboard, paper, plastic, textile).
7	Outdoor furniture	Outdoor furniture wooden	EN 350-2	https://www.en-standard.eu/csn-en-350-2-durability-of-wood-and-wood-based-products-natural-durability-of-solid-wood-part-2-guide-to-natural-durability-and-treatability-of-selected-wood-species-of-importance-in-europe/?gclid=Cj0KEQiAkO7CBRDeqJ_ahuiPrEBEiQAbYupJcVAX-V0-j5fpnTKR08FEAqr80ZDUKDFXu5v6C6YEGoaAm pB8P8HAQ	The wood used for outdoor furniture, should be: - Classified in 1st or 2nd class for resistance or durability in accordance to EN350-2 standard or equivalent and should not be coated with preservatives or biocidal products - If not classified in above mentioned classes, several additional standards, risk phrases and precautionary statements referring to the law regulating chemical should be taken in consideration (R40/H351, R42/ H334, R45/H350, R46/H340, R49/H350i, R60/H360F, R61/H360D, R62/H361f, R63/H361d, R68/ H341

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
8	Share of wood and/or wood materials in furniture	The share of wood or wood materials in the furniture must be at least 70% of the volume of materials used. The exception may be chairs and furniture where wood and wood materials are not permitted.	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/environment/forests/flegt.htm	At least 70% (of volume) of furniture must be made of wood or wood materials, the exception may be chairs and furniture where wood and wood materials are not permitted.
9	Textile products-PESTICIDES	Textile products (used in furniture) with low levels of toxic substances - PESTICIDES		http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/pdf/criteria/textiles.pdf	For products made from cotton or other natural cellulosic fibers, the final product shall not contain more than 0.05 ppm (parts per million) of each of the following substances The total sum content of the following substances shall not exceed 0.75 ppm: - 2,4,5-T - Aldrin - Captafol - Chlordane - Chlordimeform - DDT - Dieldrin - Dinoseb and salts - Endrine - Heptachlor - Hexachlorobenzene - Hexachlorocyclohexane, α - Hexachlorocyclohexane, β - Hexachlorocyclohexane, δ

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					- Metamidophos - Monocrotophos - Parathion - Parathion-methyl - Propethamphos - Toxaphene
10	Textile products-DYES	Textile products (used in furniture) with low levels of toxic substances - DYES		http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/pdf/criteria/textiles.pdf	Dyes classified as sensitising/allergenic, carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic to reproduction The following dyes shall not be used in the manufacture of the final product: • C.I. Basic Red 9 • C.I. Disperse Blue 1 • C.I. Acid Red 26 • C.I. Basic Violet 14 • C.I. Disperse Orange 11 • C. I. Direct Black 38 • C. I. Direct Blue 6 • C. I. Direct Red 28 • C. I. Disperse Yellow 3 • C.I. Disperse Yellow 23 • C.I. Disperse Yellow 149 The following dyes shall only be used if the fastness to perspiration (acid and alkaline) of the dyed fibres, yarn or fabric is at least 4: • C.I. Disperse Blue 3 C.I. 61 505 • C.I. Disperse Blue 7 C.I. 62 500 • C.I. Disperse Blue 26 C.I. 63 305 • C.I. Disperse Blue 35

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					• C.I. Disperse Blue 102 • C.I. Disperse Blue 106 • C.I. Disperse Blue 124 • C.I. Disperse Orange 1 C.I. 11 080 • C.I. Disperse Orange 3 C.I. 11 005 • C.I. Disperse Orange 37 • C.I. Disperse Orange 76 • (previously designated Orange 37) • C.I. Disperse Red 1 C.I. 11 110 • C.I. Disperse Red 11 C.I. 62 015 • C.I. Disperse Red 17 C.I. 11 210 • C.I. Disperse Yellow 1 C.I. 10 345 • C.I. Disperse Yellow 9 C.I. 10 375 • C.I. Disperse Yellow 39 • C.I. Disperse Yellow 49
11	Textile products - ARYLAMINES	Textile products (used in furniture) with low levels of toxic substances - ARYLAMINES		http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/pdf/criteria/textiles.pdf	The final product shall not contain the following arylamines: • 4-aminodiphenyl (CAS no. 92-67-1) • Benzidine (CAS no. 92-87-5) • 4-chloro-o-toluidine (CAS no. 95-69-2) • 2-naphthylamine (CAS no. 91-59-8) • o-amino-azotoluene (CAS no. 97-56-3) • 2-amino-4-nitrotoluene (CAS no. 99-55-8) • p-chloroaniline (CAS no. 106-47-8) • 2,4-diaminoanisole (CAS no. 615-05-4) • 4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane (CAS no. 101-77-9) • 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine (CAS no. 91-94-1) • 3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine (CAS no. 119-90-4)

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Furniture					
Furniture “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
					• 3,3'-dimethylbenzidine (CAS no. 119-93-7) • 3,3'-dimethyl-4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane (CAS no. 838-88-0) • p-cresidine (CAS no. 120-71-8) • 4,4'-methylene-bis-(2-chloraniline) (CAS no. 101-14-4) • 4,4'-oxydianiline (CAS no. 101-80-4) • 4,4'-thiodianiline (CAS no. 139-65-1) • o-toluidine (CAS no. 95-53-4) • 2,4-diaminotoluene (CAS no. 95-80-7) • 2,4,5-trimethylaniline (CAS no. 137-17-7) • 4-aminoazobenzene (CAS no. 60-09-3) • o-anisidine (CAS no. 90-04-0)
12	Textile products- FLAME RETARDANTS	Textile products (used in furniture) with low levels of toxic substances - FLAME RETARDANTS		http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/pdf/criteria/textiles.pdf	The following flame retardants shall not be used in the final product: • PBB (Polybrominated biphenyls) CAS no. 59536-65-1 • pentaBDE (Pentabromodiphenylether) CAS no. 32534-81-9 • octaBDE (Octabromodiphenyl ether) CAS no. 32536-52-9 • decaBDE (Decabromodiphenyl ether) CAS no. 1163-19-5
13	Textile products- POLYURETHANE FOAMS	Textile products (used in furniture)- POLYURETHANE FOAMS		http://ec.europa.eu/environment/gpp/pdf/toolkit/furniture_GPP_product_sheet.pdf	The blowing agents of polyurethane foams used for furniture (PUR-foams) must not be HFC or methylene chloride.

Toilets & Urinals

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory –Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Water Efficiency					
Water efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Full flush volume	Nominal full flush volume	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 6 lt/flush
2	Water saving	Water saving in toilets of a flush volume more than 4 lt.	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 3 lt/flush
3	Flush volume adjustment (plain toilets)	Flush adjustment of plain toilets	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 6 lt/flush
4	Flush volume adjustment (toilets with water saving device)	Flush adjustment of toilets equipped with water saving device	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Up to 3 lt/flush

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory –Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	WC and urinal cisterns performance	Flushing performance of WC and urinal flushing cisterns	EN 14055	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519145323.pdf	Comply with the standard

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Flushing toilet equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10 performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10	EN 12541	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_2010519144443.pdf	Comply with the standard
3	Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware	EN 15091	http://www.ceir.eu/files/Standardisation%20guide%20for%20sanitary%20tapware.pdf	Comply with the standard
4	Flush performance	Flush performance of toilet suites and toilet receptacles	EN 997	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519152058.pdf	Comply with the standard. The toilets should have double flush and should not use more than 6 lt of water for full and 3 lt of water for partial flushing
5	Longevity	Toilet flushing equipment warranty			At least, 10 years
6	Installation instructions	Printed/electronic installation instructions			Provision by the installer with installation instructions containing info on specific operating pressures, how to adjust flushing volumes, how rational use can minimize environmental impact, recommendations on the proper use, etc.

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Urinal equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Water Efficiency					
Water efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Full flush volume	Nominal full flush volume	EN 13407	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_20105119430.pdf	Up to 2 lt/flush
2	Water saving	Water saving in urinals (flush control)			On-demand flush control for not more than 60 cm width of continuous wall.
3	Flush volume adjustment	Flush adjustment of urinal with flushing system			Up to 2 lt/flush

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Urinal equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	WC and urinal flushing cisterns performance	Flushing performance of WC and urinal flushing cisterns	EN 14055	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/b_fileupload_2010519145323.pdf	Comply with the standard
2	Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10 performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Pressure flushing valves and automatic closing urinal valves PN 10	EN 12541	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_2010519144443.pdf	Comply with the standard

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Toilets & Urinals					
Subcategory – Level 3: Urinal equipment					
Subcategory – Level 4: Product performance					
Product performance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
3	Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware performance	Flushing performance of sanitary tapware - Electronic opening and closing sanitary tapware	EN 15091	http://www.ceir.eu/files/Standardisation%20guide%20for%20sanitary%20tapware.pdf	Comply with the standard
4	Flush performance	Flush performance of urinal suites and urinals	EN 13407	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujing/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_20105119430.pdf	Comply with the standard
5	Flush-free urinal performance	Flush-free urinals' performance	Commission Decision 2013/641/EU (Appendix 2)	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32013D0641	Comply with the standard. In case of flush-free urinals the biodegradable liquid or rather no liquid should be used.
6	Longevity	Urinal flushing equipment warranty			At least, 10 years
7	Fluid biodegradability and maintenance of flush-free urinals	Flush-free urinals			Use of a biodegradable fluid or operation completely without fluid.
8	Installation instructions of the urinal flushing equipment	Printed/electronic installation instructions			Provision by the installer with installation instructions containing info on specific operating pressures, how to adjust flushing volumes, how rational use can minimize environmental impact, recommendations on the proper use, etc.

Wall panels

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Wall panels					
Subcategory –Level 3: Gypsum Plasterboard Wall panels					
Gypsum Plasterboard wall panels “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Panel recycling materials	Recyclable materials used in the manufacture of gypsum panels			Panel made from 100% recycled wood/paper
2	Wood paper panels	Panels made by wood paper	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/environment/forests/flegt.htm	Paper made of wood, wood fibres or wood particles stemming from legally harvested forests.
3	Gypsum content	Recyclable gypsum content			At least 2% by weight

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Wall panels					
Subcategory –Level 3: Wood-Based Wall panels					
Wood-based wall panels “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Virgin wood panels	Origin of the panels’ wood	FSC, PEFC, FLEGT	www.fsc.org , www.pefc.org , ec.europa.eu/environment/forests/flegt.htm	Virgin wood material shall come from legal sources
2	Formaldehyde emission	Wood panels formaldehyde emission	EN 13986, EN 300, EN 312, EN 622, EN 636	http://apawood-europe.org/official-guidelines/european-standards/individual-standards/en-13986 http://apawood-europe.org/official-guidelines/european-standards/individual-standards/en-300/	Up to 0.13 mg/m ³

Water-based Heaters

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Water-based Heaters					
Subcategory –Level 3: Heaters’ Energy Efficiency					
Heaters’ Energy Efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Minimum energy efficiency (All heaters except solid biomass boiler heaters)	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency (η_s)	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	(η_s) $\geq$ 90%
2	Minimum energy efficiency (Solid biomass boiler heaters)	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency (η_s)	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	(η_s) $\geq$ 75%
3	Greenhouse gas emissions (All heaters, except heat pump heaters)	Greenhouse gas (GHG) emission limits	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	220 g CO ₂ – equivalent/kWh heating output
4	Greenhouse gas emissions (pump heaters)	Greenhouse gas (GHG) emission limits	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	170 g CO ₂ – equivalent/kWh heating output
5	Longevity	Water-based heaters warranty	2014/314/EU	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=urisrv%3AOJ.L_.2014.164.01.0083.01.ENG	At least, 4 years

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Water-based Heaters					
Subcategory –Level 3: Heaters’ Energy Efficiency					
Heaters’ Energy Efficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
6	Installation instructions of the water-based heaters	Printed/electronic installation instructions			Provision by the installer with installation instructions containing info on appropriate dimensions of heaters for each building, info on energy consumption, operating instructions, recommendations on appropriate disposal at product’s end-of-life

Sanitary Tapware

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Water consumption/Energy saving					
Water consumption/Energy saving “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Maximum water flow rate (kitchen taps)	Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for kitchen taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Max. 8 lt/min

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Water consumption/Energy saving					
Water consumption/Energy saving “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
2	Maximum water flow rate (Basin taps)	Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for basin taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Max. 7 lt/min
3	Maximum water flow rate (Showerheads or showers)	Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for showerheads or showers	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Max. 9 lt/min
4	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (kitchen taps)	Lowest maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for kitchen taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 2 lt/min
5	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (Basin taps)	Lowest Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for basin taps	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 2 lt/min
6	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (Showerheads or showers)	Lowest Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for showerheads or showers	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 4,5 lt/min

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Water consumption/Energy saving					
Water consumption/Energy saving “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
7	Lowest Maximum water flow rate (Electric showers and low pressure showers)	Lowest Maximum water flow rates to the basin/sink for electric showers and low pressure showers	EN 200, EN 816, EN 817, EN 1111, EN 1112, EN 1286, EN 1287, EN 15091, EN 248, EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-35		Lowest max. 3 lt/min
8	Temperature management (Hot water barrier)	Sanitary tapware equipped with an advance device or technical solution which allows temperature management			Equipped with hot water barrier
9	Temperature management (Thermostatic adjustment)	Sanitary tapware equipped with an advance device or technical solution which allows temperature management			Sanitary tapware shall allow thermostatic adjustment
10	Temperature management (Cold water supply)	Sanitary tapware equipped with an advance device or technical solution which allows temperature management			Sanitary tapware shall be designed with a cold-water supply in middle position
11	Time control system (taps)	Time control for stopping water flow of taps			Up to 15 seconds
12	Time control system (showers)	Time control for stopping water flow of showers			Up to 35 seconds
13	Sensor control system (taps)	Shut off delay time after usage for stopping water flow of taps			Up to 2 seconds
14	Sensor control system (showers)	Shut off delay time after usage for stopping water flow of showers			Up to 3 seconds

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Sanitary tapware					
Subcategory –Level 3: Product quality/Longevity					
Product quality/Longevity “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Ni-Cr coating	Sanitary products with a metallic Ni-Cr coating	EN 248	http://www.nccs.org.cn/yujin/g/cbunuser/1/down/B_fileUpload_2010511143933.pdf	Should comply with the standard
2	Reparability/Availability of spare parts	Reparability and availability of the tapware’s spare parts			The product shall be designed in such a way that its exchangeable components can be replaced easily by the end-user or a professional service engineer
3	Warranty	Sanitary tapware warranty			At least, 4 years
4	User information	Printed/electronic information			The product shall be supplied with installation instructions, proper use recommendations, advice on maintenance, advice on cleaning sanitary tapware, instructions for replacement, etc.

Cyprus

In general, Cyprus adopts the common EU “green” criteria for buildings’ refurbishment. Nevertheless, there are some minor exceptions of harmonized criteria, which are presented below.

Indoor lighting

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Indoor Lighting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Design of indoor lighting					
Subcategory – Level 4: Lighting power density					
Lighting power density (W/m²) “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Lighting power density (Offices-cellular)	Lighting power density for cellular offices	EN 12464-1, Cyprus national law 119/2016		Max. density 10
2	Lighting power density (Offices-open plan)	Lighting power density for open plan offices	EN 12464-1, Cyprus national law 119/2016		Max. density 10

Thermal insulation

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: EE-Building renovation & retrofitting					
Subcategory – Level 3: Implementation of external and roof thermal insulation					
Thermal transmittance “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Thermal transmittance coefficient (roofs, exposed floors and wall insulation)	Thermal transmittance coefficient for roofs, exposed floors and wall insulation	Cyprus national law 119/2016		Max. 0,4 W/m ² K
2	Thermal transmittance coefficient (Openings)	Thermal transmittance coefficient for openings	Cyprus national law 119/2016		Max. 2,9 W/m ² K

Italy

As in the most cases, Italy adopts the common EU “green” criteria for buildings’ refurbishment, with some harmonized/specific criteria, which are presented below:

Category – Level 1: Energy Efficiency					
Subcategory – Level 2: Electricity					
Subcategory – Level 3: Static autotrasformers					
Static autotransformers “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Static autotransformer electricity saving	Static autotransformer with electronic control and PWM technology electricity saving	Directive 2009/28/EC, VDE standard	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=cellex%3A32009L0028 , https://www.vde-verlag.de/standards.html	Min. 12%

Category – Level 1: Renewable Energy Sources					
Subcategory – Level 2: Energy self sufficiency					
Energy self sufficiency “green” criteria					
n.	Name	Description	International Standard	URL of standard	Value Description
1	Biomass co-generation (gasification)	Biomass co-generation (gasification) energy self sufficiency rate	Directive 2009/28/EC	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=cellex%3A32009L0028	70%
2	Fotovoltaic plant introduction	Fotovoltaic plant self sufficiency rate	Directive 2009/28/EC	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/ALL/?uri=cellex%3A32009L0028	40%

Bosnia – Herzegovina

Public procurement procedure in BiH

The public procurement procedure in Bosnia and Herzegovina is conducted under the **Law on Public Procurement** and verification of the bidders' qualifications is performed solely according to the criteria already fixed in the bidding documentation. All requested criterions ("green" and any other) equally have to be included in the bidding documentation and provided to the economic operators. Thus, the green evaluation system (within the procurement procedure itself) is not mandatory.

The Law on Public Procurement defines the main types of public procurement procedures. They are:

- 1) Open procedure,
- 2) Restricted procedure,
- 3) Negotiated procedure with prior publication of a procurement notice,
- 4) Negotiated procedure without prior publication of a procurement notice,
- 5) Competitive dialogue,
- 6) Public procurement procedures for award of small value contracts: a) competitive request for quotations and b) direct agreement.

- **Open procedure** (the procedure whereby any interested bidder may submit a bid) is the basic, regular public procurement procedure, usually used by contracting authorities in procurement of goods, services and works.

- **Restricted procedure** is the procedure in which an economic operator may request participation and in which, following the publication of qualification, the contracting authority invites all qualified candidates to submit bids.

- **Negotiated procedure** is the procedure whereby the contracting authority negotiates the contract terms with one or several invited bidders. This procedure may be conducted with or without prior publication of a procurement notice, exclusively under the conditions set out in the Law.

- **Competitive dialogue** is the procedure whereby any interested economic operator may request participation in procedure and the contracting authority leads a dialogue with participants invited to the procedure with the purpose of developing one or more adequate solutions that may satisfy the needs of the contracting authority, and based on which the selected bidders will be invited to submit bids.

- **Small value contracts:** a) Competitive request for quotations is a procedure in which the contracting authority sends a request for bid submission for procurement of supplies, services, or works to a certain number of bidders, where that number cannot be lower than three, and it is under obligation to publish an additional procurement notice on the public procurement portal; b) Direct agreement is the procedure in which the contracting authority, following market analysis, requires a written proposal of price or bid from one or more bidders and negotiates or accepts that price, as the condition for final agreement.

The contracting authority applies the open or restricted procedure for the public procurement contract award, as the basic and regular procedures. Negotiated procedure with or without publication of notice and competitive dialogue may be applied exceptionally, provided the legal conditions for that stipulated by the Law are met.

In conducting an open procedure the contracting authority is under obligation to:

- a) prepare bidding documentation;
- b) publish a procurement notice;
- c) provide the economic operators with bidding documentation;
- d) carry out the public opening of bids received in due time;
- e) perform the verification of the bidders' qualifications according to the participation criteria fixed in the bidding documentation and evaluate the bids according to contract award criteria;
- f) inform the bidders about the outcome of the public procurement procedure;
- g) offer the contract to the most successful bidder;
- h) publish the notice and submit a report to the Public Procurement Agency.

Restricted procedure is conducted in the following manner:

- a) publishing the procurement notice in which the contracting authority invites all interested candidates to request the documentation for pre-qualification phase;
- b) providing or rendering accessible the documentation for pre-qualification phase to the candidates;
- c) performing the verification of the candidates' qualifications;
- d) informing the candidates that have not qualified;
- e) providing the qualified candidates simultaneously with the bidding documentation together with the invitation to submit bids;

- f) carrying out the public opening of bids received in due time;
- g) evaluating the bids according to the contract award criteria fixed in the bidding documentation;
- h) informing the bidders about the outcome of the public procurement procedure;
- i) offering the contract to the most successful bidder;
- j) publishing the notice and submitting the report to the Public Procurement Agency.

Regulations on planning and construction

Although the public procurement procedure does not consider the “green” criteria directly, the criteria are involved indirectly and they are considered in the phase of preparation of bidding documentation. The bidding documentation is based on technical specifications and planning documentation.

Namely, the planning documentation on building construction/refurbishment has to be prepared according to national regulations, mainly according to specific rulebooks that define some energy criteria. These rulebooks are stipulated by the **Law on Spatial Planning and Land Use on the Level of Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina**. The main rulebooks are:

The Rulebook on Technical Conditions for Thermal Protection of Buildings and Efficient Energy Consumption (Federal level) determines the minimal conditions on energy performance of new buildings and of buildings in reconstruction, as well as technical characteristics of some materials used in process of (re)construction.

The Rulebook on Technical Characteristics of Heating and Cooling Systems in Buildings (Federal level) determines technical characteristics of these systems and conditions in planning, installation, usage and maintenance.

The Rulebook on Technical Characteristics of Systems of Ventilation, Partial Air-conditioning and Air-conditioning in Buildings (Federal level) determines technical characteristics of these systems and conditions in planning, installation, usage and maintenance.

The Rulebook on Technical Characteristics of Windows and Doors (Federal level) determines technical characteristics and other requests for construction products – windows and doors that will be mounted.

The above listed rulebooks contain some definitions, standards and calculations that, in some level, can be considered similar to the ones listed in tables with EU criterions, but it is not possible to define the direct links or to find the appropriate analogy needed to harmonise the EU and specific national construction criterions. Furthermore, for the most criterions from the EU tables (Indoor lighting, Combined Heat and Power, Furniture, Toilets & Urinals, Sanitary Tap-ware) we do not have any equivalents in our rulebooks, so in the best case, the harmonisation would be partially possible just for some criterions and upon the analysis of experts from the sectors of construction, energy efficiency and related laws.