# Agronomic Test in Italy

Sara Melito – Arborea (Sardinia) – Italy



Project co-financed by the European Regional Development Fund



#### Results obtained: significant agronomic value

Struvite produced has an agronomic interest and value. More specifically, the addition of struvite to plants under controlled conditions induced:

- Faster plant germination
- Faster growth (mainly in lettuce) comparable to mineral fertilizer (plant height and leaf number)
- Radish diameter and dry weight were comparable to the data obtained with mineral fertilizer treatments
- Leaf length and Leaf dry weight were higher than the T1 (control). No significant difference with mineral fertilization treatment was observed

  Mediterranean





The experiment was conducted in greenhouse at Arborea, vivaio Peterle.





#### % Germination

### Radish

Treatment	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5
T1	7%	60%	93%	93%	100%
<b>T2</b>	47%	80%	93%	100%	100%
T3	40%	67%	87%	93%	100%
<b>T4</b>	53%	73%	93%	100%	100%
T5	67%	87%	87%	100%	100%

#### Lattuce

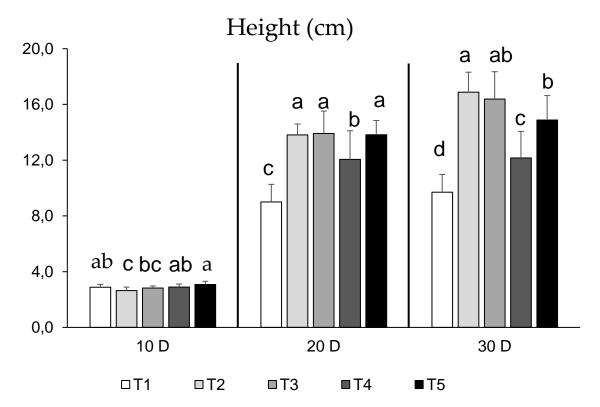
Treatment	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3
T1	83%	91%	96%
<b>T2</b>	56%	90%	98%
Т3	61%	86%	90%
<b>T4</b>	50%	94%	99%
T5	54%	91%	95%

Radish arrive at 100% of germination in 5 days; while lattuce arrive at the highest germination % in 3 days. Radish: T2, T4, T5 showed the highest germination% since Day 4.

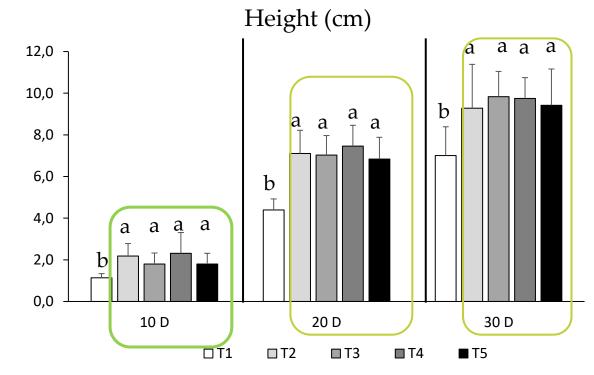
Lattuce: T4 is the best perfoming treatment in term of % of germination and timing



## Radish



## Lattuce

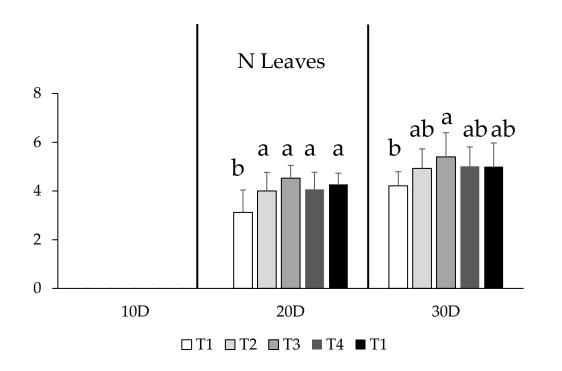






## Radish

## Lattuce



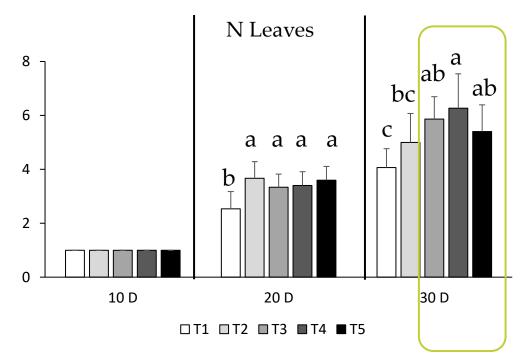
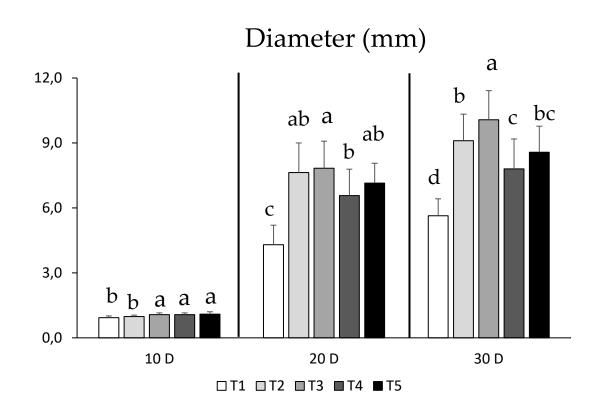


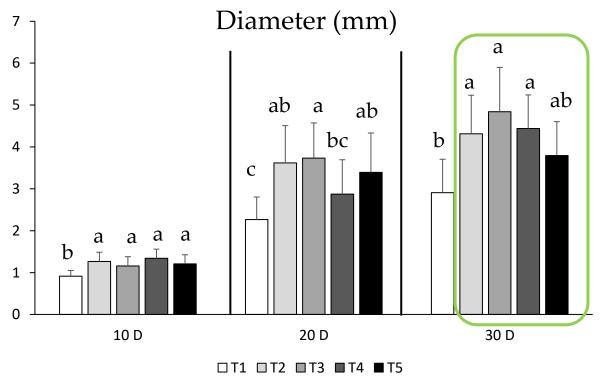
Figure: Number of leaves in Radish and lattuce at 10, 20 and 30 days. Mean values with SE are shown (n=15 lettuce and n=5 radish)



## Radish

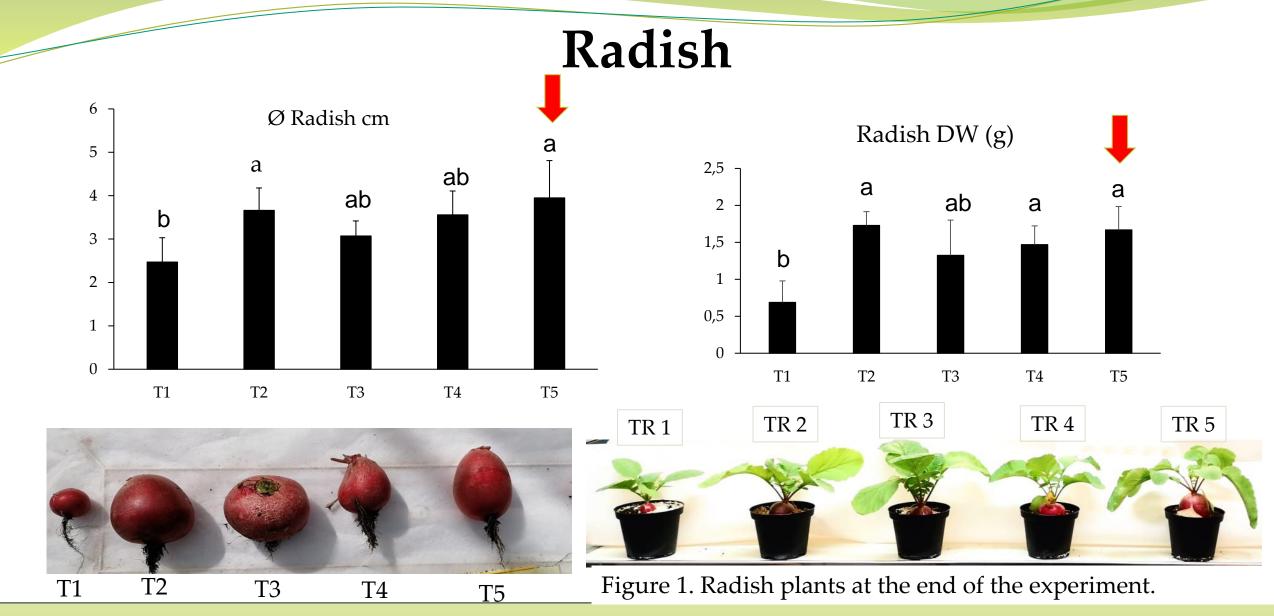
## Lattuce



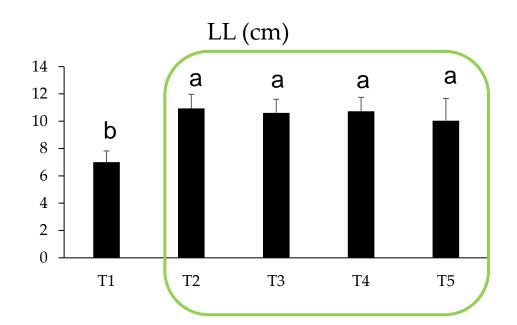


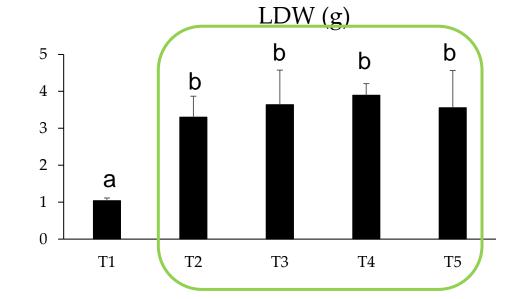


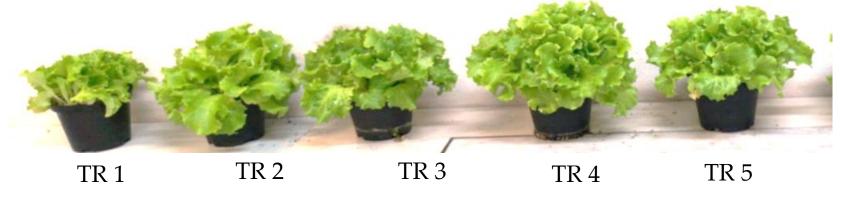




## Lattuce











#### Conclusions:

The experimental trials conducted with struvites, produced comparable or even better results plant performance in term of growth, development, and shelf life to mineral fertilizer



