

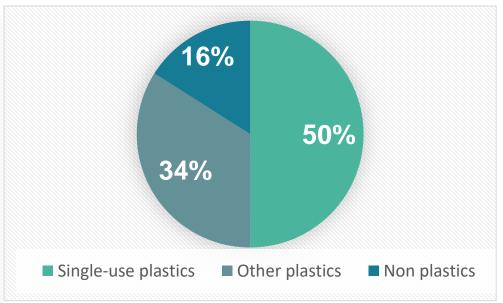
THE PLASTIC BUSTERS MPAs MARINE LITTER PREVENTION & MITIGATION ACTIONS: A SYNTHESIS

Thomais Vlachogianni, MIO-ECSDE Senior Programme/Policy Officer
PhD Environmental Chemistry & Ecotoxicology
Member of the MSFD Technical Group on Marine Litter
Member of the UNEP/MAP CORMON Group



PERCENTAGE OF SUPS FOUND ON EUROPEAN BEACHES IN 2016



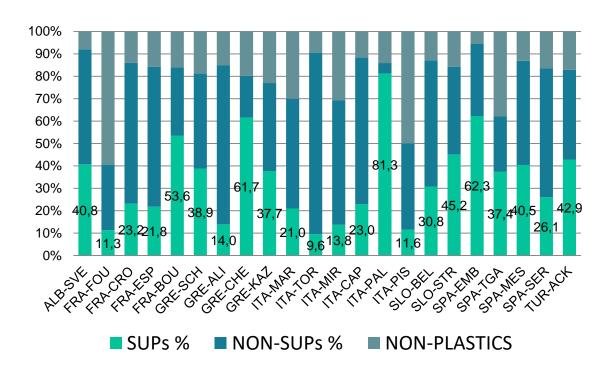


Addamo, A.M., Laroche, P., Hanke, G., 2017. Top Marine Beach Litter Items in Europe. EUR 29249 EN, Publications Office of the European Union, Luxembourg, 2017, ISBN 978-92-79-87711-7, JRC108181.

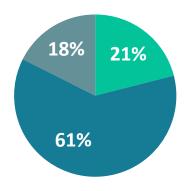




PLASTIC POLLUTION & SUPS IN MEDITERRANEAN MPAS





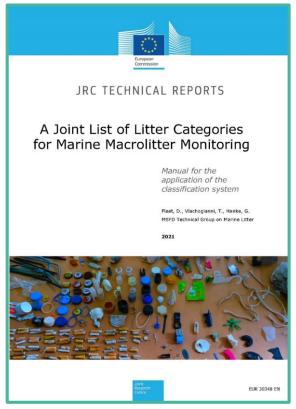




Vlachogianni, 2019. Marine Litter in Mediterranean coastal and marine protected areas – How bad is it. A snapshot assessment report on the amounts, composition and sources of marine litter found on beaches. Interreg Med ACT4LITTER & MIO-ECSDE.

THE JOINT LIST OF LITTER CATEGORIES







MACROLITTER ITEMS > 2.5 CM **Beach**

Seafloor

Sea surface

Biota

Fit-forpurpose data

Comparable data

Reliable data



THE JOINT LIST:
A LIST FOR ALL MARINE
COMPARTMENTS

THE USE CATEGORIES



Type-code	Name
ag_	agriculture related
aq_	aquaculture related
cl_	clothing
co_	building & construction related
fc_	food consumption related
fi_	fisheries related
hy_	personal hygiene and care related
md_	medical related
nn_	undefined use
re_	recreation related
sm_	smoking related
vk_	vehicle related
hu_	hunting related



THE JOINT LIST & ITS HIERARCHICAL STRUCTURE

Level 4 plastic drink bottles ≤ 0.51 Level 3 plastic drink bottles Level 2 plastic food plastic drink bottles & bottles >0.5l Level 1 containers plastic food plastic food containers made Material consumptionof foamed related items plastic tableware polystyrene artificial polymer cups/cutlery/ material plates/trays /straws/stirrers plastic fisheryrelated items

THE MAIN TARGETED LITTER ITEMS

















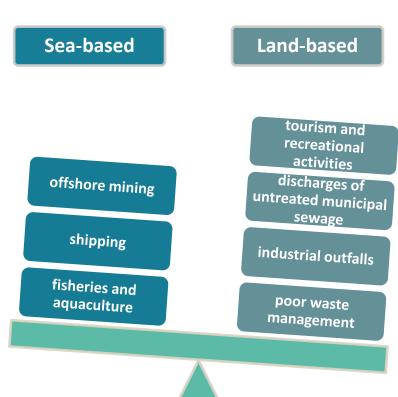
THE MAIN TARGETED LITTER ITEMS

SEA-BASED SOURCES ARE OF PARAMOUNT IMPORTANCE IN MANY AREAS OF THE MEDITERRANEAN, INCLUDING MPAs!









Interreg Mediterranean

PLASTIC BUSTERS

MPAs



WISE USE OF PLASTICS WITHIN A CIRCULAR ECONOMY





WHAT ARE SUPS MADE OF?

Thermoplastics

capable of being repeatedly moulded, or deformed plastically, when heated

Polyethylene Terephthalate
(PET); Polypropylene (PE);
Low Density Polyethylene
(LDPE); High Density
Polyethylene (HDPE);
Polystyrene (PS); Expanded
Polystyrene (EPS); Polyvinylchloride (PVC);
Polycarbonate;
Polypropylene (PP);
Polylactic acid (PLA);
Polyhydroxyalkanoates (PHA)

Thermosets

once formed, cannot be remoulded by melting

Polyurethane (PUR), Phenolic resins, Epoxy resins, Silicone, Vinyl ester, Acrylic resins, Ureaformaldehyde (UF) resins

Polymer	Plastic product
HDPE	Milk bottles, freezer bags,
	shampoo bottles, ice cream
	containers
PET	Bottles for water and other
	drinks, dispensing containers
	for cleaning fluids, biscuit trays
LDPE	Bags, trays, containers, food
	packaging film
PP	Microwave dishes, potato chip
	bags, bottle caps
PS	Cutlery, plates and cups
EPS	Hot drink cups, insulated food
	packaging, protective packaging
	for fragile items



BIO-BASED VS PETRO-BASED PLASTICS

Bio-based plasticsmade from renewable
resources

Petro-based plastics

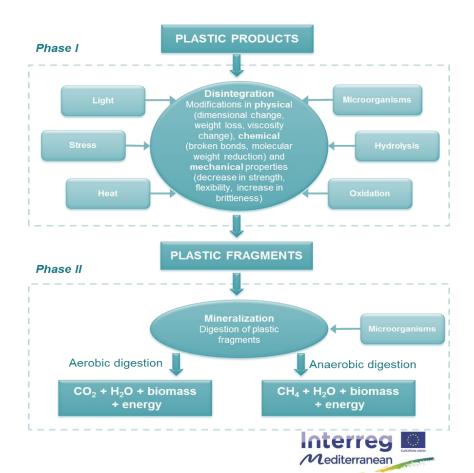
made from nonrenewable petroleum based resources

- Renewable resources can include corn, potatoes, rice, soy, sugarcane, wheat, and vegetable oil.
- Two very common examples of bio-based plastics are bio-polyethylene and poly(lactide). While most of the conventional polyethylenes are produced from fossil fuel, bio-polyethylene a leading bio-based plastic is produced entirely from biomass feedstock.



DEGRADATION OF PLASTICS

- The degradation of plastics is defined as the process that induces changes in the polymer properties (deterioration of functionality) due to chemical, physical or biological reactions.
- Depending upon the nature of the causing agents, polymer degradations have been classified as thermal- (heat), photo- (sunlight), oxidative- (oxygen), hydrolytic- (water), mechanical- (stress), and bio- (microorganisms) degradation.



PLASTIC BUSTERS

MPAs



THE PLASTIC BUSTERS MPAs APPROACH TO MARINE LITTER PREVENTION & MITIGATION ACTIONS

Substituting 'conventional' plastics with biobased plastics is merely a distraction to the marine litter issue.

End-of-pipe solutions such as cleanup operations cannot address the issue.

Biodegradable and compostable plastics pollute our coasts and seas just like conventional plastics, as they behave quite differently in the marine environment than in a terrestrial setting (landfill, composter) where the conditions required for rapid biodegradation are unlikely to occur. In addition, mixing of such plastics with normal plastics in the recycling stream may compromise the properties of the newly synthesised polymer.



EC GUIDELINES ON SINGLE-USE PLASTIC PRODUCTS

'Plastics manufactured with modified natural polymers, or plastics manufactured from biobased, fossil or synthetic starting substances are not naturally occurring and should therefore be addressed by the SUPs Directive. The adapted definition of plastics should therefore cover polymer-based rubber items and bio-based and biodegradable plastics regardless of whether they are derived from biomass or are intended to biodegrade over time'

Commission guidelines on single-use plastic products in accordance with Directive (EU) 2019/904 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the reduction of the impact of certain plastic products on the environment (2021/C 216/01)



THE EUROPEAN WASTE HIERARCHY AT THE HEART OF THE PLASTIC BUSTERS MPAS MARINE LITTER PREVENTION & MITIGATION INTERVENTIONS

Phase out or eliminate

This option refers to the absolute removal of a SUP-related item from a business, i.e. no bottled water is given to customers.

Reuse

This option refers to deploying a reusable alternative, i.e. by joining a reusable coffee-to-go cup scheme.

Reduce

This option refers to the reduction of the use of a SUP-related item, i.e. by providing it to a customer only when requested (handing out a carrier bag only upon request).

Replace with a sustainable or more sustainable alternative

This option refers to replacing a SUP-related item in use with a less harmful alternative i.e. replacing a plastic straw with a 'straw' straw or replacing a plastic cup with a FSC non-plastic-coated paper cup.

Improve recycling

This option refers to ensuring that a SUP-related item that is necessary due to a regulation or due to the unavailability of alternatives, is fully recyclable, is appropriately collected and recycled.





THE PILOTED & REPLICATED MEASURES





network of coastal food

and beverage outlets



Setting up the adopt-abeach scheme









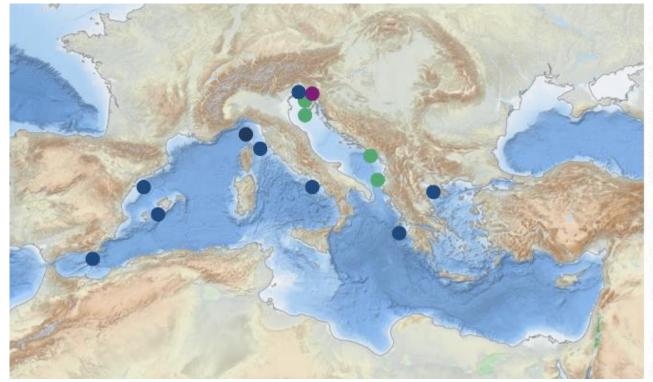
raising campaign for

cigarette-butt free beaches





THE PIONEERING MPAS





Testing Actions

FRANCE - Pelagos Sanctuary

GREECE - National Marine Park of Zakynthos

GREECE - Thermaikos Gulf Protected Areas

ITALY - Miramare MPA

ITALY - Pelagos Sanctuary

ITALY - Tuscan Archipelago National Park

SPAIN - Cabo de Gata-Níjar Natural Park

SPAIN - Cabrera National Park

SPAIN - Natural Park of Ebro Delta



Replication Actions

ALBANIA - Karaburun-Sazan MPA CROATIA - Brijuni National Park MONTENEGRO - Platamuni MPA SLOVENIA - Debeli Rtič Landscape Park



Testing & Replication Actions

SLOVENIA - Landscape Park Strunjan







TURNING SCIENCE INTO POLICY & ACTIONS THE MAIN CHALLENGE OF OUR ERA

Fit-for-purpose data

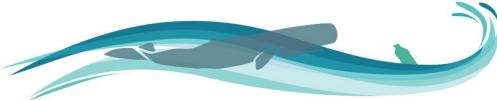
Participatory decision-making & bottom up approaches

Feasible & effective solutions

Coordinated & multilevel actions

Methodologicallysound & sciencebased processes Social innovations for a paradigm shift in the way we produce & consume





THE PLASTIC BUSTERS MPAS BLUEPRINT FOR A JOINT URGENT RESPONSE TO MARINE LITTER POLLUTION





















Thank you!

Thomais Vlachogianni vlachogianni@mio-ecsde.org



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