







SURFACE WATER QUALITY AND PRESSURE ASSESSMENT IN GAUJA/KOIVA AND SALACA/SALATSI RIVER BASIN, POTENTIAL MEASURES

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RIVER NETWORK



PROJECT AREA



CONTRASTS



Natural, distrophic Lake Sokas

Hypereutrophic Lake Burtnieku

DPSIR FRAMEWORK



(a) Matta A., Serra M. A Geodesign Approach for Using Spatial Indicators in Land-Use Planning. Civil Engineering and Architecture 4(5): 183-192, 2016

DRIVERS – PRESSURES – STATE

• Drivers

- Households & industry centralized sewage systems;
- Industry individual sewage systems;
- Households individual sewage systems;
- Mining (not relevant);
- Agriculture (water abstraction, nutrients run-off, drainage etc.);
- Forestry (nutrients run-off, drainage);
- Hydropower plants (HPP);
- Flood defence (not relevant);
- other

DRIVERS – PRESSURES – STATE

- Pressures
 - On surface water quantity;
 - Point source pollution of nutrients / hazardous & priority substances;
 - Diffuse source pollution of nutrients / hazardous & priority substances;
 - Hydro-morphological pressure;
 - Hydrological pressure (quantity, water flow regime);
 - Morphological pressure

DRIVERS – PRESSURES – <u>STATE</u>

Ecological status

- Physico-chemical parameters (Secchi, BOD₅, N, P, O₂...);
- Biological quality elements (macroinvertebrates, fish, macrophytes, phytoplancton..);
- Hydro-morphology (hydrological regime, morphological structure, continuity..)

WB	Biology	Phys-chem	НуМо	ECOLOGICAL QUALITY
G241	3	2	2	3
L109	5	1	3	5
G261SP	2	5	5	3

ECOLOGICAL QUALITY



HARMONISATION OF TRANSBOUNDARY WB

CODE	WB NAME	QUALITY IN LATVIA	QUALITY IN ESTONIA
G319	Acupīte_1	GOOD	GOOD
D565	Akaviņa	GOOD	GOOD
G274	Gauja_8	GOOD	GOOD
G329	Kaičupe	GOOD	GOOD
G331	Kolkupīte	GOOD	GOOD
G233	Melnupe_2	MODERATE	HIGH
E205	Muratu ezers	GOOD	GOOD
G330	Omuļupe	GOOD	GOOD
D450	Pededze_1	GOOD	GOOD
G336	Pedele_1	GOOD	GOOD
G317	Pedele_2	MODERATE	MODERATE
G332	Pellupīte	GOOD	GOOD
G237	Pērļupīte	GOOD	MODERATE
G333	Pužupe	GOOD	GOOD
G307SP	Ramata	GOOD	GOOD
G314	Rūja_1	GOOD	GOOD
G334	Vaidava_1	MODERATE	MODERATE
G235	Vaidava_2	MODERATE	MODERATE

Quality **not** harmonized for *Pērļupīte/* Pärlijõgi_1 (salonid river in EE; too small river, not significant for salmonide fish in LV) and *Peetri/Melnupe* _2 (natural in EE, in LV – monitoring station in incorrect site)

Mainly differences in quality assessment - due to different pressures.

SIGNIFICANT PRESSURES

- Point source impact wastewater treatment plants;
- Diffuse source impact agricultural, forestry areas;
- Hydromorphological alterations – small hydropower plants, dams, drainage, culverts







NURIENTS - IMPACT

Eutrophication

- Rapid growth of algae
- Decrease of oxygen
- Decrease of fish
- Decrease of water quality



POINT SOURCE PRESSURES - LATVIA

- Significance criteria (statystical analysis)
- Trend analysis
- Contaminated sites

- G308 Jogla –
 WWTP industry
- G334 Vaidava_1 WWTP municipal



DIFFUSE SOURCE PRESSURES - LATVIA

 Modelling with **FyrisNP** – nutrients

- Significant impact 14 WBs (LV)
 - 12 agriculture
 - 5 forestry



HY-MO ALTERATIONS - IMPACT

- Changes in natural flow regime;
- Interruption of river continuity;
- Decrease of water quality status;
- Disturbs fish migration, spawning, decrease available biotopes for fish;
- Decrease biological diversity;
- Decrease area of valuable biotopes.



HYDRO-MORPHOLOGICAL ALTERATIONS



TRANSBOUNDARY WATER BODIES

- EELV1004 Peetri/Melnupe_2 (G233)
 - diffuse pollution (nutrients agriculture in LV)
- LVEE1008 Vaidava_2/Vaidva_2 (G235)
 - hydromorphology (small HPPs in LV + dams in EE)
- LVEE1016 Pedele_2/Pedeli_2 (G317)
 - hydromorphology (small HPPs in LV + dams in EE)
- EELV1007 Vaidva_1/Vaidava_1 (G334)
 - point source pollution (municipal WWTP in LV)
- LVEE1005 Pērļupīte/Pärlijõgi_1
 - hydromorphology (dams in EE)

MEASURES FOR HYMO

Parameters for measuring «gap»:

Small HPPs:

- (P1) Obstacle for fish migration, disruption of river continuity (as indicator under WFD);
- (P2) Rapids with suitable conditions for fish;
- (P3) Ecological flow (enough water in a river during different fish bio-periods).

Obstacles/dams:

- (P1) Obstacle for fish migration, disruption of river continuity (as indicator under WFD);
- (P2) Rapids with suitable conditions for fish.

MEASURES FOR HYMO

- Demolishing of dam
- Building of a fish pass
- Reconstruction or improvement of an existing fish pass
- Maintenance of an existing fish pass
- Environmentally friendly turbine
- Implementation of ecological flow
- Permanently lowering a dam
- Opening migration way during spawning period





(P2) rapids

MEASURES FOR LAKES

Lakes with accumulated nutrient pollution in sediments:

- Parameters for measuring «gap»:
 - (P1) Phosphorus amount (concentration) in water
- Measures:
 - Sediment dredging
 - Removal of macrophytes
 - Immobilization of phosphorus using chemical treatment
 - Artificial aeration and mixing
 - Biomanipulation
 - Hypolimnetic withdrawal
 - Artificial floating wetlands



ECOLOGICAL FLOW ESTIMATION

- According to WFD CIS Guidance No.31 ecological flow estimation.
- Vaidava river mapped below Karva HPP and Grūbe HPP.
- Field works



