## LIFE Index-Air: A Decision Support Tool to Reduce the Exposure to Air Pollutants and Improve the Health of Citizens Living in European Cities

LIFE Index-Air @ INTERREG MED project REMEDIO International Conference: "HORIZONTAL CONDOMINIUM AS A LIVING LAB FOR URBAN RENEWALS"











NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR HEALTH AND WELFARE



#### Motivation

#### EU urban population exposed to harmful levels of air pollution in 2013-2015



Round 90 % of Europeans living in cities are exposed to levels of air pollutants deemed damaging to health by the World Health Organization's more stringent guidelines.



#### Motivation Assessment of human exposure to particles

Measuring outdoor levels of particles at **fixed** ambient air quality **monitoring sites** has been the **traditional** way of **evaluating** urban air quality

This fixed monitoring stations are supposed to assess the exposure of all the population to particles



However, this approach fails to account for all components of exposure

1<sup>st</sup> There is a huge heterogeneity in the concentrations of pollutants within the city

2<sup>nd</sup> People spend more than 90% of the time indoors

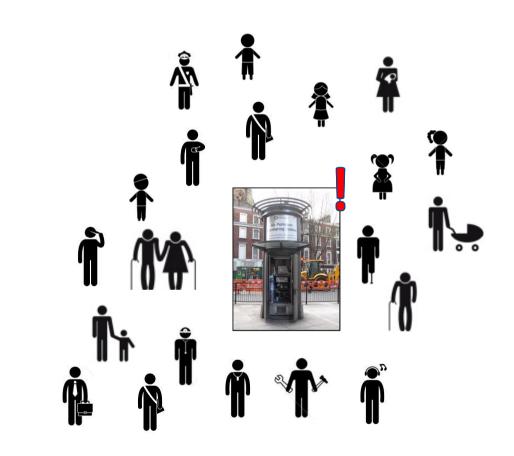
3<sup>rd</sup> There is a huge heterogeneity in time activity patterns of the population



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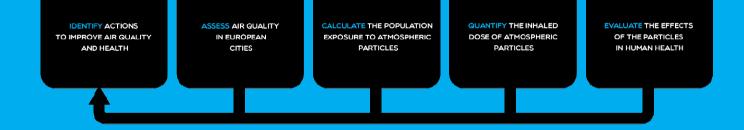
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This brings the considerable importance of assessing the **personal integrated exposure** to particles as it is the key determinant of the **dose received by an individual** and to study the **sources associates with this exposure**.







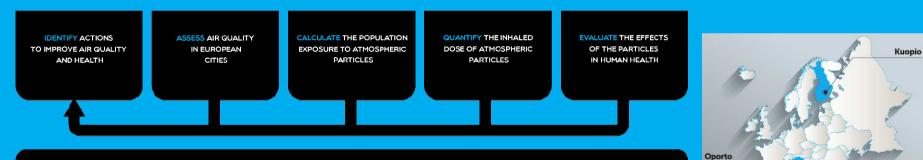


Lisbon

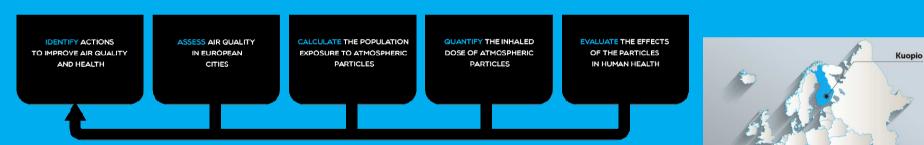
Treviso

Athens









Treviso

Athens

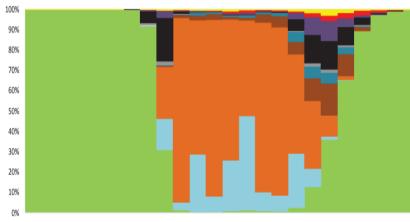


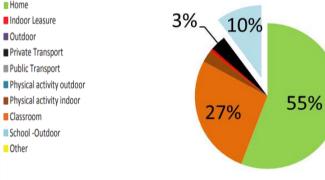
#### **Time Activity Pattern**



TIME ACTIVITY PATTERN DURING WEEKDAYS

26 schools 4000 students and teachers 6000 questionnaires





Home

Outdoor

Classroom

School -Outdoor Other

Indoor Leasure

Public Transport



00h 01h 02h 03h 04h 05h 06h 07h 08h 09h 10h 11h 12h 13h 14h 15h 16h 17h 18h 19h 20h 21h 22h 23h





#### **Objective:**

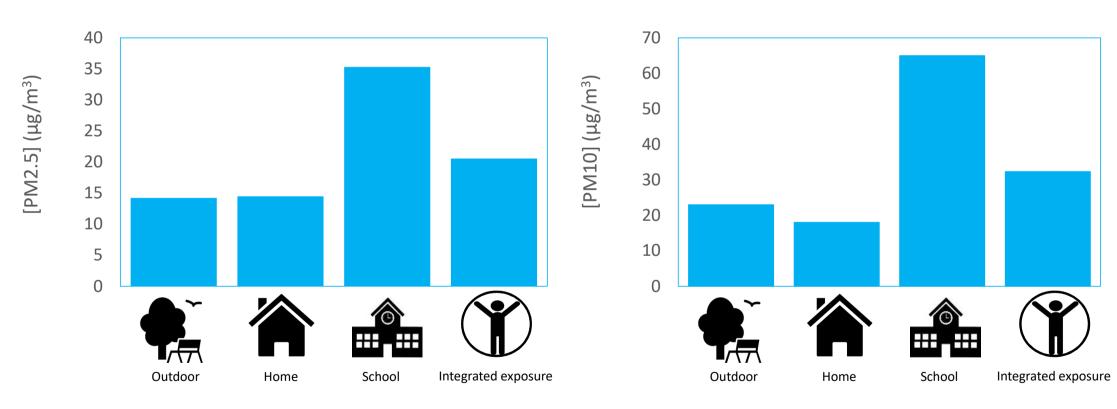
- Model Validation
- Indoor / Outdoor Ratio
- Source Apportionment



PM2.5 + PM10 + Elements (As + Cd + Ni + Pb) + PAHs (BaP) + EC/OC

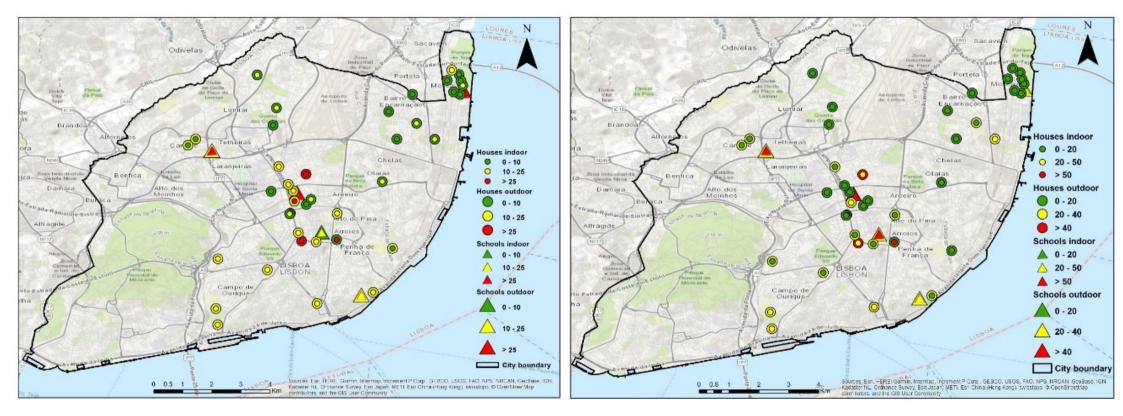


#### **PM** mass concentration



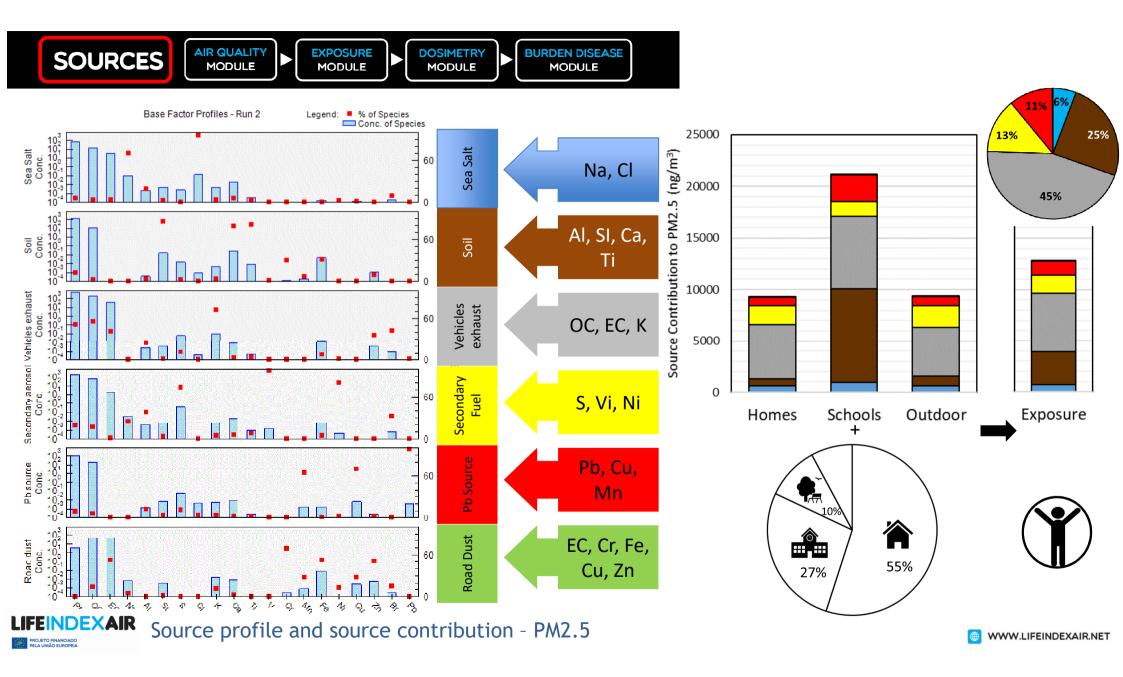


#### **PM** mass concentration

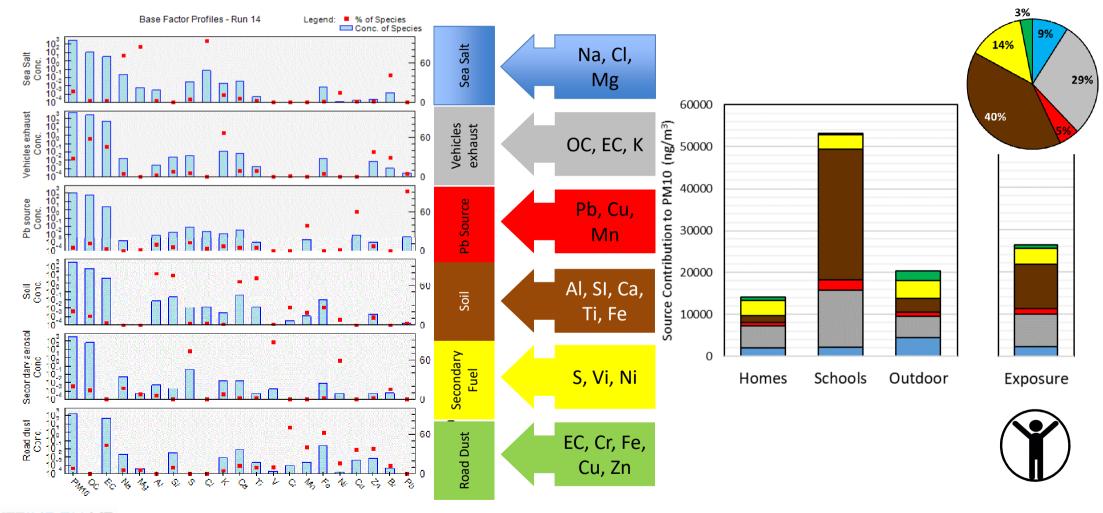


PM2.5 and PM10 results in indoor and outdoor environments



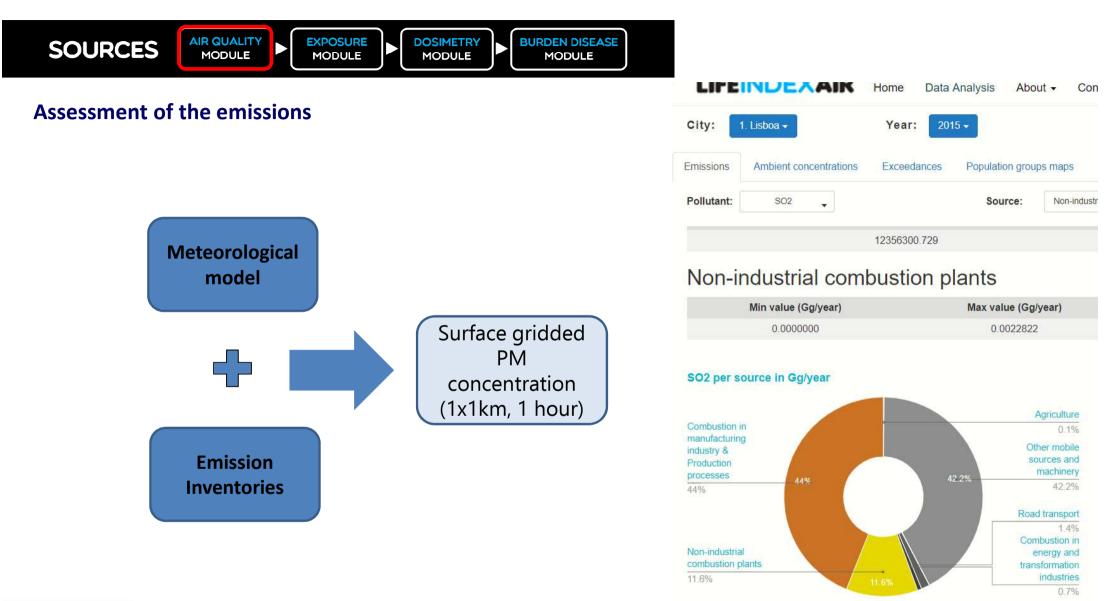






Source profile and source contribution - PM10

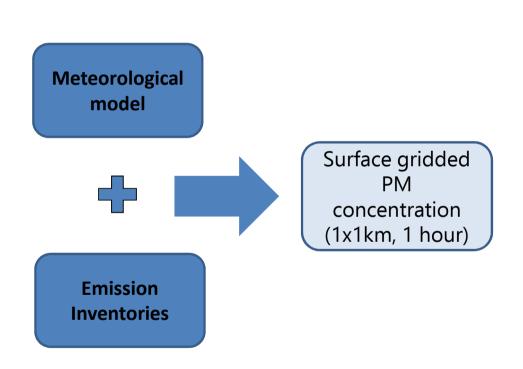
**JDEXAIR** 

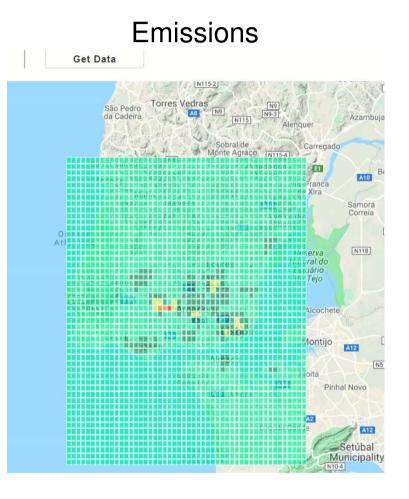




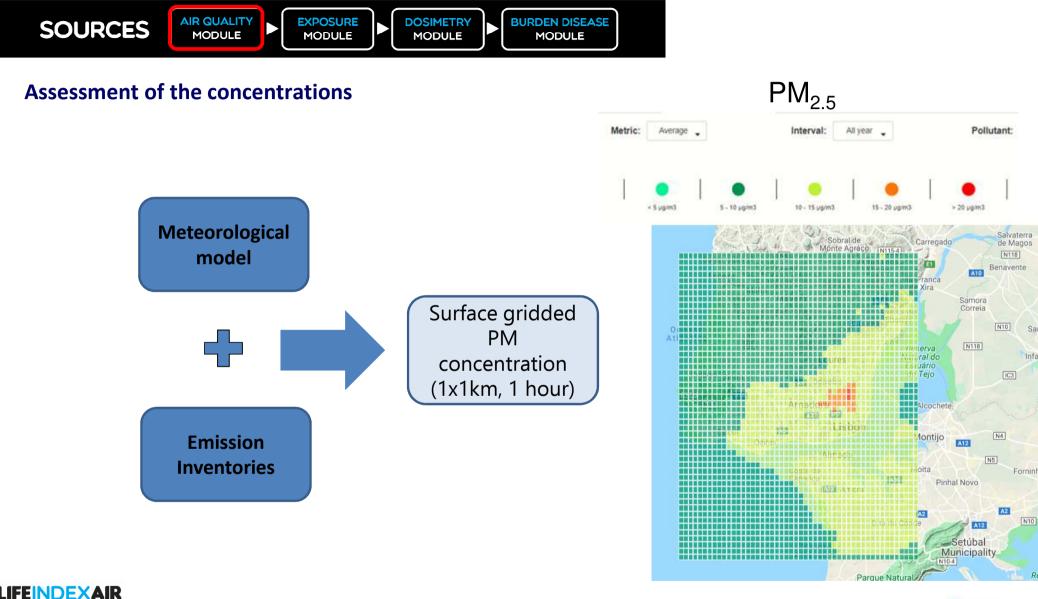


#### Assessment of the emissions





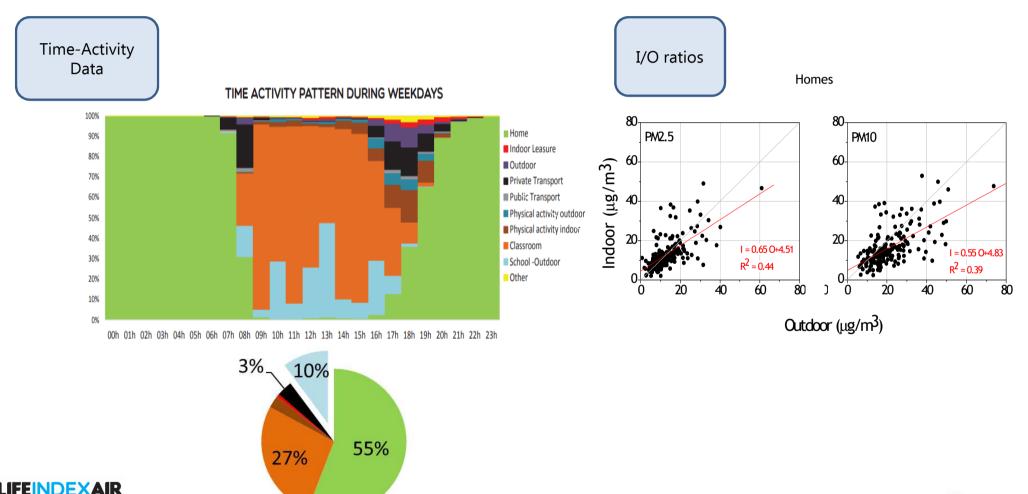


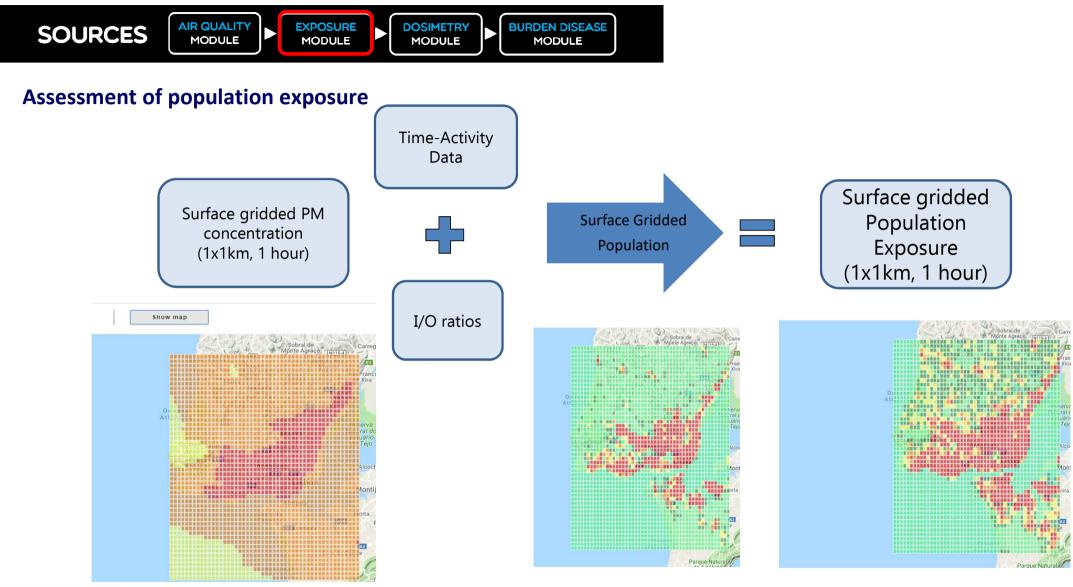




#### Assessment of population exposure

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#### Assessment of respiratory deposition and internal doses

#### The internal dose of airborne particles and particle-bound metals were estimated

 $\rightarrow$  The ExDoM2 is a model calculates the dose and retention of particulate matter mass in the human respiratory tract (ICRP, 2012) The respiratory tract is treated as two regions: the Extrathoracic regions (ET) and the Thoracic regions (TH)



The extrathoracic regions are

□ ET1 (anterior nasal passage) and ET2 (posterior nasal passages, pharynx and larynx) regions.

The thoracic region (the lungs) is divided into

- □ the BB (trachea and bronchi),
- bb (bronchiolar) and
- □ AI (alveolar).

The Physiologically-Based PharmacoKinetic (PBPK) model simulates absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion of chemicals that enter the body

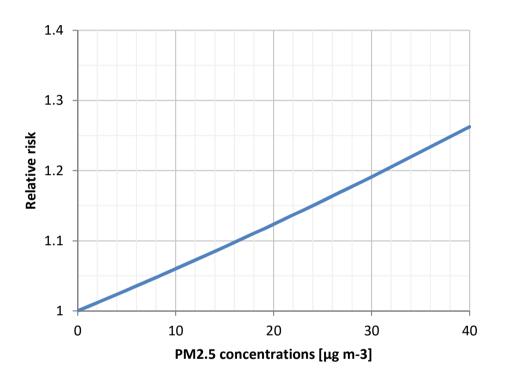






#### Assessment of the Environmental Burden of Disease

- 1. Identification of health endpoints. Determination of C-R functions (shape, parameters)
- 2. Background burden of disease Geographical scales (national municipality)
- 3. Population attributable fractions (PAF)
- 4. Quantification of the attributable burden Number of deaths, sick days visualization, comparisons, reduction potential



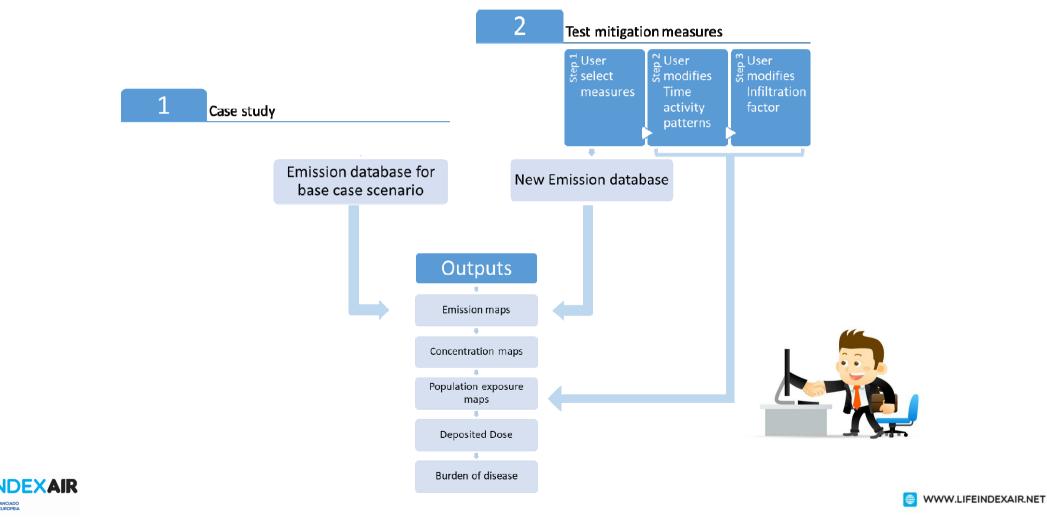
C-R functions for natural mortality from HRAPIE recommendations (Heroux et al. 2015).

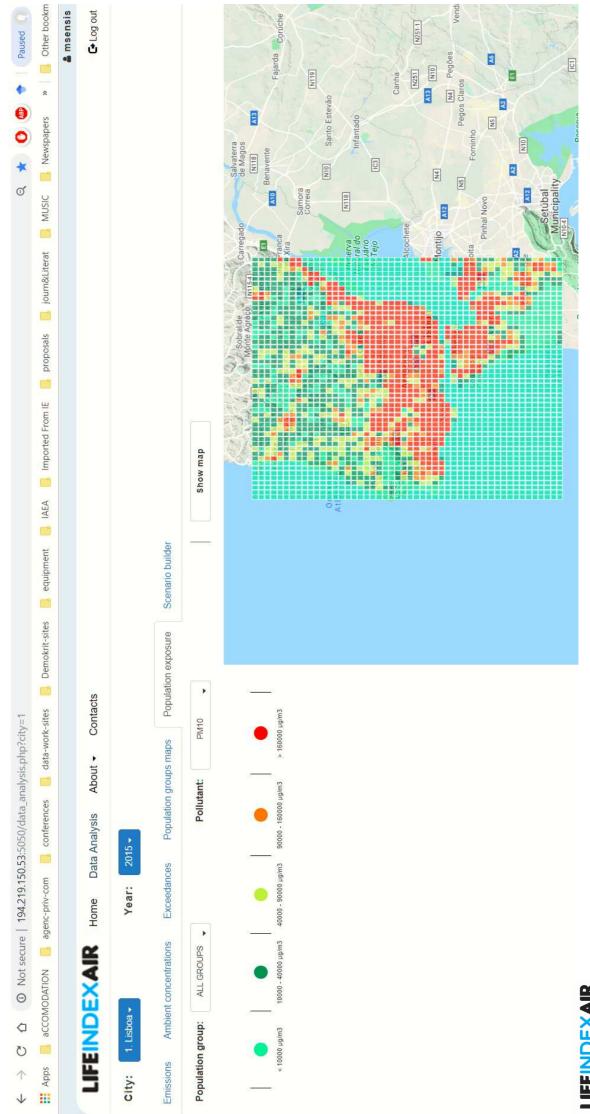




ETO FINANCIADO UNIÃO EUROPEIA

#### **MODULES COUPLING: Development of a versatile and long-term, decision-making tool**







#### Conclusions

• LIFE Index-Air Tool is an user-friendly and interactive software;

- The tool addresses non-scientific audiences:
  - It was developed to assist the authorities in the definition of actions plans to improve air quality;
  - But it also has a huge awareness potential.
- After the validation of the tool in Lisbon, it will be implemented in Treviso and guidelines for action plans formulation will be delivered to the city;
- LIFE Index-Air and Remedio tools are complementary and together can contribute for the improvement of the air quality of the European cities and wellbeing of the population.



# LIFE Index-Air: helping citizens to get involved LIFEINDEXAIR rtido Respirar Fundo LISBON ENGAGEMENT IN NUMBERS

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS 26 NUMBER OF AWARENESS SESSIONS 60 **TOTAL NUMBER OF STUDENTS 3796** 

**TOTAL NUMBER OF TEACHERS 165 STREET EVENT DAYS 5** 

### LIFE INDEX AIR IMPROVING OUR LIFE

PROJECT FUNDED BY EUROPEAN UNION

Thank you! smarta@ctn.tecnico.ulisboa.pt



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