Adaptation Catalyst Tool

Quick Start Guide

This guide is designed to help you use the Adaptation Catalyst tool including:

Data Needed

Basic Functionality

Outputs and Uses



Quick Start Guide

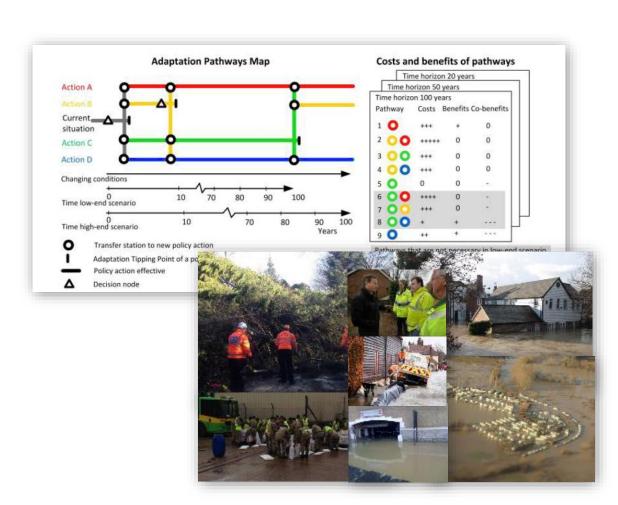
Before You Start



What is the Adaptation Catalyst?

A decision-support tool designed to aid professionals in delivering local action to adapt to climate change

- Supports use of adaptation planning and pathways method in complex decisionmaking.
- Provides insight on how adaptation measures can be delivered optimally through incremental, integrated actions in uncertain environments.
- Encourages stakeholder participation in 'future-proofed' decision-making through flexibility, comparison and visualisation.



What does the Adaptation Catalyst do?

- Allows users to visualize and test the effectiveness of different adaptation options through time, under different future scenarios and can be used to demonstrate:
 - how/if adaptation can be combined with regular asset management
 - choices between different types/packages of adaptation measures
 - actions that have to be made now
 - drawbacks of restoration without adaptation to climate change
- Shows effectiveness of measures; shows tipping points (when no longer effective); shows relative to norm or other threshold
- Can be applied to a wide-range of contexts:
 - Climate change effect

-- Geographic or spatial scale

Sector

-- Data precision (exact figures or relative scale)

Adaptation type

Key Definitions

Coping capacity

Pressure

Measures

Alternatives

Excess pressure

System The set of conditions you want to test in the adaptation catalyst

The climactic change or hazard impacting the system (e.g. sealevel rise, change in temperature, change in rainfall volume)

The amount of pressure the system can cope with before failing.

Solutions that can be put in place to adapt to the pressure being placed on a system

Different combinations of measures that can be enacted to counteract the pressure on the system

The amount of pressure above the coping capacity of the system (and any measures in place)

Gather Your System Data

The data can be as accurate and precise as you want at the scale (e.g. single site, city, catchment) that's most appropriate for your analysis. If you don't have exact figures you can use scales or ratios. There will be opportunities to modify these figures within the Adaptation Catalyst.

Data Type	Explanation and Source	Examples
System	What do you want to analyse in the adaptation catalyst?	A river defence system, sea-level, urban heat island effect, subsidence
Climate Pressure	What climatic change or hazard do you want to analyse?	Increased precipitation, Increased temperatures, Increased sea-level
First Year of Analysis	When do you want the analysis to start?	2000, 2019, 2050
Last Year of Analysis	When do you want the analysis to end?	2030, 2050, 2100
Staring Value for the Pressure	What is the current or starting value of your climate pressure? You could use risk assessments or meteorological data for this.	Annual rainfall: 160mm Sea-level: 1m Hottest summer day: 35°C
End Value for the Pressure	What is the future value of your climate pressure? You could use climate modeling such as UKCP18 for this.	Annual rainfall: 280mm Sea-level: 2m Hottest summer day: 43°C

Gather Your Measures Data

These data can be as accurate and precise as you want at the scale (e.g. single site, city, catchment) that's most appropriate for your analysis. **If you don't have exact figures you can use scales or ratios.** There will be opportunities to modify these figures within the Adaptation Catalyst.

Data Type	Explanation and Source	Examples
Type of Measures	What type of measure do you want to analyse in your system?	Higher dike, beach nourishment, NFM, emergency planning, AC systems
Start and End Year of Measures	What are the first and last years the measure could be applied?	2019 – 2050
	This could be based on the lifespan of an piece of infrastructure, availability of budget, time to implement, etc.	2037 – 2081
Impact on the System	What impact will the measure have on the system?	Coping capacity measures (e.g. 2m
	Coping capacity measures: solutions that increase the ability of the system to cope with the pressure	increase in the height of sea walls) Reduction of sensitivity measures
	Reduction of sensitivity measures: solutions that decrease the risk of the pressure through reducing the impact of the pressure on people and assets	(e.g. raising 20% of at risk buildings from ground level)
	Decrease of pressure measures: solutions that reduce the impact of the pressure	Decrease of pressure measures (e.g. dredging to reduce water levels 2m)
Investment and Operational Costs	Investment: What will the initial cost be to implement the measure	Investment Costs: £100,000
	Operational: What are the on-going costs of implementing the measure	Operational Costs: £10,000
Co-benefits	What are additional benefits or disadvantages of the measure?	These can be set from -5 to +5.

Useful links

Kent County Council Adaptation Team

climate.change@kent.gov.uk

The Adaptation Catalyst

https://publicwiki.deltares.nl/display/AP/Adaptation+Catalyst

Supporting documents for the Adaptation Catalyst

Basic user guide

Technical user guide

Theoretical background

The Adaptation Pathways Generator

https://publicwiki.deltares.nl/display/AP/Pathways+Generator

Quick Start Guide

Get Started



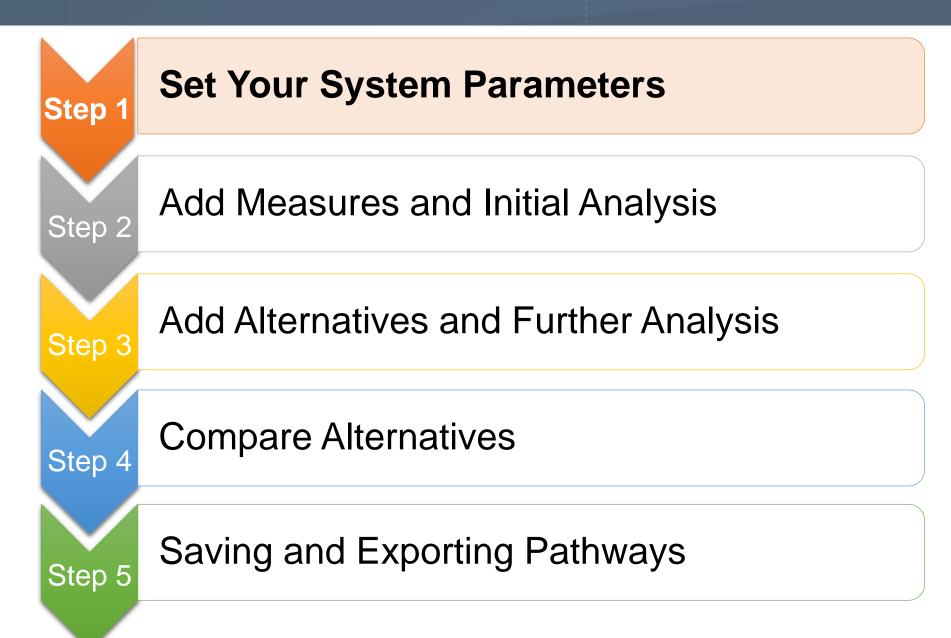
Launch the Adaptation Catalyst Tool

The Adaptation Catalyst is available here: https://publicwiki.deltares.nl/display/AP/Adaptation+Catalyst

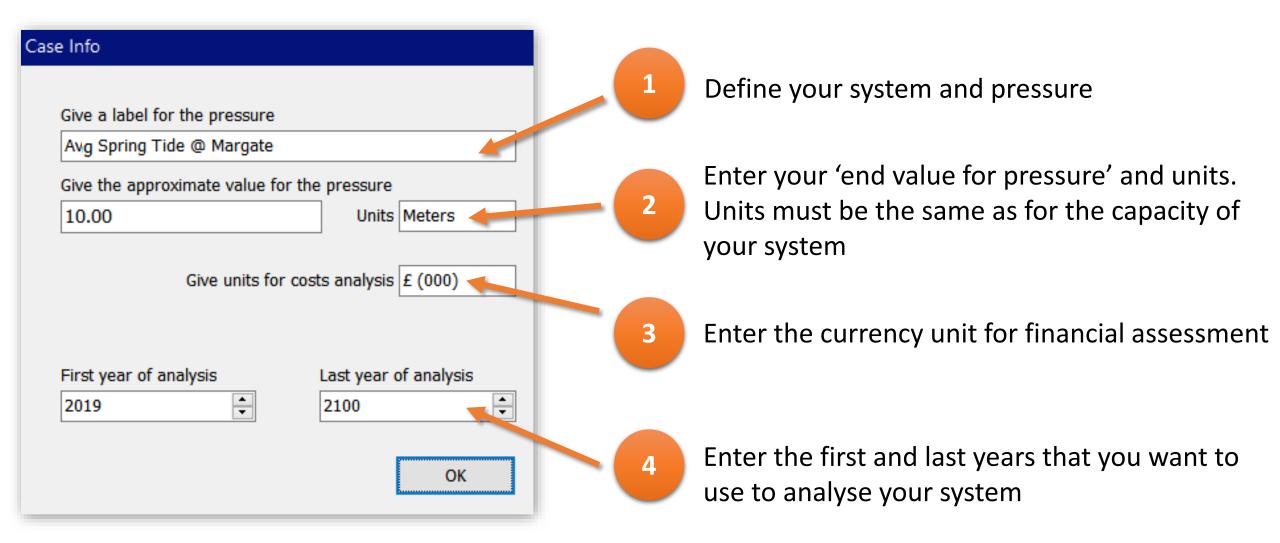
- Start a new system analysis
- Open an existing system analysis



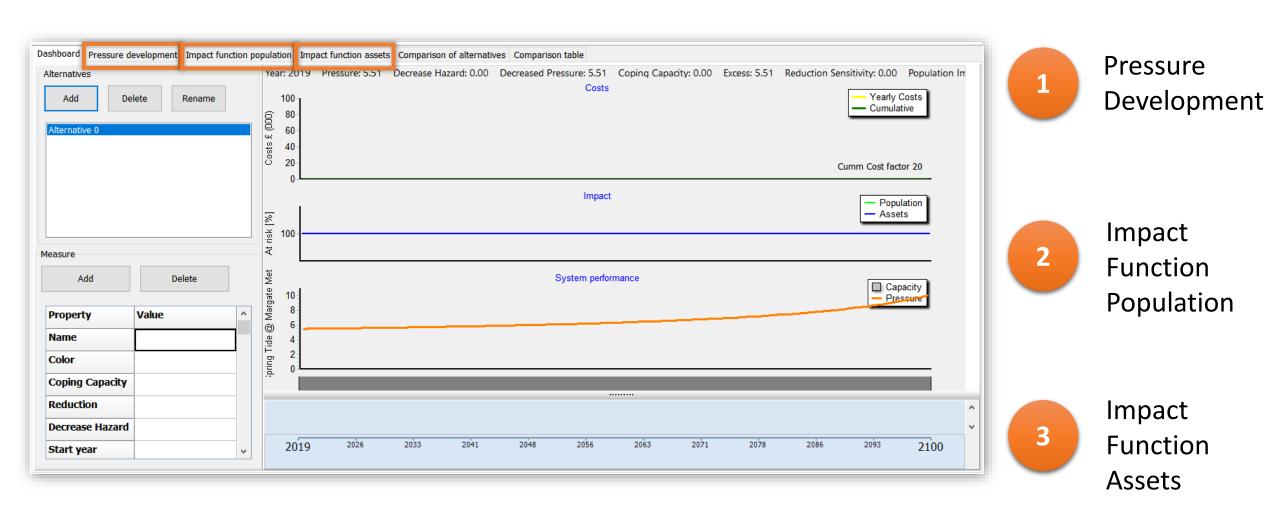
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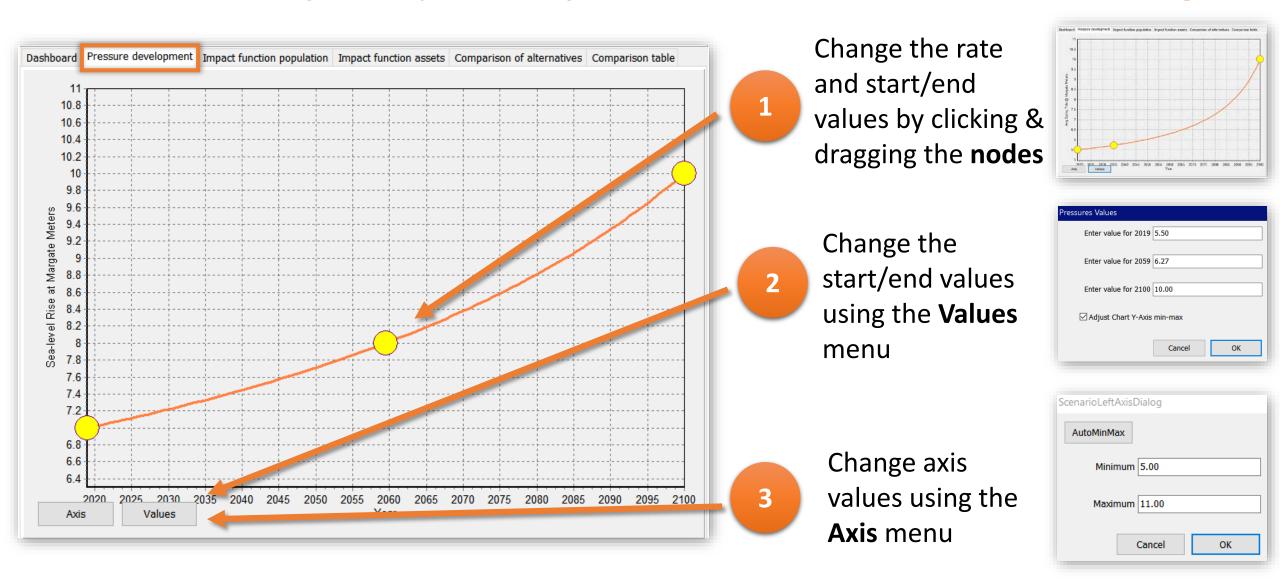
To start using the Adaptation Catalyst, you must set initial parameters for your system.



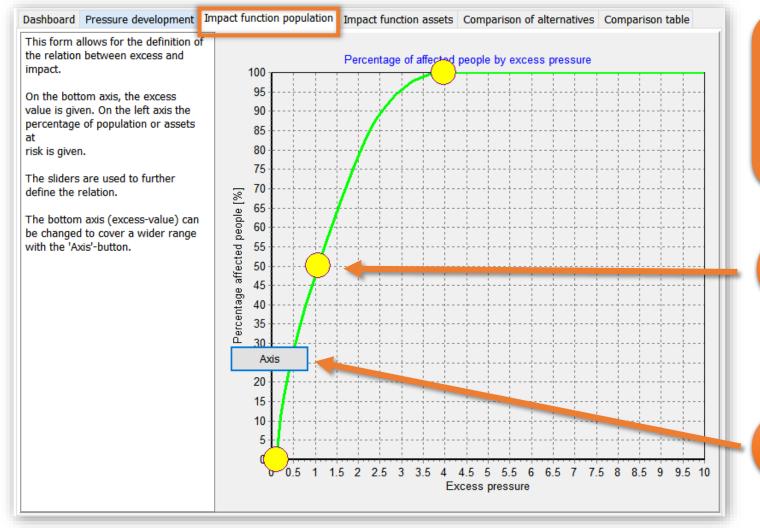
You are now in the **Dashboard** of the Adaptation Catalyst. To continue to set your system parameters you need to use the tabs.



In Pressure Development, you can adjust the values and rate of the climatic changes.



In **Impact Function Population**, you can adjust the percentage of people that are impacted at what value of excess pressure.

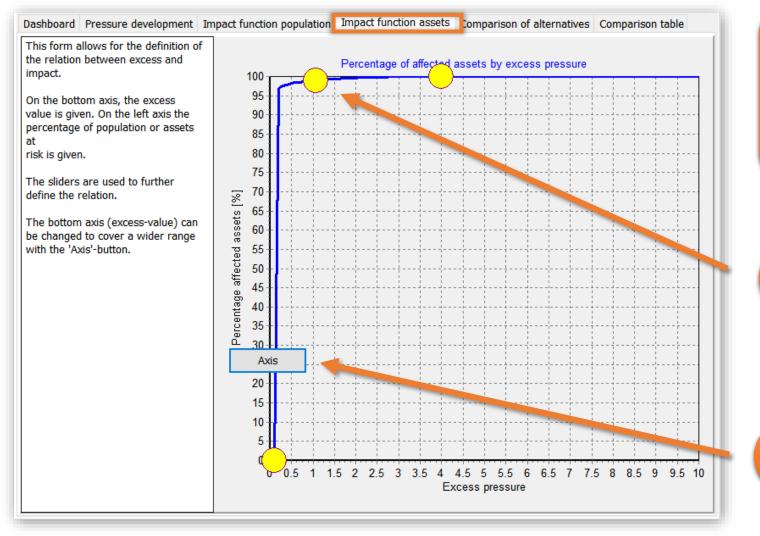


Excess pressure is the value above the pressure defined in your system. If the pressure exceeds this value, people will be in danger.

Change the shape of the curve and start/end values by clicking and dragging the **nodes**

Change axis values using the **Axis** menu

In **Impact Function Assets**, you can adjust the percentage of assets that are impacted at what value of excess pressure.

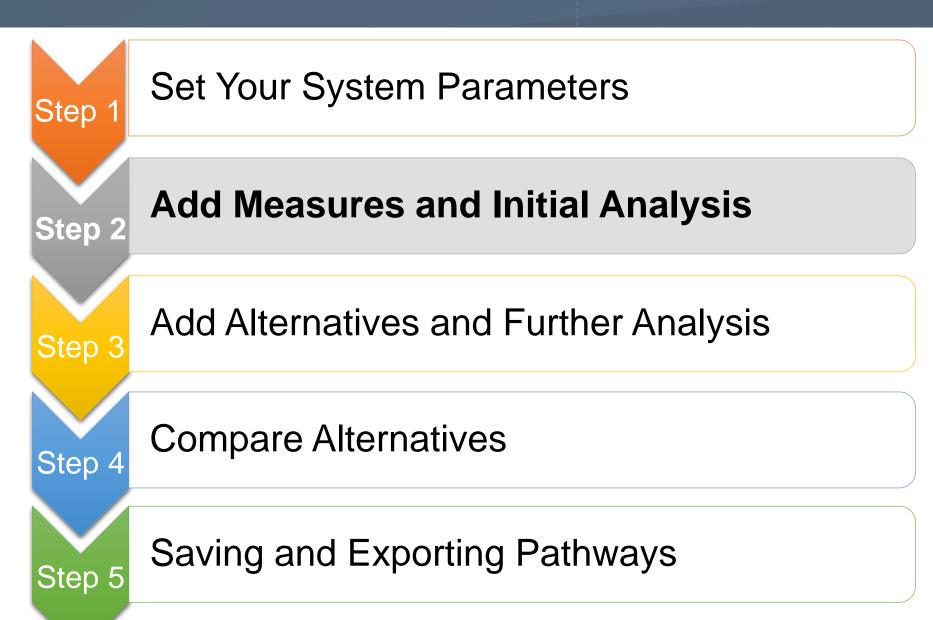


Excess pressure is the value above the pressure defined in your system. If the pressure exceeds this value, damage will occur.

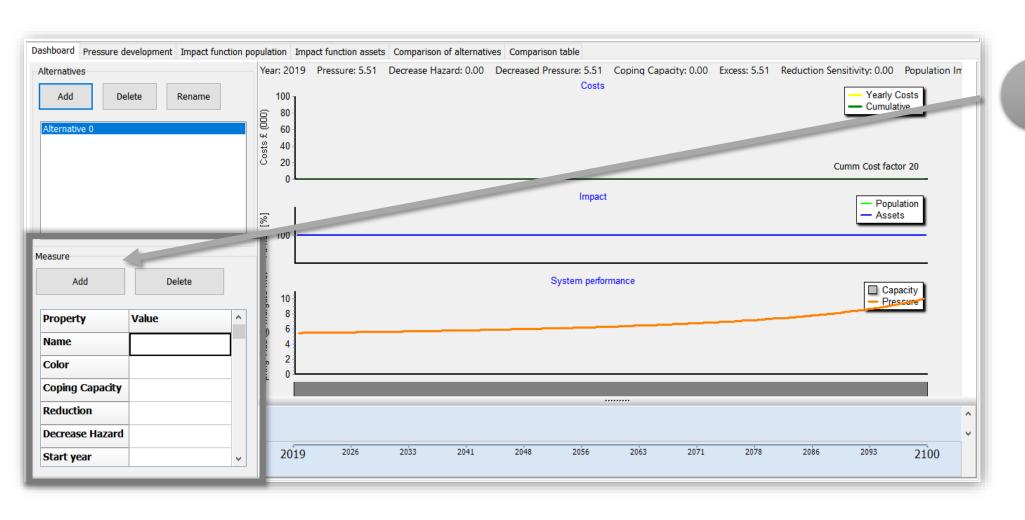
Change the shape of the curve and start/end values by clicking and dragging the **nodes**

Change axis values using the **Axis** menu

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Back in the **Dashboard**, your system is now ready to add measures. Click **Add** in the **Measure menu** to add measures to your system.



Click **Add** to open the add measure window

In the Add Measure window, you can set initial parameters of each measure you want

to analyse in your system.

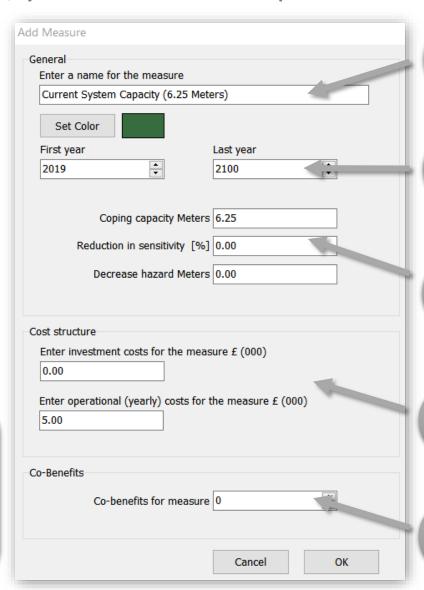
Measures can impact the system in a combination of three ways:

- Increasing coping capacity
- Reducing sensitivity of vulnerable people and assets
- Decreasing the pressure itself

Co-benefits can be positive or negative on a scale (-5 to 5)

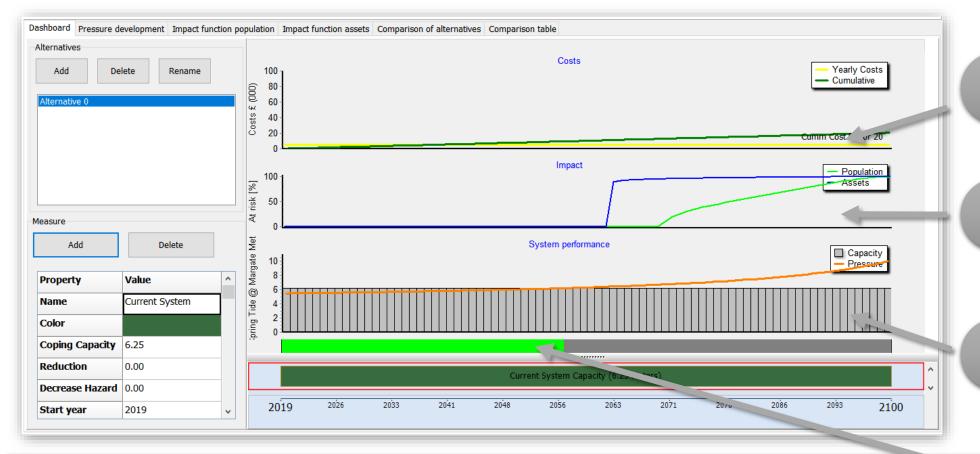
PRO TIP!

Adding the current system capacity as the first measure is quick way to see the resilience of the system without intervention



- Enter the name or description of the measure
- Enter the estimated first and last year the measure is active
- Enter the impact the measure will have on the system
- Enter the investment and operational costs of the measure
 - Enter the co-benefits of the measure

Back in the **Dashboard**, you will see how your measure has impacted the system.



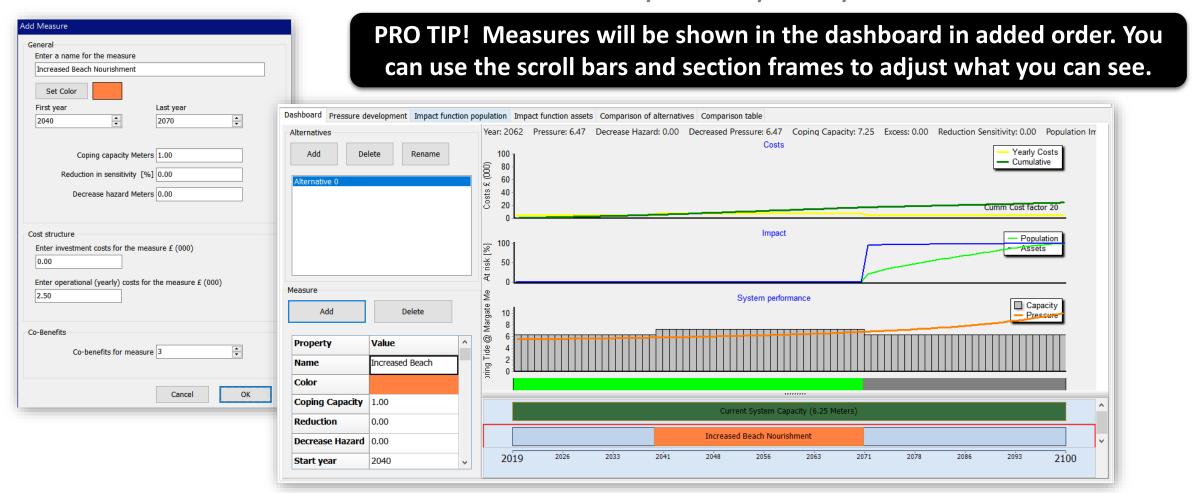
Impact on costs is displayed here

lmpact on assets and population is displayed here

Coping capacity is displayed here. If coping capacity is above the pressure, the grey bar will show green

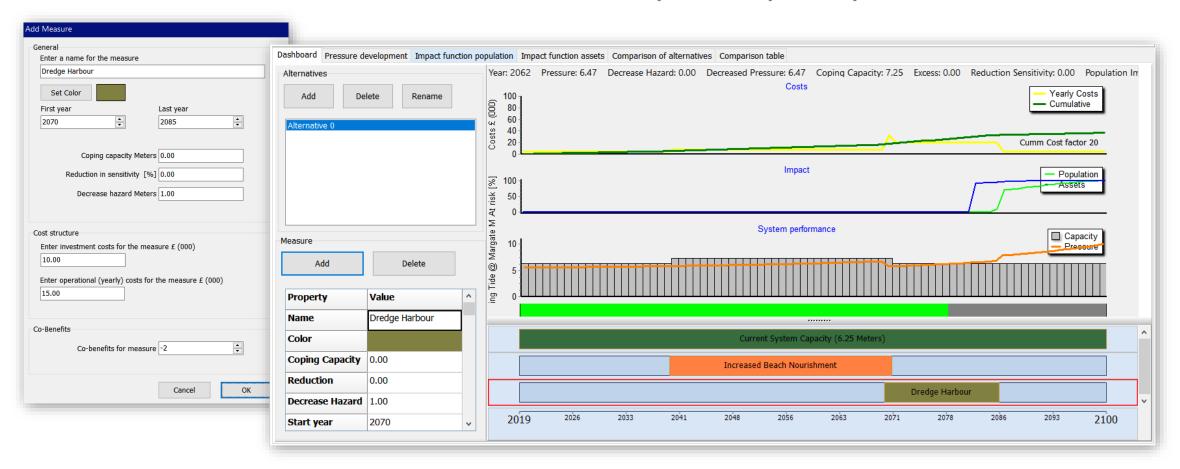
After adding the current situation, the tool shows the system can cope with increasing spring tides until 2056, after which flooding and damage to assets (immediately) and population (gradually form 2071) is likely to occur without further measures implemented.

You can add more measures and see how they affect your system in the Dashboard.



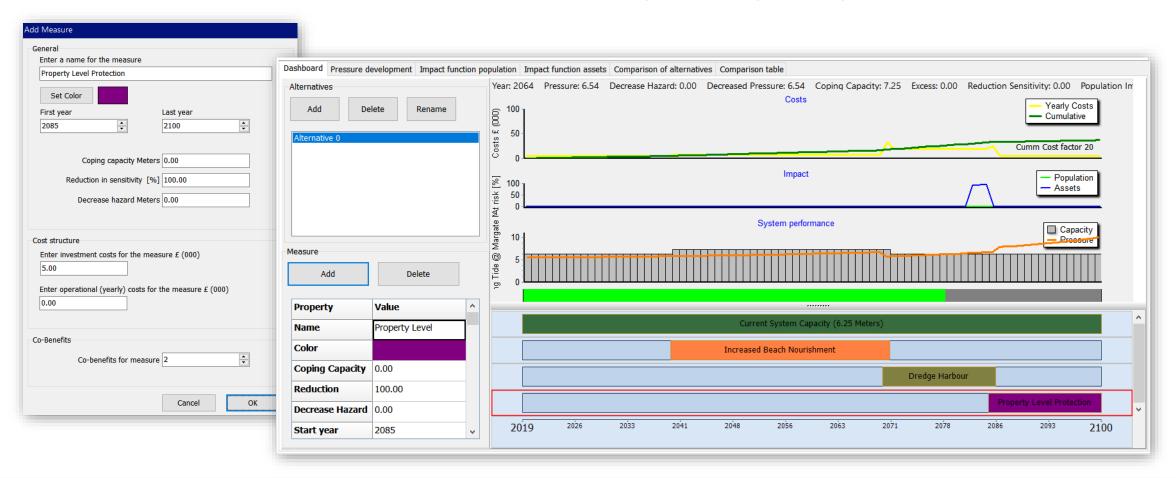
The dashboard now shows the system can cope with increasing spring tides until 2071, after which flooding and damage is likely to occur without further measures implemented, impacting 100% of assets and population by 2095.

You can add more measures and see how they affect your system in the Dashboard.



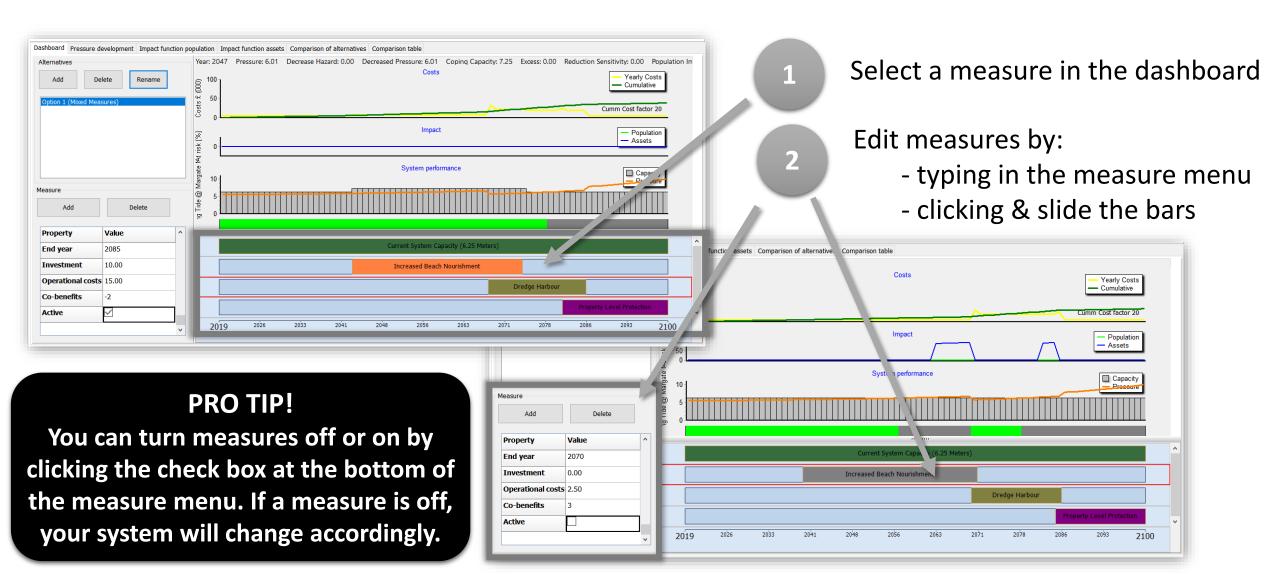
The dashboard now shows the system can cope with increasing spring tides until 2078. It also shows that by adding dredging, it has reduced the amount of sea-level rise at the harbour between 2071 and 2086 and pushed backed when assets and population are impacted to 2082.

You can add more measures and see how they affect your system in the Dashboard.



The dashboard now shows the system can cope with increasing spring tides until 2078, after which flooding and damage is likely to occur. It also shows that by adding property level protection, 0% of assets will be impacted, even if flooding is more likely to occur.

Once added, you can edit, delete or hide measures in the dashboard.



Quick Start Guide



Set Your System Parameters

Step 2

Add Measures and Initial Analysis

Step 3

Add Alternatives and Further Analysis

Step 4

Compare Alternatives

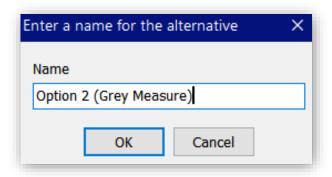
Step 5

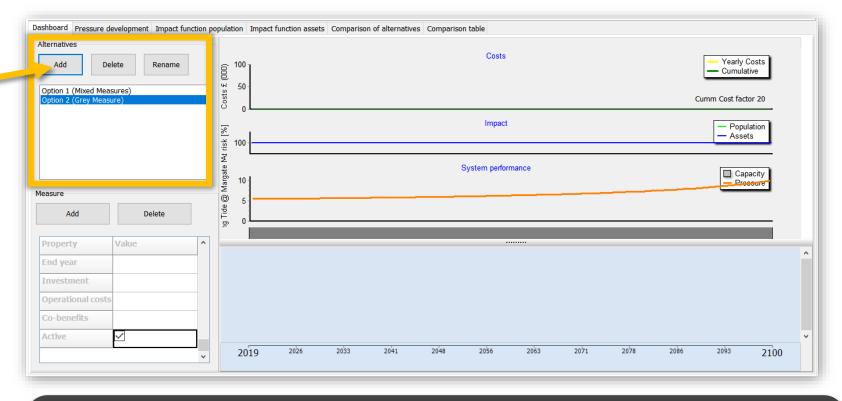
Saving and Exporting Pathways

Step 3: Add Alternatives

You can add alternative sets/combinations of measures to analyse and compare in the **Dashboard**.

- Click **Add** in the alternatives menu
- Enter alternative name





PRO TIP!

Adding a new alternative will give you a blank system, ready for measures to be added. You can switch between alternatives by clicking the alternative named in the Alternatives menu.

Step 3: Add Alternatives

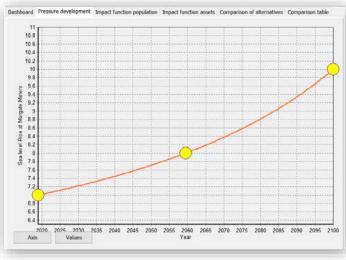
In your new alternative, add different measure and see how they impact your system.

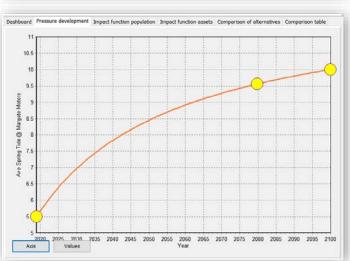


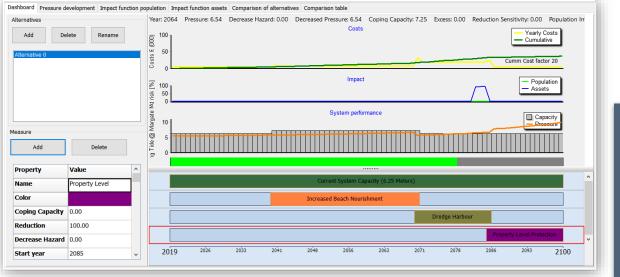
Step 3: Further Analysis

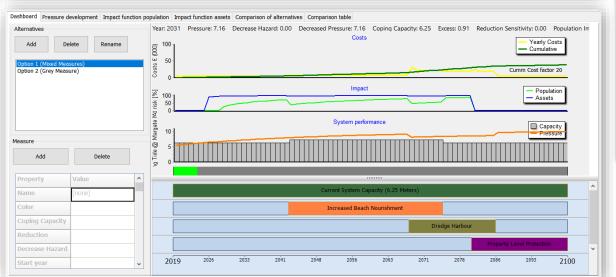
To further your analysis, you can change values and rate of the pressure and test how

your system performs.









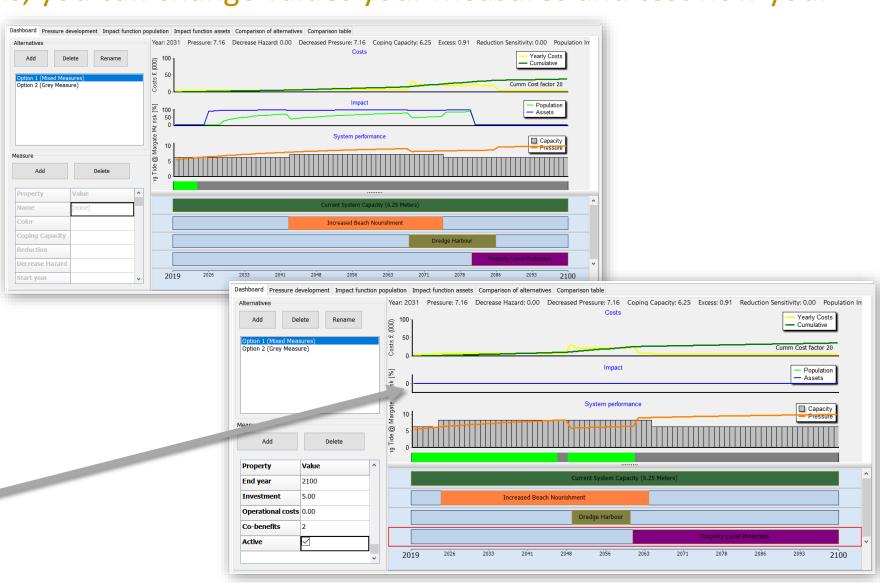
By changing the rate of increasing spring tides, the system has gone from functioning nearly to 2100 to failing throughout most of the time period of analysis.

Step 3: Further Analysis

To further your analysis, you can change values your measures and test how your

system performs.

In these two analysis, the start, end, and duration of measures have been adjusted to see how the system performs. Overall, the system in the lower analysis is performing better, indicated by the green bar in coping capacity window and 0% impacted in sensitivity window.

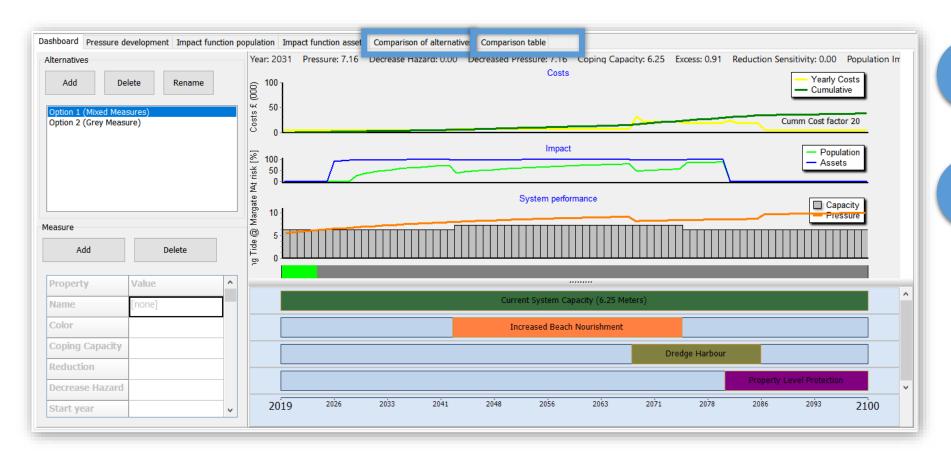


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Set Your System Parameters Step Add Measures and Initial Analysis Step 2 Add Alternatives and Further Analysis Step 3 **Compare Alternatives** Step 4 Saving and Exporting Pathways Step 5

Step 4: Compare Alternatives

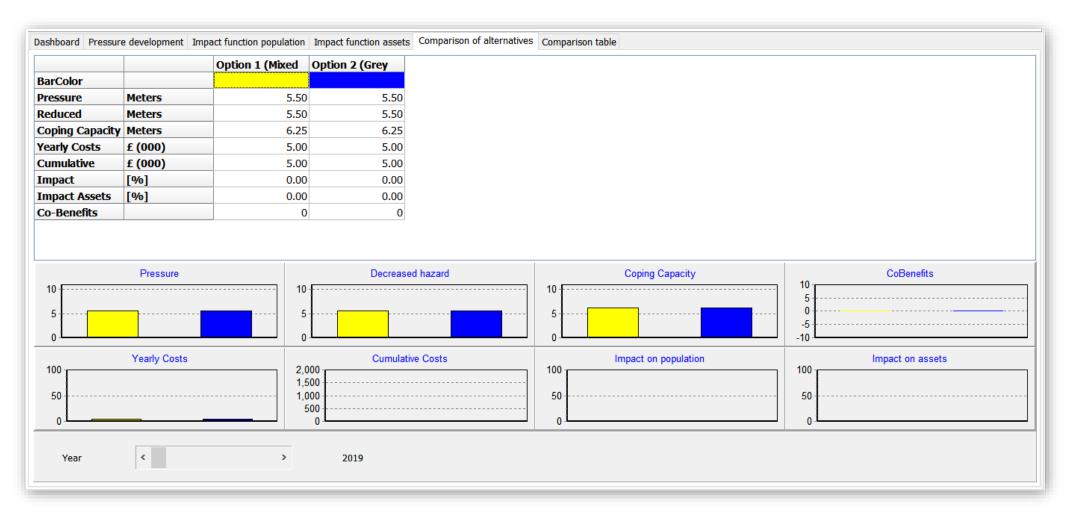
You can compare alternative analyses of your system in the **Comparison of Alternatives** Tab and the **Comparison Table** tab.



- Comparison of Alternatives
- 2 Comparison Table

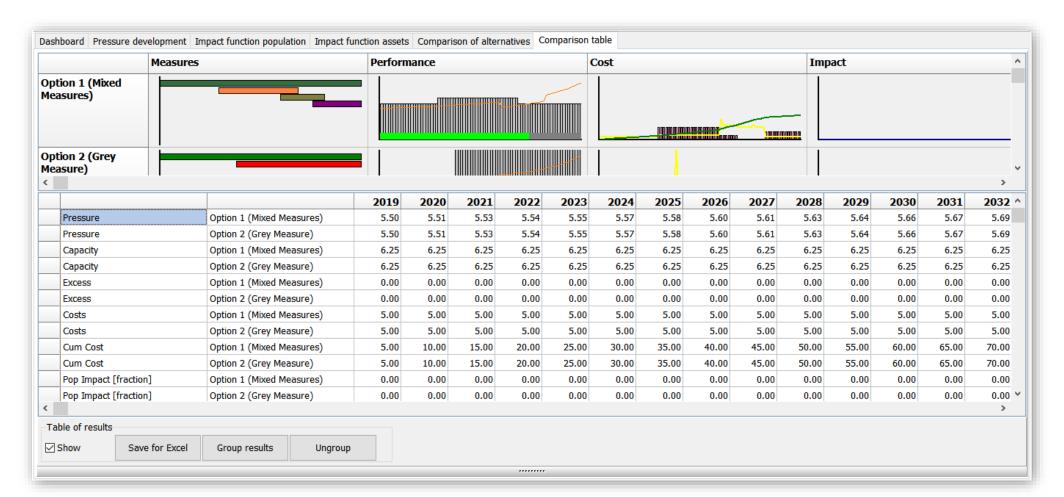
Step 4: Compare Alternatives

Comparison of alternatives allows you to view the differences between alternative analyses by **year** and **cumulatively** to assess which alternative is most cost effective and represents a balance between cost, protection, or adaptation capacity and co-benefit.



Step 4: Compare Alternatives

Comparison Table displays the **four dashboard graphics simultaneously** for all alternatives to see how **performance**, **cost** and **impact** differ. Data is also displayable in **table** form.

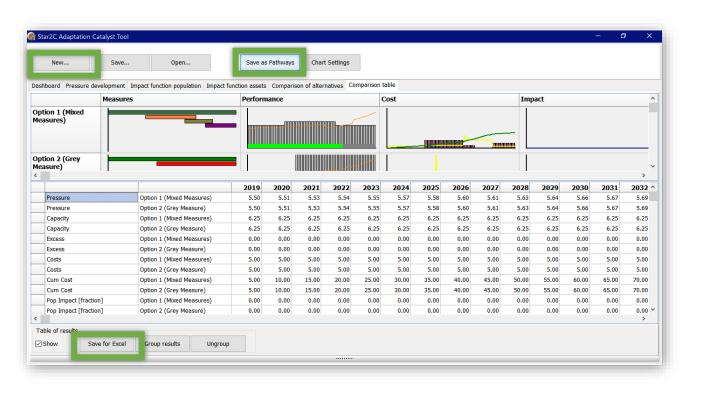


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Set Your System Parameters Step Add Measures and Initial Analysis Step 2 Add Alternatives and Further Analysis Step 3 **Compare Alternatives** Step 4 **Saving and Exporting Pathways** Step 5

Step 5: Saving and Exporting Pathways

Data from the Adaptation Catalyst analysis can be **saved** and **exported** in a number of ways, depending on how you want to use or display the data.



- Save... will save your work as a .catalyst file to be opened and edited further in the Adaptation Catalyst Software at a future point
- Save as Pathways will save your scenarios as an Adaptation Pathway. You will need the Pathway Generator programme to open and view the .pathway file
- From the **comparison table** tab, data can be exported in the form of an Excel table (.csv file)

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