



GREENKEEPER

ENHANCING URBAN GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE

Green Infrastructure &
Climate Change
Conference

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Greenspaces are essential to productive and healthy cities, but the benefits they deliver are difficult to quantify



Healthy and productive cities depend on access to green infrastructure



Yet planners and local authorities currently lack the tools to assess the benefits greenspaces provide



A poor evidence base leads to investments that do not meet the needs of local communities, underproviding crucial services



We combine expertise in economic valuation, urban planning and cutting edge health research to help quantify these benefits





New datasets on the use and features of greenspaces and new evidence on the multiple benefits they provide allow better assessments

Actual greenspace use

Survey and mobile phone data

- **2,500 public greenspaces across several UK cities**
- **English survey data on greenspace recreational activities (MENE)**
- **aggregated information on home location, distance travelled**
- **high level of spatial accuracy to infer use of specific areas**

Similar data for Northern Ireland?

Greenspace features

GIS, aerial and census data

- **greenspace: tree cover, toilets, cafes, sports facilities, accessibility**
- **neighbourhood: greenness, crime, noise**
- **individual: gender, income, age**

Economic, social and environmental benefits

Economic valuation

- **physical health**
- **mental health**
- **recreation**
- **amenity**
- **air pollution removal**
- **carbon sequestration**



With Greenkeeper, decisionmakers will have the tools to map, compare, and evaluate current and potential greenspace benefits

1

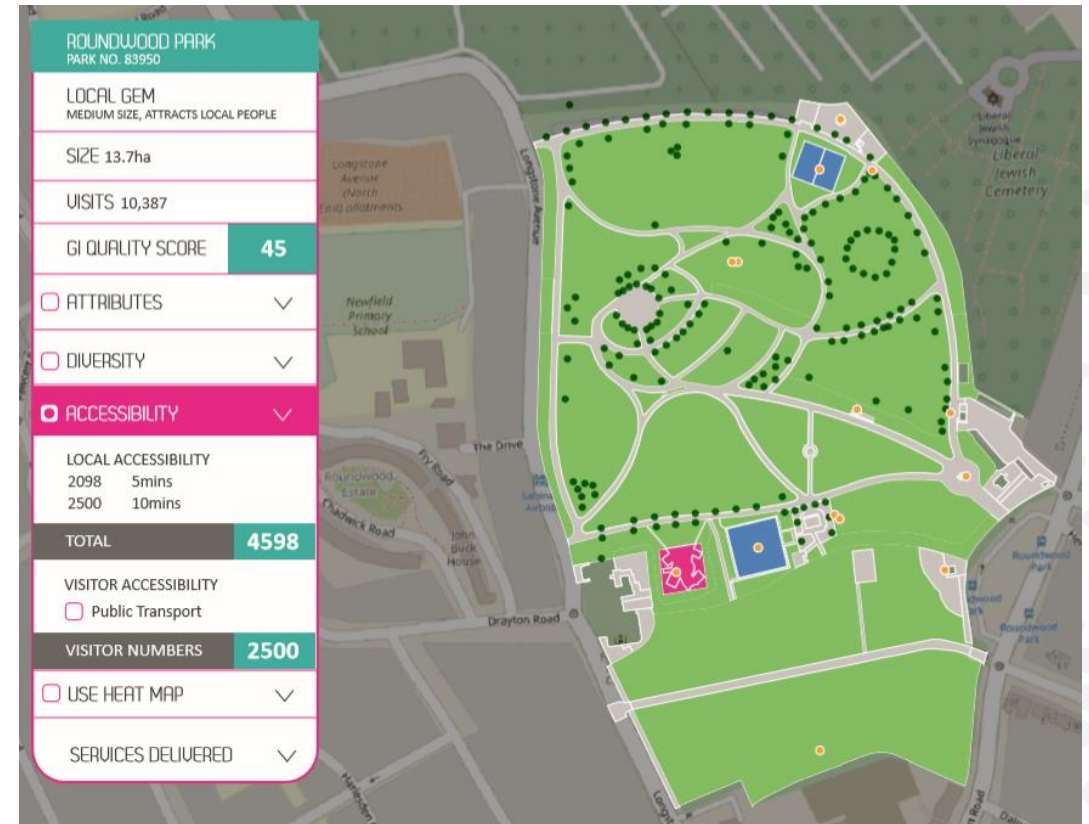
BASELINE INVENTORY

2

BENEFIT VALUATION

3

IMPACT OF INVESTMENT OPTIONS



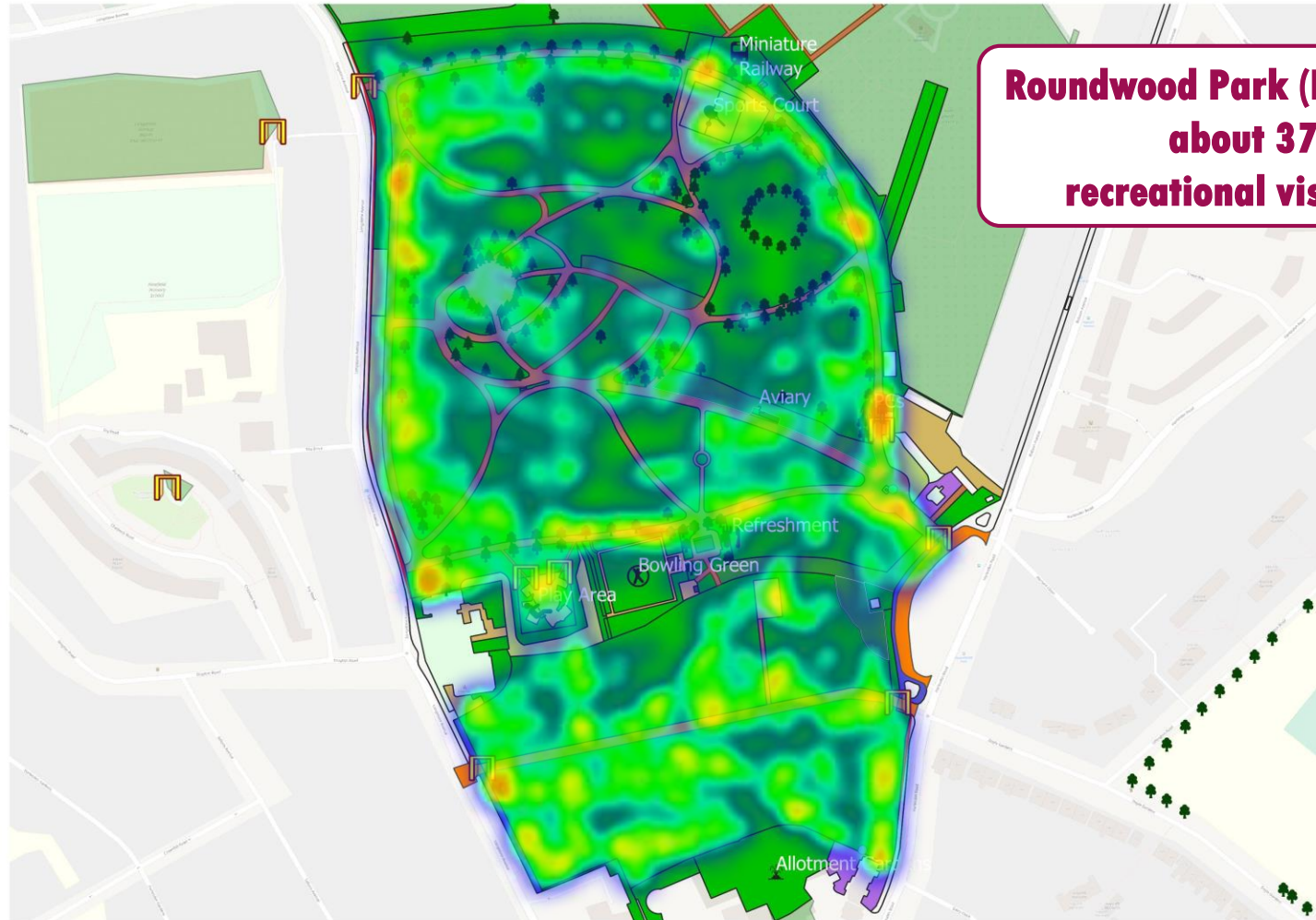


The baseline inventory provides comprehensive information about the characteristics and features of urban greenspaces



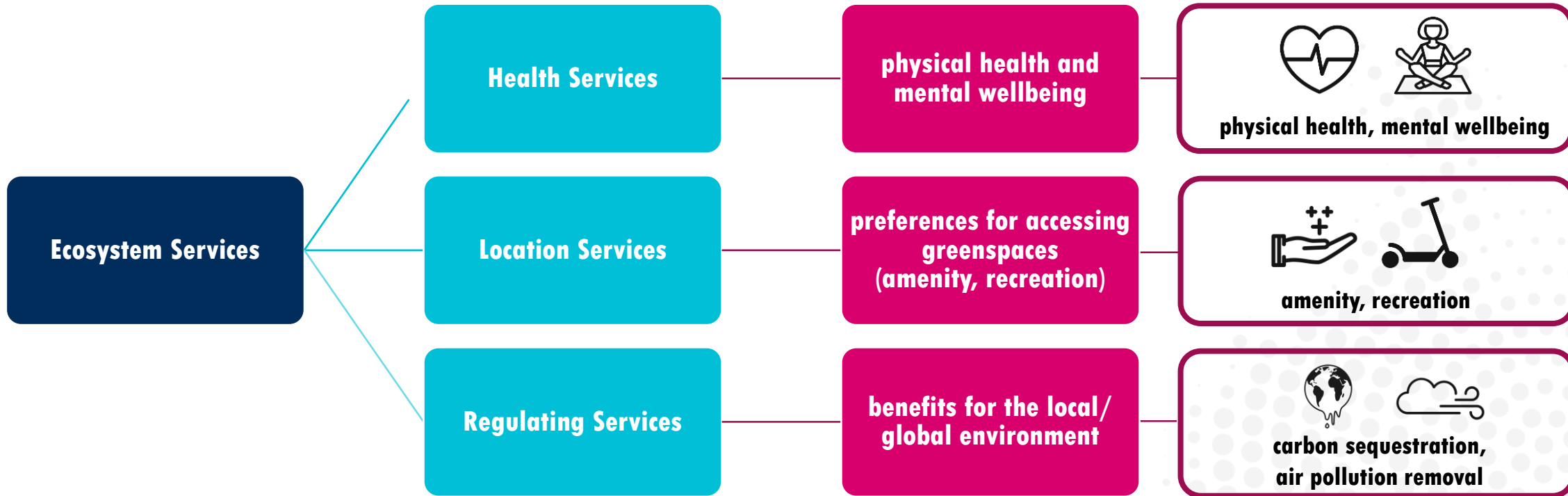


Visit numbers and heat maps provide information about how greenspaces are used for recreation and what visitors value about them





Visits and characteristics define the ecosystem services a greenspace provides



We measure ecosystem services as benefits that would be lost if a green space were removed or changed – or the benefits gained by providing a new greenspace.



The values are expressed in physical and monetary terms, and allow a comparison across a peer group

Example values of ecosystem services:



£5,000 value of physical life years



£100,000 value of improvement in wellbeing



£60,000 amenity value



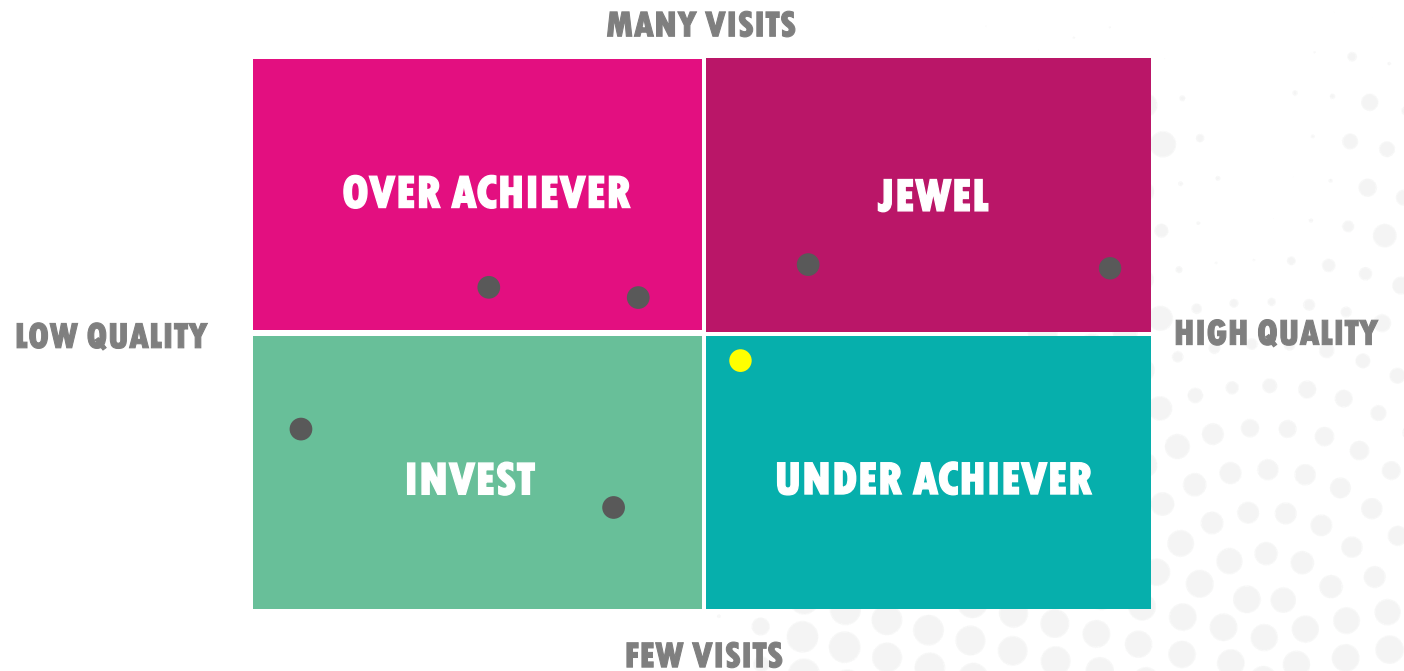
£50,000 recreation value



<£1,000 carbon sequestration value

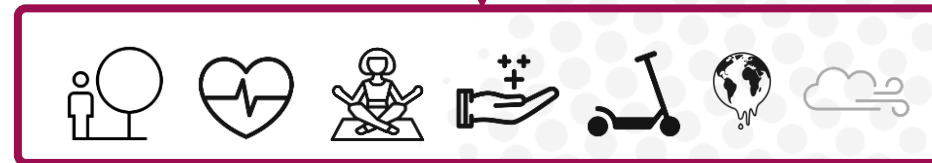
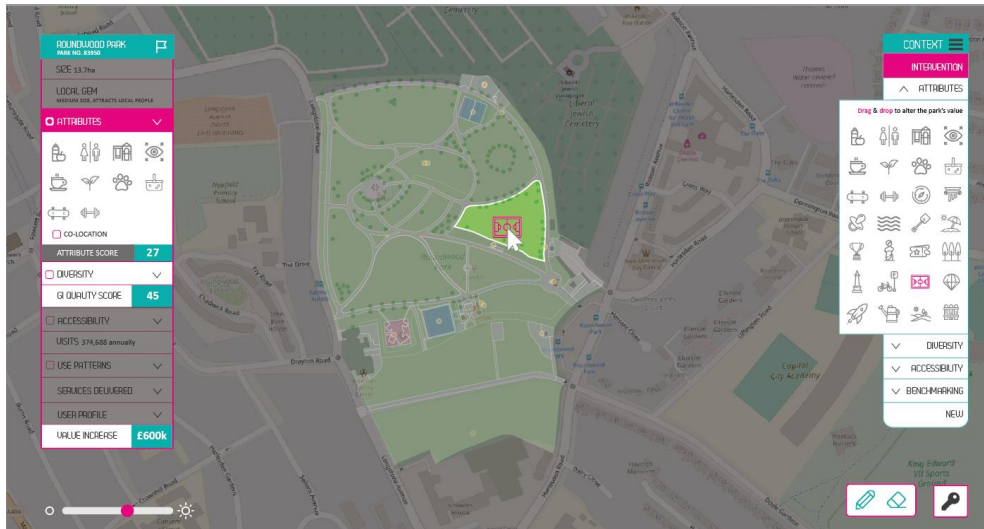


No₂, O₃, PM2.5, SO₂ removed





Greenkeeper models changes in visits and ecosystem services that would result from investment or disinvestment in greenspaces





Findings: Physical health benefits of active visits for people meeting the NHS activity guidelines are higher and can be broken down by disease group



Adults who exercise at least 150 minutes a week:

- health benefits of physical activity in greenspaces
- based on the estimated increase and quality and quantity of life years
- reduction in risk for ischemic heart disease, stroke and type 2 diabetes

Adults who exercise less than 150 minutes a week:

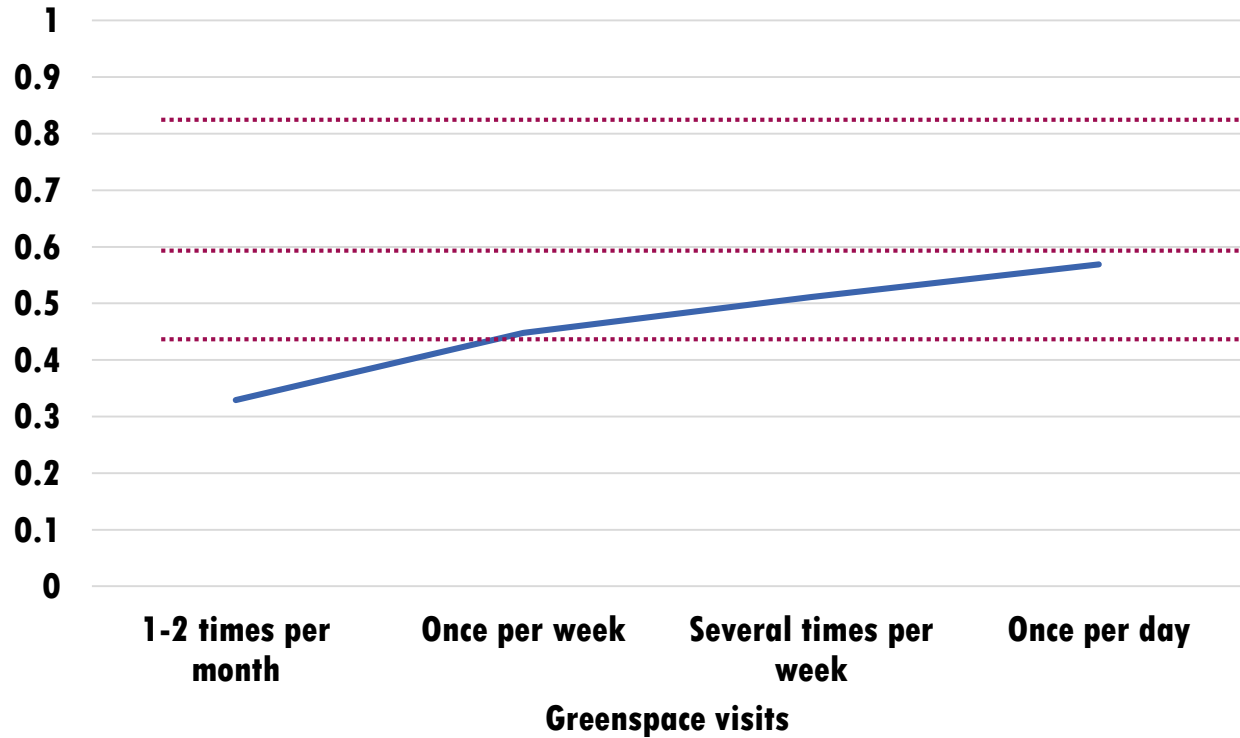
- health benefits of walking and cycling in greenspaces
- based on the World Health Organisation's Health Economic Assessment Tool



Findings: Regular visits to parks improve wellbeing similarly to having full time employment or being married



Improved reported life satisfaction on a 1-10 scale compared to not visiting greenspaces



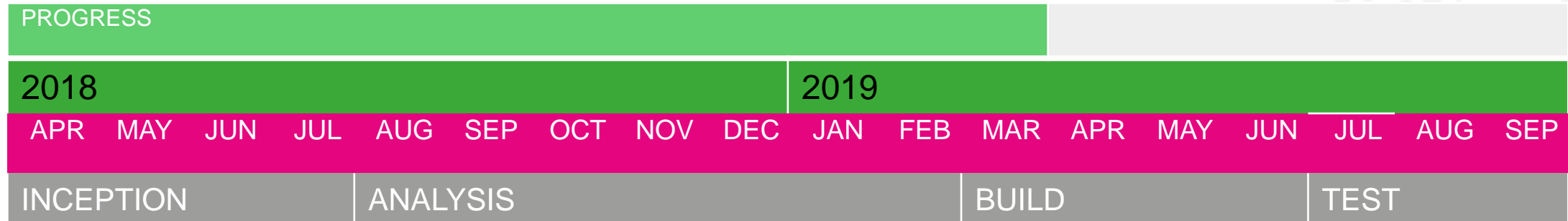
able-bodied compared to disabled

employed full-time compared to unemployed

married compared to unmarried



Greenkeeper will be launched in September 2019





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