



Completed SEAPs' sections of public buildings - Spain

Deliverable D3.8.1

Work Package: WP3-Testing

Activity A3.8: IMPULSE-system trial applications for SEAPs' development

Integrated Management Support for Energy efficiency in Mediterranean PUblic buildings/ IMPULSE

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territories: cities, islands and remote areas

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transnational level

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PP	Restricted to other programme participants	
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RE	Restricted to a group specified by the	
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СО	Confidential, only for members of the	
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CRES	EnvirobatBDM, IVE	31 October 2019

Editors										
	Name (Organisation)	e-mail								
Leading participants	Miriam Navarro (IVE)	mnavarro@five.es								
	Vera Valero (IVE)	vvalero@five.es								
Contributing participants	Juan Carlos Aranda (Elche)	jcaranda@ayto-elche.es								
	Joaquin Oncina (Elche)	joncina@ayto-elche.es								
WP Leader (WPL)	IVE	vvalero@five.es								
Lead Partner (LP)	CRES	gstavr@cres.gr								

Executive summary

The purpose of this deliverable is to test the applicability of the IMPULSE tools for the preparation of SECAP's sections of public buildings. In this framework, the completion of the relevant Emission Inventories' sections of the Sustainable Energy Action Plan (SEAP) sections in the framework of the Covenant of Mayors Initiative was elaborated through the IMPULSE results. The trial application procedure was focused mainly on completing the Emission Inventories for the Base-case scenario assumed at the year 2017, and for the Energy-upgrading Scenario ahead to 2030 regarding the implementation of the gradual renovation plan defined in the frame of D3.5.1 for Elche. D3.4.1 results we fed the Emission Inventories and the plan achieves a reduction of CO2 emissions by 1,085 tns/y, which is beyond Elche's 2030 goal (according to its SECAP) of 40%.

Keywords Public buildings; Elche's SEAP; IMPULSE trial applications.







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1. Introduction

This report presents the procedure of adopting IMPULSE tools predictions, regarding the energy upgrading of the initial priority set of public buildings of Elche, for the completion of the so-called emission inventories of the Sustainable Energy Action Plan (SEAP) specifically for the selected municipal buildings. The approach is consisted of the following basic steps:

- Definition of the baseline year and energy conditions (Key Performance Indicators, KPIs) of the selected public buildings as produced by the energy analysis in the framework of the deliverable D3.4.1.
- Decision of the target for emissions' avoidance by the 2030 milestone for energy transition, specifically for the selected public buildings.
- Conclusion of the required retrofits in order to achieve the aforementioned target.
- Utilize D3.4.1 KPIs for Elche as inputs to the SEAP emission inventory templates for the baseline year (2017) and for the 2030 scenario assuming the completion of the projects foreseen in the Gradual Renovation Plan obtained through IMPULSE plug-in, as it was defined in D3.5.1.

t was concluded that a 7% surface area retrofitted each year for the selected public buildings would lead to the completion of all foreseen renovation projects by the target year 2030, which implies the deep retrofit of all public buildings except those corresponding to the typologies PBT1 and PBT4, which would only reach Major and Minor retrofit levels respectively, according to the prioritization criteria defined in D3.4.1_KPIs. Ensuring an avoidance of ~48% CO2 emissions by 2030, which is beyond the target of the Municipality.

2. SEAP trial applications' methodology and assumptions

First of all it was decided to perform the trial applications using the most recent template for Sustainable Energy and Climate Action Plan (<u>SECAP template</u>) as found in the website of the Initiative of the Covenant of Mayors. The following assumptions are adopted:

- According to the (under finalization) SECAP of Elche, the target CO2 emission reduction by 2030 of Heraklion is 40%.
- For the purposes of the current application, the 40% is set equally to all municipality end-uses, i.e. emission reduction target 40% is also assumed for the initial sample of public buildings selected in the framework of the IMPULSE project (the initial sample of buildings may be found in deliverable D3.3.1 for Elche).
- The absolute value for CO2 emission option is adopted.
- SECAP Baseline: Year 2017 with KPIs obtained by dynamic energy simulations in the existing case.
- SECAP Business As Usual (BAU): Year 2030 with KPIs obtained by the dynamic energy simulations
 for the gradual renovation plan set in D3.5.1, which implies the deep retrofit of all building
 included in the initial set of public buildings except of those belonging to PBT1 and PBT4, which







would have only reached Major and Minor Retrofit levels respectively by 2030, according to the prioritization criteria set in D3.4.1.

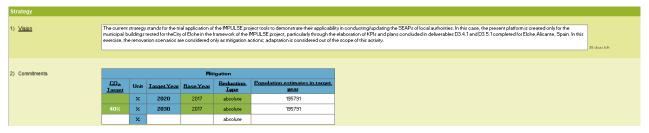
• The current demonstration focuses only on mitigation actions, i.e. the SECAP adaptation assessment is considered out of the scope of the activity. Impacts of extreme climate events on the selected public buildings is also excluded from the activity.

As already defined in the Gradual Renovation Plan described in D.3.5.1, the surface area to be renovated each year will be 7% in order to reach at least the 40% reduction of CO2 emissions by 2030. The plan described in D3.5.1 will reach the Deep retrofit for all the set of public buildings in 14 years. The implementation of the projects will start in 2020 and will finish in 2033. The Gradual Renovation Plan thus defined will allow us to achieve the objectives established for 2030, when only buildings belonging to PBT1 and PBT4 typologies would have not yet reached Deep Retrofit levels, they would only have reached Major and Minor Retrofit levels respectively in that year (2030). And the buildings belonging to the rest of typologies would have already reached Deep Retrofit levels.

		AGGRI	EGATED INDICATORS FOR A	LL BUILDINGS OF EACH TYPO	DLOGY		
Retrofit		Annual electricity consumption	Annual consumption of fossil fuel	-	Annual CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuels consumption		
level		kWh/yr	kWh/yr	kg/yr	kg/yr		
Major	PBT1	412.740,88	704.087,38	135.510,00	218.509,88		
Deep	PBT2	0,00	255.824,40	0,00	75.006,91		
Deep	PBT3	101.892,88	409.634,15	34.651,83	127.056,71		
Minor	PBT4	222.736,89	437.274,88	72.970,25	136.101,81		
Deep	PBT5	237.212,56	0,00	53.634,33	0,00		
Deep	PBT6	10.559,79	0,00	3.489,00	0,00		
Deep	PBT7	71.459,15	85.649,62	23.718,36	26.556,45		
Deep	PBT8	0,00	298.856,63	0,00	79.590,15		
Deep	РВТ9	12.108,41	44.859,99	3.952,05	13.916,27		
Deep	PBT10	13.461,01	0,00	4.360,33	0,00		
Deep	PBT11	0,00	33.943,76	0,00	10.647,58		
Deep	PBT12	0,00	64.269,00	0,00	16.127,30		
	TOTAL	1.082.171,57	2.334.399,79	332.286,14	703.513,05		

3. SECAP set-up

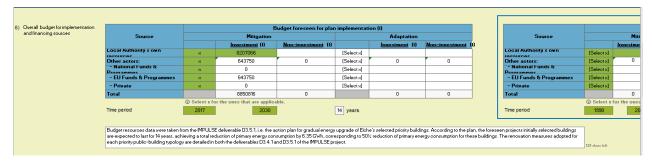
Initially, the Strategy should be thoroughly described in the SECAP template. This means to provide information about the vision of the Municipality, the Commitment (regarding emissions' reduction), the organisational structure of the SECAP, involvement of stakeholders and citizens, budget of the plan and financial resources, monitoring approach, etc. For the purpose of the current trial application and considering the assumptions of the methodology above, the following Strategy is formulated:



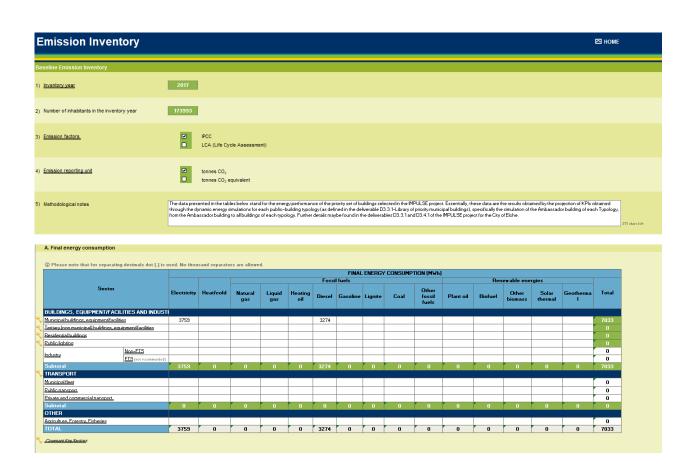








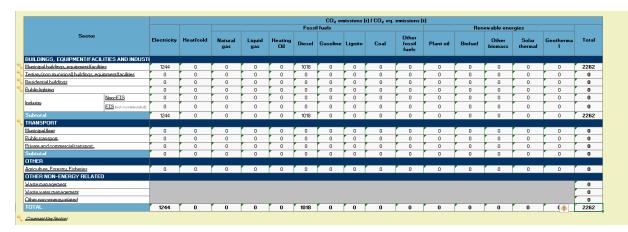
In a second step the Baseline Emission Inventory (BEI) is set using the emissions coming from the KPIs' database D3.4.1 for Elche. The following information is provided in the SECAP relevant template/sheet:





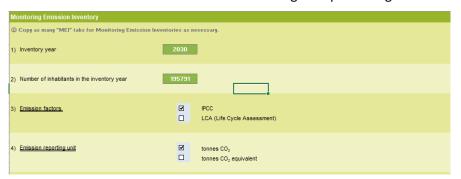






The above sheet presents the emission inventory only for the priority set of public buildings selected in the framework of the IMPULSE project. The result produced is based on the projections of energy consumption obtained through the relative KPIs of all buildings of the initial priority set as produced by the projection and dynamic energy simulations conducted in the framework of the activity A3.4 of the IMPULSE project.

Finally, the "Monitoring" emission inventory is completed by inserting the BAU energy consumption indicators for the target year 2030. The latter are coming from the D3.4.1 database for the Gradual Renovation Plan defined in D3.5.1. The following set-up is emerged:



<u>Key Actions</u>	Area of intervention	Policy instrument	<u>Origin of the</u> <u>action</u>	<u>Responsible body</u>	Implementati on timeframe	
					Start	End
MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS, EQUIPMENT/FACILITIES						
Envelope insulation (walls, windows, roofs)	Building envelope	Building standards	Local authority	City of Elche	2017	2030
Replacement of heating system, Compensation of heating system, Thermostatic valves at terminal units	Energy efficiency in space heating and hot water	Building standards	Local authority	City of Elche	2017	2030
Replacement of lighting system with presence and natural light controls	Energy efficient lighting systems	Building standards	Local authority	City of Elche	2017	2030
Installation of heat recovery ventilation systems	Energy efficiency in space heating and hot water	Building standards	Local authority	City of Elche	2017	2030
Installation of roof PVs	Renewable energy for space heating and hot water	Building standards	Local authority	City of Elche	2017	2030







Please note that for separati	and a simular day fitting																
Please note that for separati	ng decimals dot [.] is t	Isea. No thou	sand separato	rs are allowe	a.												
		FINAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION [MVh] Fossil fuels Renewable energies															
							Fossi	ltuels					Hen	ewable ene	rgies		
Sector		Electricity	Heat/cold	Natural gas	Liquid gas	Heating oil	Diesel	Gasoline	Lignite	Coal	Other fossil fuels	Plant oil	Biofuel	Other biomass	Solar thermal	Geotherma I	Total
BUILDINGS, EQUIPMENT/FAC	ILITIES AND INDUST																
<u>Municipal buildings, equipment/faci</u>	<u>ties</u>	1082					2334										3416
Tertiary (non municipal) huildings, e	uipment/facilities																0
Residential huildings																	0
<u>Public lighting</u>																	0
Non-FIS	Non-FIS																0
Industry	EIS (not recommended)																0
Subtotal		1082	0	0	0	0	2334	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3416
TRANSPORT																	
Municipal fleet																	0
Public transport																	0
Private and commercial transport.																	0
Subtotal		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER																	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries																	0
TOTAL		1082	0	0	0	0	2334	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3416

		CO ₂ emissions [t] / CO ₂ eq. emissions [t]															
Sector							Fossi	l fuels				Renewable energies					
		Electricity	Heat/cold	Natural gas	Liquid gas	Heating Oil	Diesel	Gasoline	Lignite	Coal	Other fossil fuels	Plant oil	Biofuel	Other biomass	Solar thermal	Geotherma I	Total
BUILDINGS, EQUIPMENT/FACIL																	
Municipal buildings, equipment/facilitie		358	0	0	0	0	726	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1084
Tertiary (non municipal) buildings, egu	pment/facilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential huildings		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public lighting		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Non-FTS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Industry E	FIS (not recommended)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal		358	0	0	0	0	726	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1084
TRANSPORT																	
<u>Municipal fleet</u>		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public transport		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Private and commercial transport.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER																	
Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OTHER NON-ENERGY RELATED																	
Waste management																	0
Waste water management																	0
Other non-energy related																	0
TOTAL		358	0	n	n	0	726	n	n i	0	n	n	0	0	0	0	1084

It should be mentioned that in the aforementioned matrices the compensation of the energy consumption by renewable energy is already incorporated in the KPIs received by the D3.4.1 database. For that reason, the respective RES matrices are not directly complete in the SECAP template. Hence, in the deep retrofit for which most buildings have PV panels the consumption coming from RES is already subtracted by the energy consumption indicator.

4. SECAP results for Elche priority municipal buildings

The results obtained by the previously described set-up are presented in the figures below (Sheet "Mitigation report" of the SECAP template):

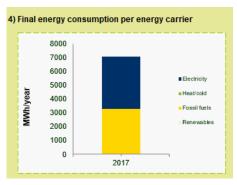
			Municipal
Business-as-Usual projections by 2030 (if applicable)	CO ₂ emissions (t CO2 (eq.)/a)	1084	1084
	Final energy consumption (MWh/a)	3416	3416

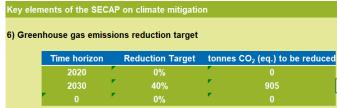
The Mitigation actions refers to the ones foreseen in the Deliverable D3.4.1 for the priority set of Municipal Buildings for Elche. The estimated emission reductions are envisaged to a time Horizon until 2030, which corresponds to a /% surface area renovation rate of the IMPULSE priority set of buildings, by applying the retrofitting projects defined in the Gradual Renovation Plan obtained through IMPULSE plug-in, as it was defined in D3.5.1.

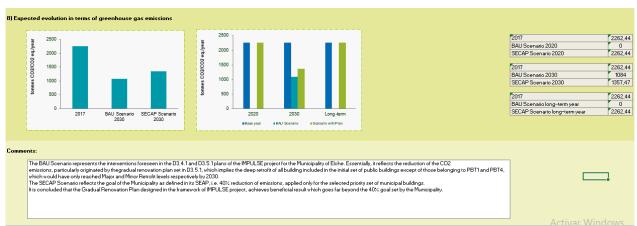












According to the SECAP processes using the IMPULSE results, the following major outcomes are drawn:

- The CO2 emissions are reduced from 2262.44 tns in the baseline (2017) to 1084 tns (2030), meaning an 52% reduction which is beyond the Municipalty's target of 40% i.e. 905 tns CO2.
- To achieve the aforementioned ambitious goal, the priority buildings should be renovated by 7% building surface area each year.
- According to the Gradual Renovation Plan defined in the frame of A3.5 activity, Elche Municipality
 will far reach their goal of 40% reduction of CO2 emissions by 2030, implementing the deep
 retrofit projects for all building included in the initial set of public buildings except of those
 belonging to PBT1 and PBT4, which would have only reached Major and Minor Retrofit levels
 respectively by 2030, according to the prioritization criteria set in D3.4.1.







5. Conclusion

The trial applications conducted in this activity demonstrated that:

- The IMPULSE platforms facilitate significantly the completion of the public-buildings' section of the SECAP due to the immediate availability of KPIs'.
- The IMPULSE protocols and platforms allows mature SECAPs with realistic and tailored actions to reduce CO2 emissions for any local authority.
- As future steps for improvements the following may be proposed:
 - Adaptation of IMPULSE platform for the automatic fill-in of the SECAP matrices with the KPIs calculated based on the Mitigation Actions to be implemented instead of the retrofitting levels to be achieved.
 - o Adaptation actions and impacts of extreme climate events should be included in the enhancement of IMPULSE platforms in order to be included in the SECAP.
 - Similar planning protocols can be adopted for the other municipal end-use sectors (e.g. public lighting, transport, etc.) to ensure a good quality SECAP.

Annex

Excel file "SECAP_IMPULSEtrialapp_Elche" completed SECAP template with IMPULSE KPIs for the priority municipal buildings for Elche.



